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;THIS IS A PROGRAM TO EXAMINE & FORMAT CPM DISKS USEING THE S100COMPUTERS Z80/WD2793 (ZFDC) Controller board
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;      JOHN MONAHAN      (monahan@vitasoft.org)   Started 9/3/2010
;      VERSION 0.1      Initial code
;
;      V0.1              Streamlined error handling
;      V0.2              Random Seek track for Track ID done
;      V0.3              Random sector reads working
;      V0.4              Track formatting added
;      V0.5              Combined set tarck and set format into one command
;      V2.0              Setup for V2 ZFDC board. Communications check at start
;      V2.1              Added Side,Density etc. equates.
;      V2.2              Cleaned up menu. Can now select different drives.
;      V2.3              Added multi sector R/W capability
;      V2.5              Added multi-sector R/W test
;      V2.6              Added multi-sector R/W test with fast track buffering
;      V2.7      03/08/2011  Corrected Drive Select Menu option, set default disk formats for drives 0,1,2.
;      V2.8      04/30/2011  Added support for IBM 1.2M/5" and 1.44M/3.5" disk formats
;      V2.9      05/1/2011   Added after format modifications of MSDOS disks
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;Please see the notes in ZFDC.Z80 to understand how this Diagnostic routine works
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FALSE      EQU      0
TRUE       EQU      NOT FALSE
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```
                                ;Equates for display on SD Systems Video Board (Used In CPM Debugging mode only)
SCROLL     EQU      01H      ;Set scrool direction UP.
LF         EQU      0AH
CR         EQU      0DH
BS         EQU      08H      ;Back space (required for sector display)
BELL      EQU      07H
SPACE     EQU      20H
TAB       EQU      09H      ;TAB ACROSS (8 SPACES FOR SD-BOARD)
ESC       EQU      1BH
QUIT      EQU      11H      ;Turns off any screen enhancements (flashing, underline etc).
NO_ENHANCEMENT EQU 17H     ;Turns off whatever is on
FAST      EQU      10H      ;High speed scrool
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; BDOS EQUATES (VERSION 3)
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CPM_RESET_DISKS EQU 13      ;Reset all CPM disks
BDOS       EQU      5       ;All CPM BDOS calls to there

STATUS_DELAY EQU 50         ;Time-out for waiting for ZFDC Board handshake signal (~5 seconds @ 4MHz)
CPM86_FLAG EQU 01          ;Flag to indicate after 5" disk formating CPM86 first sector needs to be modified
MAX_TRACK_SIZE EQU 3000H   ;Maximum number of bytes there will be on a track. Used for formatting and reading a
                                ;a disk track
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                                ;Will place these values here for easy RAM analysis if a crash
                                ;The rest go to the end of the program.
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@DRIVE     EQU      42H      ;CURRENT DISK DRIVE NUMBER (0,1,2,3), (old UNIT)
@SEC       EQU      43H      ;NEW SECTOR
@TRK       EQU      44H      ;NEW TRACK
@REC_COUNT EQU      45H      ;Count for multi sector R/W
@FORMAT    EQU      47H      ;CURRENT DISK FORMAT NUMBER (0,1,2,3...13H)
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@SIDE          EQU    49H          ;NEW SIDE

; EQUATES FOR [IX] REGISTER OFFSETS INTO DISK FORMAT PARAMATER TABLES
; Each of the many disk formats have their own table with things like sector size, tracks/disk, sectors/track etc.
; You can add more.
;
; Note: [IX] will ALWAYS point to the current disk parameter table in this program <<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<

; Note Also: It is very important that the BIOS "Disk Paramater Tables in any S-100 BIOS are EXACTLY the
; same as that on the ZFDC Board. There can be less disk formats (actully only one is required), but a drive format
; number (FORMAT_NUM) on the S-100 BIOS has to be the same drive format on the ZFDC board. This is because this
; table is used to determine sector size, sectors/track etc.

HW_BYTE        EQU    0            ;Will contain bit flags for:-
                                         ;Bits 0,1 Unused
                                         ;Bit 2, 0 if single sided disk, 1 if double sided
                                         ;Bit 3, 1 Hardware is an 8" disk, 0 = 5" disk
                                         ;Bit 4, 1 R/W in Single density, 0 = Double density
                                         ;Bits 5-7 Unused

NSCTRS        EQU    1            ;Sectors/Track for this disk format
NTRKS         EQU    2            ;Tracks/Side
HEADR         EQU    3            ;For Formatting
GAP1          EQU    4            ;   "
GAP2          EQU    5            ;   "
GAP3          EQU    6            ;   "
GAP4          EQU    7            ;   "
GAP4R         EQU    8            ;   "
SEC_SIZE_FLAG EQU    9            ;0=128 Byte sectors, 1 = 256, 2 = 512, 4=1024 Byte sectors
GAP_FILL_CHAR EQU    10           ;Byte used in disk formatting
DATA_FILL_CHAR EQU    11         ;   "   "   "
SPECIAL_FLAG  EQU    12           ;Flag byte for cases where after formatting disk need to be initilized. Normally 0, CPM86_FLAG = 1
SEC_SKEW_TABLE EQU    13         ;Two Bytes. Address of sector skew table
FORMAT_NUM    EQU    15           ;Each format will have a unique number in the table list below.
SYS_TRKS      EQU    16           ;How many tracks for system (usually 2 for 8-inch CPM disks)
SEC_SIZE_BYTES EQU    17         ;Two Bytes. (128,256,512 or 1024)
TRACK_SIZE    EQU    19           ;Two Bytes. Track size (in bytes) of that disks format (used in formatting disk)
TITLE         EQU    21           ;Text string describing the disk format (must end with 0)

DIRECTION_BIT EQU    7           ;Bits for the above flags 0 = IN, 1 = OUT
WD_INTRQ_BIT  EQU    6
WATCHDOG_BIT  EQU    5
DENSITY_BIT   EQU    4
SIZE_BIT      EQU    3
SIDE_BIT      EQU    2

;
;          PORTS FOR FOR Z80/WD2793 FDC Board
S100_DATA_A   EQU    10H         ;IN, S100 Data port to GET data to from FDC Board
S100_DATA_B   EQU    10H         ;OUT, S100 Data port to SEND data to FDC Board
S100_STATUS_A EQU    11H         ;Status port for A
S100_STATUS_B EQU    11H         ;Status port for B
RESET_ZFDC_PORT EQU    13H       ;Port to reset ZFDC Z80 CPU.

;
;          PORTS FOR FOR SD Systems Video Board

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CIN          EQU      1H          ;IN Data SD Systems Video Board
COU          EQU      1H          ;OUT Data SD Systems Video Board
CSTAT       EQU      0H          ;Status Port SD Systems Video Board

;Commands to the ZFDC Board:-

CMD_PIO_TEST EQU      0H          ;Simple loop hardware test of PIO #1 Ports
CMD_MONITOR  EQU      1H          ;Jump to internal monitor here.
CMD_SHOW_SIGNON EQU    2H          ;This will "rotate" in the Sector Display TIL's as a hardware test
CMD_RESET_ZFDC EQU    3H          ;Reset the WD2793 chip and Board software

CMD_SET_FORMAT EQU    4H          ;This will select a specified drive and assign a disk format table to that drive
CMD_SET_DRIVE EQU     5H          ;Set the current Disk number (0,1,2,3)
CMD_GET_FORMAT EQU    6H          ;Return to S100 System the current Disk paramater format table number
CMD_SET_TRACK EQU     7H          ;This will set head request to a specified track
CMD_SET_SIDE EQU     8H          ;This will set side request to a specified side
CMD_SET_SECTOR EQU    9H          ;This will set sector request to a specified sector

CMD_SET_HOME EQU     0AH         ;This will set head request to Track 0 of CURRENT drive
CMD_STEP_IN  EQU     0BH         ;Step head in one track of CURRENT drive
CMD_STEP_OUT EQU     0CH         ;Step head out one track of CURRENT drive
CMD_SEEK_NV  EQU     0DH         ;Seek to track with NO verify of CURRENT drive

CMD_SEEK_TRACK EQU    0EH         ;Seek to track to (IY+DRIVE_TRACK) with the track verify bit set on CURRENT drive/format
CMD_GET_TRACK_ID EQU   0FH         ;Read the CURRENT TRACK ID

CMD_READ_SECTOR EQU   10H        ;Read data from the CURRENT sector (on current track,side,drive).
CMD_WRITE_SECTOR EQU  11H        ;Write data to the CURRENT sector (on current track,side,drive).

CMD_GET_WD_TRACK EQU   12H        ;Get the WD2793 Track register value
CMD_GET_WD_SECTOR EQU  13H        ;Get the WD2793 Sector register value
CMD_GET_WD_STATUS EQU  14H        ;Get the WD2793 Status register value

CMD_TRACK_DUMP EQU    15H        ;Dump complete CURRENT track to S-100 system
CMD_FORMAT_TRACK EQU   16H        ;Format a track in the of the CURRENT drive using the current format assigned to that disk

CMD_SET_DEBUG_ON EQU   17H        ;Turn on Debug display mode
CMD_SET_DEBUG_OFF EQU  18H        ;Turn off Debug display mode
CMD_RAM_DUMP EQU      19H        ;Command to pass back to S-100 system all memory variables and flags on ZFDC board

CMD_ABORT    EQU      20H        ;Generalized Abort of the current process command.
CMD_HANDSHAKE EQU     21H        ;Handshake command only sent during board initilization/testing
CMD_GET_DRIVE EQU     22H        ;Get the current selected drive number (0..3)
CMD_SET_TRACK_DS EQU   23H        ;Set Track (If a DS Disk, EVEN tracks on Side A, ODD tracks on Side B. Used by CPM)
CMD_GET_ERROR_STRING EQU 24H        ;Return a string explaining the last Error Code sent
CMD_GET_SEC_SIZE EQU   25H        ;Return currently selected disk sector size (X*128)
CMD_GET_SEC_COUNT EQU  26H        ;Return currently selected disk sector sectors/track
CMD_ZFDC_ALIVE EQU     27H        ;Command sent to see if the ZFDC board is present and responding.
CMD_CHECK_DRIVE EQU    28H        ;Check there is a valid drive present on specified drive (0,1,2,3)

CMD_RD_MULTI_SECTOR EQU 29H        ;Read data from multiple sectors starting at the CURRENT sector (on current track,side,drive).
CMD_WR_MULTI_SECTOR EQU 2AH        ;Write data to multiple sectors starting at the CURRENT sector (on current track,side,drive).

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;ERROR codes returned from the ZFDC Board:-

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NO_ERRORS_FLAG EQU 00H ;No Errors flag for previous cmd, sent back to S-100 BIOS
BUSY_ERR EQU 01H ;WD2793 Timeout Error before CMD was started
HUNG_ERR EQU 02H ;General WD2793 Timeout Error after CMD was sent
TABLE_ERR EQU 03H ;Disk parameter table error
DRIVE_ERR EQU 04H ;Drive not 0-3
TRACK_RANGE_ERR EQU 05H ;Drive track not valid for this disk
SECTOR_RANGE_ERR EQU 06H ;Drive sector not valid for this disk
SIDE_ERR EQU 07H ;No B side on this disk
SIDE_ERR1 EQU 08H ;Invalid Side Paramater
SECTOR_SIZE_ERR EQU 09H ;Size of sector > 1024 Bytes

RESTORE_HUNG EQU 0AH ;WD2793 Timeout Error after RESTORE Command
RESTORE_ERR EQU 0BH ;Restore to track 0 error

STEP_IN_HUNG EQU 0CH ;WD2793 Timeout Error after STEP-IN Command
STEP_IN_ERR EQU 0DH ;Head Step In Error, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR
STEP_OUT_HUNG EQU 0EH ;WD2793 Timeout Error after STEP-OUT Command
STEP_OUT_ERR EQU 0FH ;Head Step Out Error, NOT READY ERROR

SEEK_NV_HUNG EQU 10H ;WD2793 Timeout Error after SEEK-NV Command
SEEK_NV_ERR1 EQU 11H ;Seek with No Verify Error, NOT READY ERROR
SEEK_NV_ERR2 EQU 12H ;Seek with No Verify with SEEK error bit set

SEEK_TRK_HUNG EQU 13H ;WD2793 Timeout Error after SEEK with Verify Command
SEEK_TRK_ERR1 EQU 14H ;Seek to a track with Verify error, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR bit set
SEEK_TRK_ERR2 EQU 15H ;Seek to a track with Verify error with SEEK ERROR bit set
SEEK_REST_HUNG EQU 16H ;WD2793 Timeout Error after RESTORE within SEEK with Verify Command
SEEK_REST_ERR EQU 17H ;Restore to track 0, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR within SEEK with Verify Command

ID_ERR_HUNG EQU 18H ;WD2793 Timeout Error after READ TRACK ID Command
ID_ERR1 EQU 19H ;Track ID Error, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR
ID_ERR2 EQU 1AH ;Track ID Error, RNF ERROR
ID_ERR3 EQU 1BH ;Track ID Error, LOST DATA ERROR
ID_ERR4 EQU 1CH ;Track ID Error, CRC ERROR

SEC_READ_HUNG EQU 1DH ;WD2793 Timeout Error after Read Sector Command was sent
SEC_READ_ERR1 EQU 1EH ;Sector read error, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR
SEC_READ_ERR2 EQU 1FH ;Sector read error, RNF ERROR
SEC_READ_ERR3 EQU 20H ;Sector read error, LOST DATA ERROR
SEC_READ_ERR4 EQU 21H ;Sector read error, CRC ERROR
RS_SEEK_TRK_HUNG EQU 22H ;WD2793 Timeout Error after SEEK within READ SECTOR Command
RS_RESTORE_HUNG EQU 23H ;WD2793 Timeout Error after RESTORE command within READ SECTOR Command
RS_RESTORE_ERR EQU 24H ;Restore to track 0 Error, within READ SECTOR Command
RS_SEEK_TRK_ERR1 EQU 25H ;Seek to track error, within READ SECTOR Command
RS_SEEK_TRK_ERR2 EQU 26H ;Seek to track error with SEEK ERROR bit set within READ SECTOR Command

SEC_WRITE_HUNG EQU 27H ;WD2793 Timeout Error after Read Sector Command was sent
SEC_WRITE_ERR1 EQU 28H ;Sector write error, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR
SEC_WRITE_ERR2 EQU 29H ;Sector write error, RNF ERROR
SEC_WRITE_ERR3 EQU 2AH ;Sector write error, LOST DATA ERROR
SEC_WRITE_ERR4 EQU 2BH ;Sector write error, CRC ERROR
WS_SEEK_TRK_HUNG EQU 2CH ;WD2793 Timeout Error after SEEK within WRITE SECTOR Command
WS_RESTORE_HUNG EQU 2DH ;WD2793 Timeout Error after RESTORE command within WRITE SECTOR Command
WS_RESTORE_ERR EQU 2EH ;Restore to track 0 Error, within WRITE SECTOR Command
WS_SEEK_TRK_ERR1 EQU 2FH ;Seek to track error, within WRITE SECTOR Command

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WS_SEEK_TRK_ERR2 EQU    30H           ;Seek to track error with SEEK ERROR bit set within WRITE SECTOR Command
DISK_WP_ERR      EQU    31H           ;Sector write error, Disk is write protected

CONFIRM_FORMAT   EQU    32H           ;Confirm disk format cmd request
FORMAT_HUNG      EQU    33H           ;WD2793 Timeout Error after Track Format Command was sent
FORMAT1_ERR      EQU    34H           ;Disk format request error
FORMAT2_ERR      EQU    35H           ;Track format error (Side A)
FORMAT3_ERR      EQU    36H           ;Track format error (Side B)
FORMAT4_ERR      EQU    37H           ;Restore error after formatting disk
RT_ERR_HUNG      EQU    38H           ;Disk Read Track hung error
RT_ERR           EQU    39H           ;Disk Read track error
DRIVE_INACTIVE   EQU    3AH           ;Drive is inactive
DRIVE_DOOR       EQU    3BH           ;Drive door open
ABORT_FLAG       EQU    3CH           ;Special error flag to signify the user aborted a command
CMD_RANGE_ERR    EQU    3DH           ;CMD out of range

TIMEOUT_ERROR    EQU    0FFH         ;Special error flag to signify the previous command timed out

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;-----
ORG    100H

LD     (SP_SAVE),SP
LD     SP,STACK
JP     START
;-----
;          HARDWARE DEPENDENT STUFF
; The only hardware port links for the above ZFDC board.

CONSTAT:IN      A,(CSTAT)             ;console status for SD Systems 8024 Video board
AND       A,02H                         ;anything there
RET       Z                               ;return 0 if nothing
XOR       A,A
DEC       A                               ;return NZ, & 0FFH in A if something there
RET

CI:   IN      A,(CSTAT)             ;console input
AND   A,02H
JR   Z,CI
IN   A,(CIN)             ;return with character in A
AND  A,7FH               ;Strip parity in case ASCII keyboard sends one
RET

CO:   IN      A,(CSTAT)             ;console output (arrive with character in C)
AND   A,04H             ;Note character is in C and A on return.
JR   Z,CO
LD   A,C
OUT  (COUT),A
RET

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S100STAT:IN      A,(S100_STATUS_B);Check if ZFDC has any data for S-100 system
              BIT      0,A          ;Anything there ?
              RET      Z          ;Return 0 if nothing
              XOR      A,A
              DEC      A          ;Return NZ, & 0FFH in A if something there
              RET

;
S100IN:  IN      A,(S100_STATUS_B);Send data to ZFDC output (arrive with character to be sent in C)
              BIT      DIRECTION_BIT,A      ;Is ZFDC in input mode, if not wait
              JR      Z,S100IN      ;if low then ZFDC is in input mode, wait
              AND      A,01H
              JR      Z,S100IN
              IN      A,(S100_DATA_A)      ;return with character in A
              RET

;
S100OUT:IN      A,(S100_STATUS_B);Send data to ZFDC output (arrive with character to be sent in C)
              BIT      DIRECTION_BIT,A      ;Is ZFDC in output mode, if not wait
              JR      NZ,S100OUT
              BIT      1,A          ;Has previous (if any) character been read.
              JR      Z,S100OUT      ;Z if not yet ready
              LD      A,C
              OUT      (S100_DATA_B),A
              RET

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;-----
START:  LD      HL,SIGNON
              CALL   PMSG
              XOR      A,A          ;set everything to zero
              LD      (@TRK),A
              LD      (@SIDE),A
              LD      (@DRIVE),A
              LD      (DISPLAY_FLAG),A ;Detailed sector data display ON
              LD      (DEBUG_FLAG),A   ;Debug flag off initially on ZFDC board
              INC     A
              LD      (@SEC),A        ;Track 0, side A, sector 1
              LD      IX,STD8IBM      ;Set as default drive table: IBM 8" SSSD Disk

              OUT    RESET_ZFDC_PORT,A;Do a hardware reset. Does not matter what is in [A]
              CALL   DELAY_1S        ;Allow Board time to re-initialize

              IN     A,(S100_DATA_B)  ;Check the board is there
              CP     A,CMD_HANDSHAKE
              JR     NZ,BOARD_ERROR

              LD     A,CMD_HANDSHAKE
              OUT    (S100_DATA_B),A ;This clears up ints on ZFDC board
              CALL   WAIT_FOR_ACK     ;Check any error flags
              JR     Z,GOT_DRIVE

BOARD_ERROR:
              LD     HL,NO_INITILIZE_MSG
              CALL   PMSG

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        JP        0H

GOT_DRIVE:
        LD        A,2                ;Third ZFDC Drive
        LD        B,9                ;(MINCPM) Set initially for an 5" IBM SSSD
        CALL     BIOS_SET_FORMAT     ;First select the initial drive and DISKS format
        CALL     NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

        LD        A,1                ;Second ZFDC Drive
        LD        B,1                ;(STD8IBM) Set initially for an 8" IBM SSSD
        CALL     BIOS_SET_FORMAT     ;First select the initial drive and DISKS format
        CALL     NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

        LD        A,0                ;First ZFDC Drive
        LD        B,1                ;(STD8IBM) Set initially for an 8" IBM SSSD
        CALL     BIOS_SET_FORMAT     ;First select the initial drive and DISKS format
        CALL     NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

LOOP:   LD        HL,MAIN_MENU        ;Main Menu
        CALL     PMSG
        LD        HL,DISK_TBL_MSG
        CALL     PMSG
        CALL     SHOW_DRIVE_NAME     ;show current info
        CALL     CRLF
        LD        HL,MENU_CHOICE_MSG ;"Menu = "
        CALL     PMSG
                                ;----MAIN MENU----
        CALL     GETHEX              ;Find out Menu Option in [A] Carry set if Abort/ESC
        JP        C,FINISH           ;Abort if ESC character

        CP        A,MAX_MENU_TBL
        JP        C,TO_MENU_TABLE    ;Is it within range
        LD        HL,CMD_ERROR_MSG
        CALL     PMSG
        JP        LOOP

TO_MENU_TABLE:
        ADD     A,A                  ;X2 for table
        LD     HL,MENU_TBL
        ADD     A,L
        LD     L,A
        LD     A,(HL)
        INC   HL
        LD     H,(HL)
        LD     L,A
        JP     (HL)                 ;JUMP TO COMMAND TABLE (A-Z for now)
                                ;Do 1,2,3.... later

;      NOTE TABLE MUST BE WITHIN 0-FFH BOUNDRY

MENU_TBL EQU      ($ & 0FF00H) + 100H
ORG      MENU_TBL

        DW      FORMAT_DISK         ;00      Special Disk Format section...
        DW      SET_FORMAT          ;01      This will set request to a specified drive. Drive Byte (0-3)
        DW      SET_DRIVE           ;02      Select a new disk drive in hardware (Note no assumptions about disk format)

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DW     SET_HOME           ;03     This will set head request to Track 0 of current drive
DW     SET_TRACK          ;04     This will set head request to a specified track. Track Byte (0-NTRKS)
DW     SET_SECTOR        ;05     This will set head request to a specified sector. Sector Byte (0-NSCTRS)
DW     SET_SIDE           ;06     This will set head request to a specified side. Side Byte (0=A, 1=B)
DW     STEP_IN            ;07     Test to step head IN one track at a time of current drive (continously)
DW     GET_TRACK_ID       ;08     Read the current track ID (6 Bytes of data returned)
DW     R_GET_TRACK_ID     ;09     RANDOM Read the current track ID (6 Bytes of data returned)
DW     SEEK_NV            ;0A     Seek to track with NO verify of current drive
DW     SEEK_TRACK        ;0B     Seek to track (set by SET_TACK) and verify (on current drive)
DW     R_SEEK_TRACK       ;0C     RANDOM Seek to tracks (on current drive).
DW     READ_SECTOR        ;0D     Read data from specific sector (need track,side, use current drive).
DW     S_SEC_READ         ;0E     Sequential Read sector test starting at track 0, sector 1
DW     R_SEC_READ         ;0F     RANDOM Read sector test
DW     WRITE_SECTOR       ;10     Write data to a specific sector (need track,side, use current drive).
DW     S_SEC_RDWR         ;11     Sequential Sector R/W
DW     R_SEC_RDWR         ;12     RANDOM sector Read/write
DW     WR_BOOT            ;13     Write boot sector data to current disk
DW     GET_FORMAT         ;14     Get current drives Disk format number
DW     READ_TRACK         ;15     Read and display a specified track on current drive
DW     GET_ERROR_STRING   ;16     Get string associate with an error number
DW     DETAIL_SEC_DATA    ;17     Turn on/off detailed sector contents display
DW     PIO_TEST           ;18     Hardware loop test of PIO's
DW     MONITOR            ;19     No extra data (Note in this case no SEND_OK is sent back to CPM system)
DW     SHOW_SIGNON        ;1A     This will put 11 in Display TIL's as a test
DW     RESET_ZFDC         ;1B     Reset the board and WD2793 chip
DW     GET_WD_STATUS      ;1C     Return the WD2793 Status value
DW     RAM_DUMP           ;1D     Display ZFDC board RAM & disk variables
DW     DEBUG_MODE         ;1E     Set Debug display mode off
DW     MULTI_READ         ;1F     Multi-sector read test
DW     MULTI_WRITE        ;20     Multi-sector write test
DW     FINISH             ;21     Back to CP/M

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MENU_TBL_END
MAX_MENU_TBL EQU      (MENU_TBL_END - MENU_TBL)/2

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FINISH: CALL    CRLF
        LD      C,CPM_RESET_DISKS;Must reset all disks to sync ZFDC board back with CPM
        CALL    BDOS
        LD      SP,(SP_SAVE)
        JP      Z,0H                ;Return to CPM

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; ++++++ CORE CPM BIOS TYPE ROUTINES ++++++
; These modules are called by various parts of the program. They can be used directly in any CPM BIOS
;
; Commands to ZFDC board are always in [C]. Single byte paramaters (if any), are always sent in [A].
; In the few cases where a second extra paramater is needed, it is always in [B].
; Format a disk requires extra 3 paramaters. Drive # [A], format in [B], starting tarck in [D]
; Track ID's, Sector R/W's will use [HL] (the "DMA addresss") to place the relevent data
;
; In all cases commands return either a Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with an error # in [A]
; In the few cases where a paramater is also returned, it will be in [D].

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BIOS_SHOW_SIGNON:                ;Will increment Track TIL's on ZFDC board to 0FFH as a diagnostic check

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LD      C,CMD_SHOW_SIGNON
CALL   S100OUT
CALL   WAIT_FOR_ACK          ;return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

BIOS_RESET_ZFDC              ;Note this is not the same as HOME. It resets a hung WD2793 chip only
OUT    RESET_ZFDC_PORT,A;Do a hardware reset. Does not matter what is in [A]
CALL   DELAY_1S             ;Allow Board time to re-initialize

IN     A,(S100_DATA_B)      ;Check the board is there
CP     A,CMD_HANDSHAKE
JP     NZ,BOARD_ERROR

LD     A,CMD_HANDSHAKE
OUT    (S100_DATA_B),A     ;This clears up ints on ZFDC board
CALL   WAIT_FOR_ACK        ;Ignore any error flags

XOR    A,A                  ;set everything to zero
LD     (@TRK),A
LD     (@SIDE),A
LD     (@DRIVE),A
LD     (DEBUG_FLAG),A     ;Debug flag off initially on ZFDC board
INC    A
LD     (@SEC),A           ;Track 0, side A, sector 1
LD     IX,STD8IBM         ;Set as default drive table: IBM 8" SSSD Disk
LD     A,0
LD     B,1                 ;Set initially for an 8" IBM
CALL   BIOS_SET_FORMAT    ;First select the initial drive
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
RET

; LD     C,CMD_RESET_ZFDC ;If we just want a software reset
; CALL  S100OUT
; CALL  WAIT_FOR_ACK      ;return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
; RET

BIOS_SET_FORMAT:            ;Store Drive selection in [A], (A:=0, B:=1, C:=2, D:=3)
PUSH   AF                  ;VIP, The disk's format is in [B] (0,1,2,3... 13H, or 0FFH)
LD     C,CMD_SET_FORMAT
CALL   S100OUT

POP    AF                  ;ZFDC Board expects a 0H, 1H, 2H or 3H (Only)
LD     C,A
CALL   S100OUT

LD     C,B                 ;ZFDC Board expects a Disk Format Table Number (0,1,2...13H, or 0FFH)
CALL   S100OUT

CALL   WAIT_FOR_ACK        ;return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

BIOS_SET_DRIVE:            ;Set the currently selected drive (0H, 1H, 2H or 3H)

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PUSH    AF
LD      C,CMD_SET_DRIVE
CALL    S100OUT

POP     AF                ;ZFDC Board expects a 0H, 1H, 2H or 3H (Only)
LD      C,A
CALL    S100OUT

CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK     ;return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

BIOS_GET_DRIVE:         ;Get the currently selected drive (1H, 2H, 3H or 4H)
LD      C,CMD_GET_DRIVE
CALL    S100OUT
CALL    S100IN          ;Note potential to lockup here (but unlightly)
LD      D,A             ;ZFDC Board will return a 1 byte drive number in [D]
CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK     ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

BIOS_GET_FORMAT         ;Table Format number is returned in [D]
LD      C,CMD_GET_FORMAT
CALL    S100OUT
CALL    S100IN          ;Note potential to lockup here (but unlightly)
LD      D,A             ;ZFDC Board will return a 1 byte table number in [D]
CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK     ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

BIOS_SET_TRACK:         ;Set Track for later sector read/write
PUSH    AF                ;Store the Track [A]
LD      C,CMD_SET_TRACK
CALL    S100OUT
POP     AF
LD      C,A
CALL    S100OUT         ;Send Selected track HEX number
CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK     ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

BIOS_SET_SIDE:         ;Select Disk Side A (Default) or Side B
PUSH    AF                ;[A] = 0 for side A, [A] = 1 for side B
LD      C,CMD_SET_SIDE
CALL    S100OUT
POP     AF
LD      C,A
CALL    S100OUT         ;Send Selected side HEX number
CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK     ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

BIOS_SET_SECTOR:       ;Set Sector for later sector read/write
PUSH    AF                ;[A] contains the sector number
LD      C,CMD_SET_SECTOR

```

```

CALL    S100OUT
POP     AF
LD      C,A
CALL    S100OUT           ;Send Selected sector HEX number
CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK     ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

BIOS_SET_HOME:           ;Set current selected drive head to track 0
LD      C,CMD_SET_HOME   ;Note this is a restore with NO verify. (disk my be for formatting)
CALL    S100OUT
CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK     ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

BIOS_STEP_IN:           ;Step head IN one track at a time on current drive
LD      C,CMD_STEP_IN
CALL    S100OUT
CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK     ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

BIOS_STEP_OUT:         ;;Step head OUT one track at a time on current drive
LD      C,CMD_STEP_OUT
CALL    S100OUT
CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK     ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

BIOS_SEEK_NV:          ;Seek (with no verify) to track already specified with BIOS_SET_TRACK
LD      C,CMD_SEEK_NV
CALL    S100OUT
CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK     ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

BIOS_SEEK_TRACK:      ;Seek (with verify) to track already specified with BIOS_SET_TRACK
LD      C,CMD_SEEK_TRACK
CALL    S100OUT
CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK     ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

BIOS_GET_TRACK_ID:    ;Get the ID of track already specified by BIOS_SET_TRACK
LD      C,CMD_GET_TRACK_ID ;Note [HL] will point to a 6 byte Track ID info
CALL    S100OUT
CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK     ;Wait for NO_ERRORS_FLAG to come back
RET     NZ                ;Check if ZFDC completed the command
LD      B,6                ;Else, 6 bytes total are then expected
ID_DATA:CALL S100IN        ;Note potential to lockup here (but unlightly)
LD      (HL),A
INC     HL
DJNZ   ID_DATA
CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK     ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

```

;Note this is different than the next command where multiple sectors were read in one at a time.
 ;Here we read everything in one gulp - very fast

```
BIOS_MULTI_READ_SECTOR:          ;<<< CORE BIOS MULTI-SECTOR READ ROUTINE >>
    LD      C,CMD_RD_MULTI_SECTOR ;Routine assumes required Drive Table,Drive,Side,Track, and sector are already sent to board
    CALL    S100OUT                ;(Note [HL]-> Sector DMA address)

    LD      A,(@REC_COUNT)         ;Number of sectors INCLUDING the current selected sector to read
    LD      C,A
    CALL    S100OUT

    CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK           ;Wait for NO_ERRORS_FLAG to come back
    RET     NZ
```

```
MULTI_RD_DATA1:
    LD      E,(IX+SEC_SIZE_BYTES)  ;128,256,512 or 1024 byte sector size
    LD      D,(IX+SEC_SIZE_BYTES+1)
```

```
MULTI_RD_DATA:
    CALL    S100IN                 ;Note potential to lockup here & below (but unlightly)
    LD      (HL),A
    INC     HL                     ;Note [HL] will increase for each sector
    DEC     DE
    LD      A,E
    OR      A,D
    JR      NZ,MULTI_RD_DATA

    LD      C, '.'                 ;Show progress
    CALL    CO

    LD      A,(@REC_COUNT)
    DEC     A
    LD      (@REC_COUNT),A        ;For next time
    JP     NZ,MULTI_RD_DATA1

    CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK           ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
    RET
```

```
BIOS_READ_SECTOR:                ;<<< CORE BIOS SECTOR READ ROUTINE >>
    LD      C,CMD_READ_SECTOR;Routine assumes required Drive Table,Drive,Side,Track, and sector are already sent to board
    CALL    S100OUT                ;(Note [HL]-> Sector DMA address)

    CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK           ;Wait for NO_ERRORS_FLAG to come back
    RET     NZ

    LD      E,(IX+SEC_SIZE_BYTES)  ;128,256,512 or 1024 byte sector size
    LD      D,(IX+SEC_SIZE_BYTES+1)
```

```
RD_DATA:CALL    S100IN            ;Note potential to lockup here & below (but unlightly)
    LD      (HL),A
    INC     HL
    DEC     DE
```

```

LD      A,E
OR      A,D
JR      NZ,RD_DATA
CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK          ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

```

;Note this is different than the next command where multiple sectors were written one at a time.
;Here we write everything in one gulp - very fast

```

BIOS_MULTI_WRITE_SECTOR:      ;<<< CORE BIOS MULTI-SECTOR READ ROUTINE >>
LD      C,CMD_WR_MULTI_SECTOR ;Routine assumes required Drive Table,Drive,Side,Track, and sector are already sent to board
CALL    S100OUT               ;(Note [HL]-> Sector DMA address)

LD      A,(@REC_COUNT)        ;Number of sectors INCLUDING the current selected sector to read
LD      C,A
CALL    S100OUT

CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK          ;Wait for NO_ERRORS_FLAG to come back
RET     NZ

```

```

MULTI_WR_DATA1:
LD      E,(IX+SEC_SIZE_BYTES) ;128,256,512 or 1024 byte sector size
LD      D,(IX+SEC_SIZE_BYTES+1)

```

```

MULTI_WR_DATA:
LD      C,(HL)                 ;Remember S100OUT always requires data in [C]
CALL    S100OUT               ;(Note [HL]-> ZFDC Board)
INC     HL
DEC     DE
LD      A,E
OR      A,D
JR      NZ,MULTI_WR_DATA

LD      C, '.'                 ;Show progress
CALL    CO

LD      A,(@REC_COUNT)
DEC     A
LD      (@REC_COUNT),A        ;For next time
JP      NZ,MULTI_WR_DATA1

CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK          ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
RET

```

```

BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR:           ;<<< CORE BIOS SECTOR WRITE ROUTINE >>
LD      C,CMD_WRITE_SECTOR    ;Routine assumes required Drive Table,Drive,Side,Track, and sector are already sent to board
CALL    S100OUT               ;(Note [HL]-> Sector DMA address)

CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK          ;Wait for NO_ERRORS_FLAG to come back
RET     NZ

LD      E,(IX+SEC_SIZE_BYTES) ;If no errors, then we are ready to SEND the actual sector data bytes
LD      D,(IX+SEC_SIZE_BYTES+1) ;128,256,512 or 1024 byte sector size

```

```

WR_DATA:LD      C, (HL)                ;Remember S100OUT always requires data in [C]
          CALL   S100OUT                ;(Note [HL]-> ZFDC Board)
          INC    HL
          DEC    DE
          LD     A, E
          OR     A, D
          JR     NZ, WR_DATA

          CALL   WAIT_FOR_ACK           ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
          RET

BIOS_READ_TRACK:
          ;MAX_TRACK_SIZE of Track data will be placed at [HL]
          LD     C, CMD_TRACK_DUMP ;Routine assumes required Drive is already selected on ZFDC board
          CALL   S100OUT

          CALL   WAIT_FOR_JOB_DONE;Wait for second NO_ERRORS_FLAG to come back, or user ABORT
          RET    NZ

          LD     DE, MAX_TRACK_SIZE;Will expect exactly MAX_TRACK_SIZE of data (3K)
RTD_DATA:
          CALL   S100IN                 ;Note potential to lockup here & below (but unlightly)
          LD     (HL), A
          INC    HL
          DEC    DE
          LD     A, E
          OR     A, D
          JR     NZ, RTD_DATA
          CALL   WAIT_FOR_ACK           ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
          RET

BIOS_GET_WD_SECTOR:
          ;Return WD2793 Sector Register in [D]
          LD     C, CMD_GET_WD_SECTOR
          CALL   S100OUT
          CALL   S100IN                 ;Note potential to lockup here (but unlightly)
          LD     D, A
          CALL   WAIT_FOR_ACK           ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
          RET

BIOS_GET_WD_TRACK:
          ;Return WD2793 Track Register in [D]
          LD     C, CMD_GET_WD_TRACK
          CALL   S100OUT
          CALL   S100IN                 ;Note potential to lockup here (but unlightly)
          LD     D, A
          CALL   WAIT_FOR_ACK           ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
          RET

BIOS_GET_WD_STATUS:
          ;Return WD2793 Status Register in [D]
          LD     C, CMD_GET_WD_STATUS
          CALL   S100OUT
          CALL   S100IN                 ;Note potential to lockup here (but unlightly)
          LD     D, A
          CALL   WAIT_FOR_ACK           ;Return Z (and NO_ERRORS_FLAG in [A]), or NZ with error # in [A]
          RET

```

```

BIOS_DEBUG_ON:                ;Turn ZFDC Hex display to Debug mode
    LD      C,CMD_SET_DEBUG_ON
    CALL    S100OUT
    CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK
    RET

BIOS_DEBUG_OFF:               ;Turn ZFDC Hex display to normal Track/Sector display mode
    LD      C,CMD_SET_DEBUG_ON
    CALL    S100OUT
    CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK
    RET

BIOS_ERROR_STRING:           ;Get string associate with last error sent
    PUSH    AF                ;Save Error Number
    LD      C,CMD_GET_ERROR_STRING
    CALL    S100OUT
    POP     AF

    LD      C,A                ;Remember data out in [C]
    CALL    S100OUT           ;Send Error Number

RD_STRING:
    CALL    S100IN            ;Note potential to lockup here
    OR     A,A
    RET     Z
    LD     C,A
    CALL    CO
    JR     RD_STRING

;+++++
;
;           END OF BIOS LIKE MODULES
;
;+++++

;----- Echo whatever is sent from S-100 system to ZFDC board BYPASSING SOFTWARE.-----
; (A simple hardware loop test for POI's only)

PIO_TEST:
    LD      HL,PIO_MSG
    CALL    PMSG
    LD      C,CMD_PIO_TEST
    CALL    S100OUT           ;Send it to ZFDC Board

PIO_TEST1:
    CALL    CI                ;Get a keyboard character
    LD     C,A
    CALL    S100OUT           ;Send to ZFDC board
    CP     A,ESC

```

```

JP      Z,LOOP
CALL   S100IN      ;Get back returned character
LD     C,A
AND    7FH        ;Strip high bit just in case errors
CALL   CO         ;display returned character on CRT
JR     PIO_TEST1

```

; Interact with the Monitor on board the ZFDC Board

```

MONITOR:LD      HL,MONITOR_MSG
        CALL    PMSG
        LD     C,CMD_MONITOR
        CALL   S100OUT      ;Send it to ZFDC Board

MON1:   CALL   S100STAT     ;Anything at FDC Board
        JP     Z,TEST_SEND
        CALL   S100IN
        AND    7FH        ;Strip high bit just in case
        LD     C,A
        CALL   CO         ;Send it to video board
        JP     MON1       ;Continue until nothing more

TEST_SEND:
        CALL   CONSTAT    ;Anything from Keyboard to be sent
        JP     Z,MON1
        CALL   CI
        LD     C,A
        CALL   S100OUT    ;ESC will abort the ZFDC monitor
        CP     A,ESC
        JP     Z,LOOP1   ;Brake out of monitor loop here as well
        JP     MON1

LOOP1:  CALL   S100IN     ;Need to flush port
        JP     LOOP

```

;----- Simple test of ZFDC Board handshaking -----
; Will increment the Track TIL's on ZFDC board to 0FFH as a diagnostic indicator

```

SHOW_SIGNON:
LD      HL,SIGNON_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    BIOS_SHOW_SIGNON ;Call the Command
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS   ;If error returned display error string
JP     LOOP

```

;----- Reset the WD2793 Chip -----

```

RESET_ZFDC:
LD      HL,RESET_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    BIOS_RESET_ZFDC
JP     LOOP

```


;----- Select Drive in hardware and assign a disk format to it -----
 ; This is a simple but very critical command. Do not change details if possible.

```

SET_FORMAT:
    LD     A, (@DRIVE)
    LD     (OLD_DRIVE),A           ;Store old drive in case an abort

    LD     HL, DRIVE_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    CALL  GETCMD                   ;Get 0,1,2 or 3 for selected drive in [A]
    CP    A, '0'
    JP    Z, DRIVE_A
    CP    A, '1'
    JP    Z, DRIVE_B
    CP    A, '2'
    JP    Z, DRIVE_C
    CP    A, '3'
    JP    Z, DRIVE_D

INVALID_DRIVE:
    LD     HL, INVALID_DRIVE_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    JP    LOOP

DRIVE_A:
    LD     HL, SEL_DRIVE_A_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    LD     A, 0
    JP    SET_DRIVE1

DRIVE_B:
    LD     HL, SEL_DRIVE_B_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    LD     A, 1
    JP    SET_DRIVE1

DRIVE_C:
    LD     HL, SEL_DRIVE_C_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    LD     A, 2
    JP    SET_DRIVE1

DRIVE_D:
    LD     HL, SEL_DRIVE_D_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    LD     A, 3
    JP    SET_DRIVE1

SET_DRIVE1:
    LD     (DRIVE),A               ;Store the new selected drive here

    LD     HL, DRIVE_SIZE_MSG;We have the drive. Now we need to assign a FORMAT
    CALL  PMSG                     ;table to that drive
    CALL  GETCMD
    CP    ESC
  
```

```

JP      Z, LOOP
CP      A, 'A'
JR      Z, TABLE_8
CP      A, 'B'
JR      Z, TABLE_8
CP      A, 'D'
JR      Z, TABLE_8
CP      A, 'C'
JR      Z, TABLE_5
LD      HL, INVALID_CMD_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JP      LOOP

TABLE_8:
LD      HL, TABLE_MSG_8
JR      GOT_TABLE

TABLE_5:
LD      HL, TABLE_MSG_5

GOT_TABLE:
CALL    PMSG
CALL    CRLF
LD      HL, SEL_TBL_NUM_MSG      ;"Select table # from list above"
CALL    PMSG

CALL    GETHEX                  ;Get 00,01,02,03.... for selected table in [A]
CALL    CRLF                    ;CRLF preserves AF!

CP      A, DPL_COUNT            ;Is it within range ?
JP      C, GOT_TABLE1

BAD_TABLE:
LD      A, (OLD_DRIVE)
LD      (@DRIVE), A             ;Get back old drive number
LD      HL, BAD_TABLE_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JP      LOOP

GOT_TABLE1:
LD      (@FORMAT), A           ;We have a valid table number. Assign it
LD      B, A                    ;Now update the local IX table pointer here
LD      A, (@DRIVE)            ;Must send requested format in [B]
LD      A, (@DRIVE)            ;Must send requested disk in [A]

CALL    BIOS_SET_FORMAT        ;Send the Command Drive in [A], Format in [B]
CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS
JR      NZ, BAD_TABLE

LD      A, (@FORMAT)           ;Now update the local IX table pointer here
LD      HL, DPL_POINTERS       ;Pointers to table list are here
ADD     A, A                    ;X2
LD      C, A                    ;Add in offset
LD      B, 0                    ;High byte first in table
ADD     HL, BC                  ;[HL] now points to correct pointer
LD      E, (HL)
INC     HL
LD      D, (HL)
PUSH    DE                      ;[DE]->[IX]
POP     IX                      ;IX now points to correct Drive table

```

```

LD      HL,NEW_TABLE_MSG ;"New Table will be..."
CALL    PMSG
CALL    CRLF
CALL    SHOW_DRIVE_NAME      ;show current info
CALL    CRLF
JP      LOOP

```

```

;----- Select Drive -----

```

```

SET_DRIVE:                                ;0=A:,1=B:,2=C: & 3=D:
LD      A,(@DRIVE)
LD      (OLD_DRIVE),A                    ;Store old drive in case an abort

LD      HL,DRIVE_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETCMD                          ;Get A,B,C or D for selected drive in [A]
SUB     A,30H                            ;0H to 3H only
CP      A,4H
JP      NC,INVALID_DRIVE

LD      (@DRIVE),A                        ;Store it

CALL    BIOS_SET_DRIVE                    ;Send the Command Drive in [A]
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

CALL    BIOS_GET_FORMAT                    ;Must update locally the Drive table here as well
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
LD      A,D                               ;Format number in in [D]
LD      (@FORMAT),A                       ;Now update the local IX table pointer here

LD      HL,DPL_POINTERS                    ;Pointers to table list are here
ADD     A,A                               ;X2
LD      C,A                               ;Add in offset
LD      B,0                               ;High byte first in table
ADD     HL,BC                             ;[HL] now points to correct pointer
LD      E,(HL)
INC     HL
LD      D,(HL)
PUSH    DE                               ;[DE]->[IX]
POP     IX                               ;IX now points to correct Drive table
JP      LOOP

```

```

;----- Get Current Disk Paramater Table Number -----

```

```

GET_FORMAT:
LD      HL,GETTING_TABLE
CALL    PMSG
CALL    BIOS_GET_FORMAT                    ;Return with Table number in [D]
JP      Z,GET_TABLE1
CALL    SHOW_ERRORS
JP      LOOP

GET_TABLE1:
LD      HL,DISK_TABLE_MSG

```

```

CALL    PMSG                ;[C] is not altered
LD      A,D
CALL    PACC
CALL    CRLF
JP      LOOP

```

```

;----- Set Track for later sector read/write -----

```

```

SET_TRACK:
LD      HL,TRACK_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETHEX              ;Get 00,01,02,03..... for selected table
PUSH    AF                  ;Save for later
LD      (@TRK),A           ;Store for SEEK_TRACK Diagnostic
LD      HL,WILL_SET_TRK_MSG
CALL    PMSG
POP     AF
CALL    BIOS_SET_TRACK     ;Call the Command
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      LOOP

```

```

;----- Select Disk Side A (Default) or Side B -----

```

```

SET_SIDE:
LD      HL,SIDE_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETCMD             ;Get A or B for selected side
CP      A,'B'
LD      A,1
JP      Z,GOT_SIDE
XOR     A,A                 ;Side A if anything else!

GOT_SIDE:
PUSH    AF                 ;Save for later
LD      HL,WILL_SET_SIDE_MSG
CALL    PMSG
POP     AF
CALL    BIOS_SET_SIDE     ;Call the Command
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      LOOP

```

```

;----- Set Sector for later sector read/write -----

```

```

SET_SECTOR:
LD      HL,SEC_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETHEX             ;Get selected sector
PUSH    AF                 ;Save for later
LD      HL,WILL_SET_SEC_MSG
CALL    PMSG
POP     AF
CALL    BIOS_SET_SECTOR   ;Call the Command
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

```

```
JP LOOP
```

```
;----- Set current selected drive head to track 0 -----
```

```
SET_HOME:
LD HL,HOME_MSG
CALL PMSG
CALL BIOS_SET_HOME ;Call the Command
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP LOOP
```

```
;----- Step head in one track at a time on current drive (Repeat until ESC)
```

```
STEP_IN:
LD HL,STEP_IN_MSG
CALL PMSG
```

```
STEP_IN3:
CALL BIOS_SET_HOME ;Start at track 0
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP NZ,LOOP
LD HL,AT_TRK_0_MSG
CALL PMSG
LD D,0 ;Store Track Count here
```

```
STEP_IN1:
LD HL,STEP_TO_MSG
CALL PMSG
LD A,D
CALL PACC
LD HL,H_MSG
CALL PMSG
CALL CRLF

CALL BIOS_STEP_IN ;<<<<<<< Call the Step-In Command
CALL NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

CALL CONSTAT ;Check for abort at Consol
JP Z,STEP_IN2
CALL CI
CP A,ESC
JP Z,LOOP
```

```
STEP_IN2:
LD A,D
INC A
LD B,A
LD A,(IX+NTRKS) ;Store Track Count here
CP A,B
JP Z,STEP_IN3
LD D,B ;Store new track number
JP STEP_IN1
```

;----- Use Seek NV to step head in one track at a time on current drive (Repeat until ESC)

```

SEEK_NV:
    LD    HL,CMD_SEEK_NV_MSG
    CALL  PMSG

SEEK_IN3:
    CALL  BIOS_SET_HOME           ;Start at track 0
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    NZ,LOOP
    LD    HL,AT_TRK_0_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    LD    D,0                     ;Store Track Count here

SEEK_IN1:
    LD    HL,R_SEEK_TO_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    LD    A,D
    CALL  PACC
    LD    HL,H_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    CALL  CRLF

    LD    A,D                     ;Track sent from[A]
    CALL  BIOS_SET_TRACK         ;Call the Command to set track number
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

    CALL  BIOS_SEEK_NV          ;<<<<<<<< Call the Seek NV Command
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

    CALL  CONSTAT               ;Check for abort at Consol
    JP    Z,SEEK_IN2
    CALL  CI
    CP    A,ESC
    JP    Z,LOOP

SEEK_IN2:
    LD    A,D
    INC  A
    CP    A,(IX+NTRKS)          ;Store Track Count here
    JP    Z,SEEK_IN3
    LD    D,A                     ;Store new track number
    JP    SEEK_IN1

```

;----- Step head out one track on current drive -----

```

STEP_OUT:
    LD    HL,STEP_OUT_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    CALL  BIOS_STEP_OUT         ;Call the Command
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    LOOP

```

;----- Use Seek With Verify to step head in one track at a time (Repeat until ESC)

```

SEEK_TRACK:
    LD    HL,INPUT_TRACK_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    CALL  GETHEX                ;Get 00,01,02,03..... for selected table
    JP    C,LOOP                ;Abort if ESC
    LD    (@TRK),A              ;Store for SEEK_TRACK Diagnostic

    LD    HL,R_SEEK_TO_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    LD    A,(@TRK)              ;Get stored track #
    CALL  PACC
    LD    HL,H_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    CALL  CRLF

    LD    A,(@TRK)              ;Get stored track #
    CALL  BIOS_SET_TRACK        ;Call the Command to set track number
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    CALL  BIOS_SEEK_TRACK      ;<<<<<<<< Call the Seek V Command
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    LOOP

```

;----- RANDOM Track ID information Test, step head in one track at a time (Repeat until ESC)

```

R_SEEK_TRACK:
    LD    HL,R_SEEK_TRACK_MSG
    CALL  PMSG

    CALL  BIOS_SET_HOME        ;Start at track 0
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    NZ,LOOP
    JP    RSEEK_TRACK2

RSEEK_TRACK1:
    LD    HL,R_SEEK_TO_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    LD    A,(@TRK)              ;Get stored track #
    CALL  PACC
    LD    HL,H_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    CALL  CRLF

    LD    A,(@TRK)              ;Get stored track #
    CALL  BIOS_SET_TRACK        ;Call the Command to set track number
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    CALL  BIOS_SEEK_TRACK      ;<<<<<<<< Call the Seek V Command
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

    CALL  CONSTAT              ;Check for abort at Consol
    JP    Z,RSEEK_TRACK2
    CALL  CI

```

```

        CP      A,ESC
        JP      Z,LOOP
RSEEK_TRACK2:
        CALL   RANDOM_TRK_SEC          ;Get next random Track(/Sector)
        JP      RSEEK_TRACK1

;----- Get Current Track ID -----

GET_TRACK_ID:
        LD      HL,TRACK_ID_MSG
        CALL   PMSG

        LD      HL,R_SEEK_TO_MSG
        CALL   PMSG
        LD      A,(@TRK)              ;Get stored track #
        CALL   PACC
        LD      HL,H_MSG
        CALL   PMSG
        CALL   CRLF

        LD      A,(@TRK)              ;Track sent from[A]
        CALL   BIOS_SET_TRACK          ;Call the Command to set track number
        CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
        CALL   BIOS_SEEK_TRACK        ;<<<<<<<< Call the Seek V Command
        CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

        LD      HL,TRACK_ID_BUFFER
        CALL   BIOS_GET_TRACK_ID;<<<GET Track ID
        CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

        CALL   DISPLAY_TRACK_ID ;Display the 6 Bytes on the CRT
        JP      LOOP

;--- RANDOM Track ID information Test, step head in one track at a time Repeat until ESC)

R_GET_TRACK_ID:
        LD      HL,R_TRACK_ID_MSG
        CALL   PMSG

        CALL   BIOS_SET_HOME          ;Start at track 0
        CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
        JP      NZ,LOOP
        JP      RTRACK_ID2

RTRACK_ID1:
        LD      HL,R_SEEK_TO_MSG
        CALL   PMSG
        LD      A,(@TRK)              ;Get stored track #
        CALL   PACC
        LD      HL,H_MSG

```



```

CALL    PMSG
CALL    CRLF

LD      A, (@TRK)          ;Get stored track #
CALL    BIOS_SET_TRACK      ;Call the Command to set track number
CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS
CALL    BIOS_SEEK_TRACK     ;<<<<<<<<< Call the Seek V Command
CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS

LD      HL, TRACK_ID_BUFFER
CALL    BIOS_GET_TRACK_ID; <<<GET Track ID
CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS

CALL    DISPLAY_TRACK_ID ;Display the 6 Bytes on the CRT

CALL    CONSTAT            ;Check for abort at Consol
JP      Z, RTRACK_ID2
CALL    CI
CP      A, ESC
JP      Z, LOOP

RTRACK_ID2:
CALL    RANDOM_TRK_SEC      ;Get next random Track(/Sector)
JP      RTRACK_ID1

;----- MULTI-SECTOR READ TEST -----
;Test from ZFDC Board Multi-sector read CMD. Note this is different than the previous commands
;where multiple sectors were read in one at a time. Here we read everything in one gulp - very fast
;

MULTI_READ:
LD      HL, MULTI_RD_SECTOR_MSG
CALL    PMSG
MULTI_READ_SEC1:
LD      HL, INPUT_TRACK_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETHEX              ;Get 00,01,02,03..... for selected table
JP      C, LOOP             ;Abort if ESC
LD      (@TRK), A          ;Store for SEEK_TRACK Diagnostic
CALL    BIOS_SET_TRACK      ;Call the Command
CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ, LOOP           ;Abort if error

MULTI_READ_SEC2:
LD      HL, INPUT_SECTOR_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETHEX              ;Get 00,01,02,03..... for selected table
JP      C, LOOP             ;Abort if ESC
OR      A, A
JR      NZ, RMULTI_SEC_VALID
LD      HL, NO_SEC_0_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JR      MULTI_READ_SEC2    ;Try again

RMULTI_SEC_VALID:
LD      (@SEC), A          ;Store for SEEK_TRACK Diagnostic

```

```

CALL    BIOS_SET_SECTOR          ;Call the Command
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP                  ;Abort if error

RMULTI_SECI_VALID:
BIT     SIDE_BIT,(IX+HW_BYTE)    ;Is it a DS drive
JR      Z,MULTI_READ_SEC3;no then get number of sectors

LD      HL,INPUT_SIDE_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETCMD                    ;Get A or B
CP      A,ESC
JP      Z,LOOP                    ;Abort if ESC

CP      A,'A'
JR      NZ,RMULTI_NOT_A_SIDE
XOR     A,A
LD      (@SIDE),A
CALL    BIOS_SET_SIDE
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP
JR      MULTI_READ_SEC3          ;go to get number of sectors

RMULTI_NOT_A_SIDE:
CP      A,'B'
JR      NZ,RMULTI_NOT_B_SIDE
LD      A,1
LD      (@SIDE),A
CALL    BIOS_SET_SIDE
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP
JR      MULTI_READ_SEC3          ;go to get number of sectors

RMULTI_NOT_B_SIDE:
LD      HL,INVALID_SIDE_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JR      RMULTI_SECI_VALID

MULTI_READ_SEC3:
LD      HL,NUM_OF_RD_SEC ;"Enter number of sectors to read"
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETHEX                    ;Get number of sectors to read
JP      C,LOOP                    ;Abort if ESC
LD      (@REC_COUNT),A           ;Store for Multi sector read routine

LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where data will be placed

CALL    BIOS_MULTI_READ_SECTOR ;<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<

CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP                    ;Abort if error

LD      HL,MULTI_SEC_ROK ;Message that things went OK.
CALL    PMSG
JP      LOOP

```

```
;----- SECTOR READ ROUTINE -----
;Read sector data from ZFDC Board selected disk, side, track, sector and send it to S-100 System
```

```
READ_SECTOR:
    LD     HL,READ_SECTOR_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
READ_SEC1:
    LD     HL,INPUT_TRACK_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    CALL  GETHEX             ;Get 00,01,02,03..... for selected table
    JP    C,LOOP           ;Abort if ESC
    LD     (@TRK),A        ;Store for SEEK_TRACK Diagnostic
    CALL  BIOS_SET_TRACK   ;Call the Command
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    NZ,LOOP
READ_SEC2:
    LD     HL,INPUT_SECTOR_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    CALL  GETHEX             ;Get 00,01,02,03..... for selected table
    JP    C,LOOP           ;Abort if ESC
    OR    A,A
    JR    NZ,SEC_VALID
    LD     HL,NO_SEC_0_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    JR    READ_SEC2
SEC_VALID:
    LD     (@SEC),A        ;Store for SEEK_TRACK Diagnostic
    CALL  BIOS_SET_SECTOR   ;Call the Command
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    NZ,LOOP
SEC_VALID1:
    BIT   SIDE_BIT, (IX+HW_BYTE) ;Is it a DS drive
    JR    Z,READ_SEC3
    LD     HL,INPUT_SIDE_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    CALL  GETCMD             ;Get A or B
    CP    A,ESC
    JP    Z,LOOP           ;Abort if ESC
    CP    A,'A'
    JR    NZ,NOT_A_SIDE
    XOR   A,A
    LD     (@SIDE),A
    CALL  BIOS_SET_SIDE
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    NZ,LOOP
    JR    READ_SEC3
NOT_A_SIDE:
    CP    A,'B'
    JR    NZ,NOT_B_SIDE
    LD     A,1
    LD     (@SIDE),A
    CALL  BIOS_SET_SIDE
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
```

```

        JP      NZ, LOOP
        JR      READ_SEC3
NOT_B_SIDE:
        LD      HL, INVALID_SIDE_MSG
        CALL    PMSG
        JR      SEC_VALID1

READ_SEC3:
        LD      HL, SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where data will be placed
        CALL    BIOS_READ_SECTOR
        CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS
        JP      NZ, LOOP

        LD      HL, SECTOR_DATA_RD
        CALL    PMSG

        LD      HL, SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where data is
        LD      A, 0FFH
        LD      (HALT_CHECK_FLAG), A ;Set so we have a keyboard check for CRT display
        CALL    DISPLAY_SECTOR
        JP      LOOP

;----- RANDOM Sector Read Test (Repeat until ESC)

R_SEC_READ:
        LD      HL, R_SEC_RD_MSG
        CALL    PMSG

        CALL    BIOS_SET_HOME ;Start at track 0
        CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS
        JP      NZ, LOOP
        LD      A, 1
        LD      (@SEC), A
        XOR     A, A
        LD      (@TRK), A
        LD      (@SIDE), A
        JP      RSEC_READ2

RSEC_READ1:
        LD      HL, R_SEEK_TO_MSG ;Will seek to track XXH sector yyH.
        CALL    PMSG
        LD      A, (@TRK)
        CALL    PACC
        LD      HL, R_SECTOR_MSG
        CALL    PMSG
        LD      A, (@SEC)
        CALL    PACC
        LD      HL, H_MSG
        CALL    PMSG
        CALL    CRLF

        LD      A, (@TRK) ;Track sent from[A]
        CALL    BIOS_SET_TRACK ;Call the Command to set track number
        CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS
        LD      A, (@SEC) ;Sector sent from[A]

```

```

CALL    BIOS_SET_SECTOR          ;Call the Command to set sector number
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

LD      A,(@SIDE)                ;Sector sent from[A]
CALL    BIOS_SET_SIDE           ;Call the Command to set side
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

;    CALL    BIOS_SEEK_TRACK      ;To bypass re-seek module in read sector code
;    CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS      ;For fixing bugs only

LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where data will be placed
CALL    BIOS_READ_SECTOR
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      HL,SECTOR_DATA_RD
CALL    PMSG
LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where data is
LD      A,0H
LD      (HALT_CHECK_FLAG),A      ;Set so we have NO keyboard check for CRT display
CALL    DISPLAY_SECTOR

CALL    CONSTAT                 ;Check for abort at Consol
JR      Z,RSEC_READ2
CALL    CI
CP      A,ESC
JP      Z,LOOP

RSEC_READ2:
CALL    RANDOM_TRK_SEC          ;Get next random number for Track AND Sector
JR      RSEC_READ1

;----- SEQUENTIAL Sector Read Test (Repeat until ESC) -----

S_SEC_READ:
LD      HL,S_SEC_RD_MSG
CALL    PMSG

CALL    BIOS_SET_HOME          ;Start at track 0
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP
LD      A,1
LD      (@SEC),A
XOR     A,A
LD      (@TRK),A
LD      (@SIDE),A

SSEC_READ1:
LD      HL,R_SEEK_TO_MSG ;Will seek to track XXH sector yyH
CALL    PMSG
LD      A,(@TRK)
CALL    PACC
LD      HL,R_SECTOR_MSG
CALL    PMSG

```

```

LD      A, (@SEC)
CALL    PACC
LD      HL, H_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    CRLF

LD      A, (@TRK)
CALL    BIOS_SET_TRACK          ;Call the Command to set track number
CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS

LD      A, (@SEC)              ;Sector sent from[A]
CALL    BIOS_SET_SECTOR        ;Call the Command to set track number
CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS

LD      A, (@SIDE)             ;Side sent from[A]
CALL    BIOS_SET_SIDE          ;Call the Command to set side
CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS

;     CALL    BIOS_SEEK_TRACK    ;To bypass re-seek module in read sector code
;     CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS    ;For fixing bugs only

LD      HL, SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where data will be placed
CALL    BIOS_READ_SECTOR
CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ, LOOP

LD      HL, SECTOR_DATA_RD
CALL    PMSG
LD      HL, SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where data is
LD      A, 0H
LD      (HALT_CHECK_FLAG), A    ;Set so we have NO keyboard check for CRT display
CALL    DISPLAY_SECTOR

CALL    CONSTAT                ;Check for abort at Consol
JR      Z, SSEC_READ2
CALL    CI
CP      A, ESC
JP      Z, LOOP

SSEC_READ2:
CALL    NEXT_TRK_SEC          ;Get next number for Track/Sector.
JR      SSEC_READ1

;----- MULTI-SECTOR READ ROUTINE -----
;Multi-sector read test from ZFDC Board using selected disk, side, track, sector

MULTI_WRITE:
LD      HL, MULTI_WR_SECTOR_MSG
CALL    PMSG
MULTI_WRITE_SEC1:
LD      HL, INPUT_TRACK_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETHEX                ;Get 00,01,02,03..... for selected table
JP      C, LOOP                ;Abort if ESC
LD      (@TRK), A              ;Store for SEEK_TRACK Diagnostic

```

```

CALL    BIOS_SET_TRACK          ;Call the Command
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP                 ;Abort if error

MULTI_WRITE_SEC2:
LD      HL,INPUT_SECTOR_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETHEX                  ;Get 00,01,02,03..... for selected table
JP      C,LOOP                 ;Abort if ESC
OR      A,A
JR      NZ,WMULTI_SEC_VALID
LD      HL,NO_SEC_0_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JR      MULTI_WRITE_SEC2 ;Try again

WMULTI_SEC_VALID:
LD      (@SEC),A              ;Store for SEEK_TRACK Diagnostic
CALL    BIOS_SET_SECTOR       ;Call the Command
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP                 ;Abort if error

WMULTI_SEC1_VALID:
BIT     SIDE_BIT, (IX+HW_BYTE) ;Is it a DS drive
JR      Z,MULTI_WRITE_SEC3     ;no then get number of sectors

LD      HL,INPUT_SIDE_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETCMD                 ;Get A or B
CP      A,ESC
JP      Z,LOOP                 ;Abort if ESC

CP      A,'A'
JR      NZ,WMULTI_NOT_A_SIDE
XOR     A,A
LD      (@SIDE),A
CALL    BIOS_SET_SIDE
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP
JR      MULTI_WRITE_SEC3       ;go to get number of sectors

WMULTI_NOT_A_SIDE:
CP      A,'B'
JR      NZ,WMULTI_NOT_B_SIDE
LD      A,1
LD      (@SIDE),A
CALL    BIOS_SET_SIDE
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP
JR      MULTI_WRITE_SEC3       ;go to get number of sectors

WMULTI_NOT_B_SIDE:
LD      HL,INVALID_SIDE_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JR      WMULTI_SEC1_VALID

MULTI_WRITE_SEC3:

```

```

LD     HL,NUM_OF_RD_SEC ;"Enter number of sectors to read"
CALL  PMSG
CALL  GETHEX             ;Get number of sectors to read
JP    C,LOOP            ;Abort if ESC
LD    (@REC_COUNT),A    ;Store for Multi sector read routine

LD    HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where data will be placed

CALL  BIOS_MULTI_WRITE_SECTOR ;<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<

CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP    NZ,LOOP           ;Abort if error

LD    HL,MULTI_SEC_WOK ;Message that things went OK.
CALL  PMSG
JP    LOOP

```

;----- SECTOR WRITE ROUTINE -----
;Write sector data from S-100 system to a selected disk, side, track, sector via the ZFDC Board

```

WRITE_SECTOR:
LD    HL,WRITE_SECTOR_MSG
CALL  PMSG
WRITE_SEC1:
LD    HL,INPUT_TRACK_MSG
CALL  PMSG
CALL  GETHEX             ;Get 00,01,02,03..... for selected table
JP    C,LOOP            ;Abort if ESC
LD    (@TRK),A          ;Store for SEEK_TRACK Diagnostic
CALL  BIOS_SET_TRACK    ;Call the Command
CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP    NZ,LOOP
WRITE_SEC2:
LD    HL,INPUT_SECTOR_MSG
CALL  PMSG
CALL  GETHEX             ;Get 00,01,02,03..... for selected table
JP    C,LOOP            ;Abort if ESC
OR    A,A
JR    NZ,WSEC_VALID
LD    HL,NO_SEC_0_MSG
CALL  PMSG
JR    WRITE_SEC2
WSEC_VALID:
LD    (@SEC),A          ;Store for SEEK_TRACK Diagnostic
CALL  BIOS_SET_SECTOR   ;Call the Command
CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP    NZ,LOOP
WSEC_VALID1:
BIT   SIDE_BIT, (IX+HW_BYTE) ;Is it a DS drive
JR    Z,WRITE_SEC3
LD    HL,INPUT_SIDE_MSG
CALL  PMSG
CALL  GETCMD            ;Get A or B
CP    A,ESC
JP    Z,LOOP           ;Abort if ESC

```



```

CP      A, 'A'
JR      NZ, WNOT_A_SIDE
XOR     A, A
LD      (@SIDE), A
CALL    BIOS_SET_SIDE
CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ, LOOP
JR      WRITE_SEC3
WNOT_A_SIDE:
CP      A, 'B'
JR      NZ, WNOT_B_SIDE
LD      A, 1
LD      (@SIDE), A
CALL    BIOS_SET_SIDE
CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ, LOOP
JR      WRITE_SEC3
WNOT_B_SIDE:
LD      HL, INVALID_SIDE_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JR      WSEC_VALID1
WRITE_SEC3:
LD      HL, SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where data will be obtained from
CALL    BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR
CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS
JP      Z, LOOP

LD      HL, SECTOR_DATA_WR
CALL    PMSG
LD      HL, SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where data will be placed
LD      A, 0FFH
LD      (HALT_CHECK_FLAG), A ;Set so we have a keyboard check for CRT display
CALL    DISPLAY_SECTOR
JP      LOOP

;----- RANDOM Sector Read/Write Test (Repeat until ESC) -----
; Random R/W a sector on disk. A random sector is read, data is inverted, written back, compared,
; then original data is written back.

R_SEC_RDWR:
LD      HL, R_SEC_RDWR_MSG
CALL    PMSG

CALL    BIOS_SET_HOME ;Start at track 0
CALL    NZ, SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ, LOOP
LD      A, 0 ;Not 1, because of jump to RSEC_RDWR2 below
LD      (@SEC), A
XOR     A, A
LD      (@TRK), A
JP      RSEC_RDWR2

```

```

RSEC_RDWR1:
    LD    HL,R_SEEK_TO_MSG ;Will seek to track XXH sector yyH.
    CALL  PMSG
    LD    A, (@TRK)
    CALL  PACC
    LD    HL,R_SECTOR_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    LD    A, (@SEC)
    CALL  PACC
    LD    HL,H_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    CALL  CRLF

    LD    A, (@TRK)          ;Track sent from[A]
    CALL  BIOS_SET_TRACK      ;Call the Command to set track number
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    LD    A, (@SEC)          ;Sector sent from[A]
    CALL  BIOS_SET_SECTOR    ;Call the Command to set track number
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

;    CALL  BIOS_SEEK_TRACK    ;To bypass re-seek module in read sector code
;    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS    ;For fixing bugs only

    LD    HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where first data read will be placed
    CALL  BIOS_READ_SECTOR
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    NZ,LOOP

    CALL  FLIP_SECTOR_BUFFER ;Complement the contents of the sector buffer

    LD    HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Write complement data back to same sector
    CALL  BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    NZ,LOOP

    LD    HL,SECTOR_BUFFER2;Read data a second time to this location
    CALL  BIOS_READ_SECTOR
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    NZ,LOOP

    CALL  COMPARE_SECTOR_BUFFER ;Check the read back data matches
    JR    Z,PUT_BACK          ;If so put back original data

    LD    HL,RW_MISMATCH_MSG
    CALL  PMSG

PUT_BACK:
    ;Restore to the original contents
    CALL  FLIP_SECTOR_BUFFER ;Complement the contents of the sector buffer again

    LD    HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Write back the original data
    CALL  BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    NZ,LOOP

    LD    HL,SECTOR_DATA_RD
    CALL  PMSG

```



```

S_SEC_RDWR:
    LD     HL,S_SEC_RDWR_MSG
    CALL  PMSG

    CALL  BIOS_SET_HOME           ;Start at track 0
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    NZ,LOOP
    LD    A,0                     ;Not 1, because of jump to RSEC_RDWR2 below
    LD    (@SEC),A
    XOR   A,A
    LD    (@TRK),A
    JP    SSEC_RDWR2

SSEC_RDWR1:
    LD    HL,R_SEEK_TO_MSG ;Will seek to track XXH sector yyH.
    CALL  PMSG
    LD    A,(@TRK)
    CALL  PACC
    LD    HL,R_SECTOR_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    LD    A,(@SEC)
    CALL  PACC
    LD    HL,H_MSG
    CALL  PMSG
    CALL  CRLF

    LD    A,(@TRK)               ;Track sent from[A]
    CALL  BIOS_SET_TRACK         ;Call the Command to set track number
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    LD    A,(@SEC)               ;Sector sent from[A]
    CALL  BIOS_SET_SECTOR       ;Call the Command to set track number
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

;   CALL  BIOS_SEEK_TRACK         ;To bypass re-seek module in read sector code
;   CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS         ;For fixing bugs only

    LD    HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where first data read will be placed
    CALL  BIOS_READ_SECTOR
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    NZ,LOOP

    CALL  FLIP_SECTOR_BUFFER     ;Complement the contents of the sector buffer

    LD    HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Write complement data back to same sector
    CALL  BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    NZ,LOOP

    LD    HL,SECTOR_BUFFER2;Read data a second time to this location
    CALL  BIOS_READ_SECTOR
    CALL  NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
    JP    NZ,LOOP

    CALL  COMPARE_SECTOR_BUFFER  ;Check the read back data matches
    JR    Z,SPUT_BACK           ;If so put back the original data

```

```

LD      HL,RW_MISMATCH_MSG
CALL    PMSG

SPUT_BACK:
CALL    FLIP_SECTOR_BUFFER      ;Restore to the original contents
                                ;Complement the contents of the sector buffer again

LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Write back the original data
CALL    BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      HL,SECTOR_DATA_RD
CALL    PMSG
LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where data is
LD      A,0H
LD      (HALT_CHECK_FLAG),A      ;Set so we have NO keyboard check for CRT display
CALL    DISPLAY_SECTOR

CALL    CONSTAT                  ;Check for abort at Consol
JR      Z,SSEC_RDWR2
CALL    CI
CP      A,ESC
JP      Z,LOOP

SSEC_RDWR2:
CALL    NEXT_TRK_SEC              ;Get next number for Track/Sector.
JP      SSEC_RDWR1

;
;----- Write Boot Sector -----
; This routine will write a boot sector to disk. It will ask for a location
; of the boot data in RAM first. Note depending on the size of the sectors
; on the disk it will write 128,256,512 or 1K bytes. Be sure you have first set
; correct drive table number.

WR_BOOT:LD      HL,WR_BOOT_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    BIOS_SET_HOME
CALL    GETHEX
LD      H,A
CALL    GETHEX
LD      L,A                      ;[HL] now has location of boot data
PUSH    HL                      ;Save 2X for below
PUSH    HL
CALL    CRLF

XOR     A,A
CALL    BIOS_SET_TRACK
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
INC     A
CALL    BIOS_SET_SECTOR
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

```

```

POP     HL                      ;[HL] has location of boot data
CALL    BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

LD      HL,SECTOR_DATA_WR
CALL    PMSG
CALL    CRLF
POP     HL                      ;[HL] has location of boot data
CALL    DISPLAY_SECTOR
JP      LOOP

```

```

;----- Read & Display a Complete Track (as written on disk) -----
; This routine will read the raw encoded data of a complete track from the current disk.  It will
; ask for a track # first. Be sure you have first set correct drive table number.

```

READ_TRACK:

```

LD      HL,RD_TRACK_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETHEX
LD      (@TRK),A
CALL    CRLF

CALL    BIOS_SET_HOME
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP
LD      A,(@TRK)
CALL    BIOS_SET_TRACK
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

CALL    BIOS_SEEK_TRACK          ;<<<<<<<< Call the Seek V Command
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where data will be placed
CALL    BIOS_READ_TRACK          ;<<<<<<<< Read actual track

CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      HL,RD1_TRACK_MSG
CALL    PMSG

LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where data will be placed
LD      A,H
CALL    PACC
LD      A,L
CALL    PACC
LD      HL,H_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    CRLF

LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Location where data is
CALL    DISPLAY_TRACK

LD      HL,END_TRACK_MSG

```

```

CALL    PMSG
CALL    CRLF
JP      LOOP

```

```
;----- FORMAT the current disk -----
```

```

FORMAT_DISK:
LD      HL,FORMATTING1_MSG      ;"Will format current disk ("
CALL    PMSG
CALL    BIOS_GET_DRIVE         ;be sure we have the right disk (returned in [D])
LD      A,D
ADD     A,'A'                   ;A,B,C,D
LD      C,A
CALL    CO
LD      HL,FORMATTING2_MSG      ;":) to this format:--"
CALL    PMSG
CALL    CRLF
CALL    SHOW_DRIVE_NAME        ;show format info
LD      HL,SURE_MSG             ;"Are you sure"
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETCMD
CP      ESC
JP      Z,LOOP
CP      A,'Y'
JP      Z,FORMAT_1
LD      HL,FORM_ABORT_MSG;"Will abort format"
CALL    PMSG
CALL    CRLF
JP      LOOP

```

```

FORMAT_1:
LD      HL,START_TRACK_MSG      ;"Format starting on Track (Usually 00H or 02H):-"
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETHEX                 ;usually 00 or 02 in [A]
LD      (CURRENT_FORMAT_TRACK),A

LD      HL,DISK_FORMAT_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    SHOW_DRIVE_NAME        ;show current info
CALL    CRLF

CALL    BIOS_SET_HOME          ;Start at track 0
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

```

```

NEXT_TRACK:
LD      C,CMD_FORMAT_TRACK      ;Format a complete track
CALL    S100OUT

LD      A,(CURRENT_FORMAT_TRACK) ;get requested track
LD      C,A
CALL    S100OUT                 ;Send track number

LD      C,CONFIRM_FORMAT        ;Now send SPECIAL OK to FORMAT Disk flag
CALL    S100OUT

```

```

LD      HL,CURRENT_TRACK_MSG
CALL    PMSG
LD      A,(CURRENT_FORMAT_TRACK) ;Show the requested track
CALL    PACC

                                ;<<< Now wait until track is formatted >>>
WAIT_F: CALL    S100STAT          ;Wait until ZFDC Board is ready
JP      NZ,TRACK_DONE           ;NZ, something there!
CALL    CONSTAT                ;Is there an ESC from user at the console
JR      Z,WAIT_F               ;Nothing then wait some more
CALL    CI
CP      A,ESC                  ;Was an ESC character eneterd
JR      Z,FORMAT_ABORT1
JR      WAIT_F

TRACK_DONE:
CALL    S100IN                 ;Get returned Error # (Note this releases the SEND_DATA routine on the ZFDC board)
CP      A,NO_ERRORS_FLAG ;Was SEND_OK/NO_ERRORS_FLAG sent back from ZFDC Board
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,FORMAT_ABORT       ;If error abort

LD      A,(CURRENT_FORMAT_TRACK) ;Else point to the next track
INC     A
LD      (CURRENT_FORMAT_TRACK),A ;Save new requested track
CP      A,(IX+NTRKS)          ;Are we done yet
JP      NZ,NEXT_TRACK

FORMAT_FINISHED:
LD      HL,FORMAT_FINISHED_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    BIOS_SET_HOME         ;Start at track 0
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      POST_FORMAT

FORMAT_ABORT1:
CALL    S100IN                 ;Get returned Error # (Note this releases the SEND_DATA routine on the ZFDC board)
CP      A,NO_ERRORS_FLAG ;Was SEND_OK/NO_ERRORS_FLAG sent back from ZFDC Board
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS

FORMAT_ABORT:
LD      HL,FORMAT_ABORTED_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    BIOS_SET_HOME         ;Start at track 0
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      LOOP

POST_FORMAT:
                                ;For MSDOS Disks the disk needs to be modified/Initilized
LD      A,(IX+SPECIAL_FLAG)
OR      A,A
JP      Z,LOOP                ;If Z then no after formatting mods required

CP      A,1                    ;1.44M MSDOS Disks
JP      Z,MSDOS144
CP      A,2
JP      Z,MSDOS12
CP      A,3                    ;Old 360K MSDOS 2.0 (9 sectors/track) disk

```



```

JP      Z,MSDOS360
CP      A,4                ;Old 360BK MSDOS 1.1 (8 sectors/track) disk
JP      Z,MSDOS360B

LD      HL,UNKNOWN_MOD_MSG
CALL    PMSG
XOR     A,A
DEC     A
JP      LOOP

MSDOS144:                ;Initilize sectors on 3.5" 1.44M MSDOS/Windows disk
XOR     A,A                ;Fill in first FAT area
CALL    BIOS_SET_TRACK
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      A,2                ;FAT at sector 2 with F0,FF,FF
CALL    BIOS_SET_SECTOR
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

CALL    ZERO_BUFFER        ;First fill sector area with 0's

LD      A,0F0H              ;<-- Note
LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] will have location of sector data
LD      [HL],A
INC     HL
LD      A,0FFH
LD      [HL],A
INC     HL
LD      [HL],A

LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] has location of FAT data, write it
CALL    BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      A,0BH              ;Next sector B with F0,FF,FF for second FAT
CALL    BIOS_SET_SECTOR
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] has location of 2nd FAT data, write it
CALL    BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR;Same as first above
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      A,1H                ;Setup the first (Boot) sector
CALL    BIOS_SET_SECTOR    ;MSDOS/Windows expects key bytes in the first 28 bytes
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      DE,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Next move the special 28 bytes into the area
LD      HL,MSDOS_14BOOT_DATA ;Note because the above sectors only used 3 bytes the
LD      BC,28              ;rest of the sector is still full of 0's
LDIR

```

```

LD     HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] has location of 2nd FAT data, write it
CALL   BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP     NZ,LOOP           ;We are done here
LD     HL,MSDOS14_MOD_MSG
CALL   PMSG
JP     LOOP

MSDOS12:
XOR    A,A               ;Initilize sectors on 5" 1.2M MSDOS/Windows disk
CALL   BIOS_SET_TRACK   ;Fill in first FAT area
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP     NZ,LOOP

LD     A,2               ;First FAT at sector 2 with F9,FF,FF
CALL   BIOS_SET_SECTOR
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP     NZ,LOOP

CALL   ZERO_BUFFER     ;Fill sector area with 0's

LD     A,0F9H           ;<--Note
LD     HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] will have location of sector data
LD     [HL],A
INC    HL
LD     A,0FFH
LD     [HL],A
INC    HL
LD     [HL],A

LD     HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] has location of FAT data, write it
CALL   BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP     NZ,LOOP

LD     A,09H           ;Also sector 9 with F9,FF,FF for second FAT
CALL   BIOS_SET_SECTOR
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP     NZ,LOOP

LD     HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] has location of 2nd FAT data, write it
CALL   BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR;Same as first above
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP     NZ,LOOP

LD     A,1H           ;Setup the first (Boot) sector
CALL   BIOS_SET_SECTOR ;MSDOS/Windows expects key bytes in the first 28 bytes
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP     NZ,LOOP

LD     DE,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Next move the special 28 bytes into the area
LD     HL,MSDOS_12BOOT_DATA ;Note because the above sectors only used 3 bytes the
LD     BC,28           ;rest of the sector is still full of 0's
LDIR

```

```

LD     HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] has location of 2nd FAT data, write it
CALL   BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP     NZ,LOOP           ;We are done here
LD     HL,MSDOS12_MOD_MSG
CALL   PMSG
JP     LOOP

MSDOS360:                ;Initilize sectors on 5" 360K (9 sec/track) MSDOS/Windows disk
XOR    A,A                ;Fill in first FAT area
CALL   BIOS_SET_TRACK
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP     NZ,LOOP

LD     A,2                ;First FAT at sector 2 with FD,FF,FF
CALL   BIOS_SET_SECTOR
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP     NZ,LOOP

CALL   ZERO_BUFFER       ;Fill sector area with 0's

LD     A,0FDH             ;<--Note
LD     HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] will have location of sector data
LD     [HL],A
INC    HL
LD     A,0FFH
LD     [HL],A
INC    HL
LD     [HL],A

LD     HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] has location of FAT data, write it
CALL   BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP     NZ,LOOP

LD     A,04H             ;Also sector 4 with FD,FF,FF for second FAT
CALL   BIOS_SET_SECTOR
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP     NZ,LOOP

LD     HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] has location of 2nd FAT data, write it
CALL   BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR;Same as first above
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP     NZ,LOOP

LD     A,1H              ;Setup the first (Boot) sector
CALL   BIOS_SET_SECTOR  ;MSDOS/Windows expects key bytes in the first 28 bytes
CALL   NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP     NZ,LOOP

LD     DE,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Next move the special 28 bytes into the area
LD     HL,MSDOS_360BOOT_DATA ;Note because the above sectors only used 3 bytes the
LD     BC,28             ;rest of the sector is still full of 0's
LDIR

LD     HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] has location of 2nd FAT data, write it

```

```

CALL    BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP          ;We are done here
LD      HL,MSDOS360_MOD_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JP      LOOP

MSDOS360B:                ;Initilize sectors on 5" 360K (8 sec/track) MSDOS/Windows disk
XOR     A,A              ;Fill in first FAT area
CALL    BIOS_SET_TRACK  ;<<< NOTE I HAVE NOT TESTED THIS FORMAT WITH DOS 1.1 >>>
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      A,2              ;First FAT at sector 2 with FD,FF,FF
CALL    BIOS_SET_SECTOR
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

CALL    ZERO_BUFFER     ;Fill sector area with 0's

LD      A,0FFH          ;<--Note
LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] will have location of sector data
LD      [HL],A
INC     HL
LD      A,0FFH
LD      [HL],A
INC     HL
LD      [HL],A

LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] has location of FAT data, write it
CALL    BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      A,04H          ;Also sector 4 with FD,FF,FF for second FAT
CALL    BIOS_SET_SECTOR
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] has location of 2nd FAT data, write it
CALL    BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR;Same as first above
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      A,1H          ;Setup the first (Boot) sector
CALL    BIOS_SET_SECTOR ;MSDOS/Windows expects key bytes in the first 28 bytes
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      DE,SECTOR_BUFFER ;Next move the special 28 bytes into the area
LD      HL,MSDOS_360BBOOT_DATA ;Note because the above sectors only used 3 bytes the
LD      BC,28          ;rest of the sector is still full of 0's
LDIR

LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] has location of 2nd FAT data, write it
CALL    BIOS_WRITE_SECTOR

```

```

CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      NZ,LOOP          ;We are done here
LD      HL,MSDOS360B_MOD_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JP      LOOP

```

```

ZERO_BUFFER:                ;Fill sector buffer area with 0's
LD      HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;[HL] will have location of sector data
LD      BC,512

```

```

FILL_MORE:                  ;Fill area with 0's first
LD      A,0
LD      [HL],A
INC     HL
DEC     BC
LD      A,C
OR      A,B
JR      NZ,FILL_MORE
RET

```

```

;----- Get WD2793 Sector register value -----

```

```

GET_WD_SECTOR:
LD      HL,GET_WD_SEC_MSG;WD2798 Sector Register =
CALL    PMSG
CALL    BIOS_GET_WD_SECTOR ;Return with Sector in [D]
JP      Z,GET_SECTOR1
CALL    SHOW_ERRORS
JP      LOOP

```

```

GET_SECTOR1:
LD      A,D
LD      (@SEC),A ;Store Sector at @SEC
LD      A,D
CALL    PACC
LD      HL,H_MSG ;H.
CALL    PMSG
JP      LOOP

```

```
submit
```

```

;----- Get WD2793 Track register value -----

```

```

GET_WD_TRACK:
LD      HL,GET_WD_TRK_MSG;WD2798 Track Register =
CALL    PMSG
CALL    BIOS_GET_WD_TRACK;Return with Track in [D]
JP      Z,GET_TRACK1
CALL    SHOW_ERRORS
JP      LOOP

```

```

GET_TRACK1:
LD      A,D
LD      (@TRK),A ;Store track at @TRK
LD      A,D
CALL    PACC
LD      HL,H_END_MSG ;H.

```

```

CALL    PMSG
JP      LOOP

```

```

;----- Print string explaining last error code # sent from ZFDC board -----

```

```

GET_ERROR_STRING

```

```

LD      HL,GET_ERROR_NUMBER_MSG ;"Enter Error Number"
CALL    PMSG

CALL    GETHEX                  ;Get Hex number
PUSH   AF                      ;Save it
LD      HL,H_END_MSG
CALL    PMSG
LD      HL,RETURN_NUMBER_MSG   ;"String Returned = "
CALL    PMSG
POP     AF                      ;Get it back

CALL    BIOS_ERROR_STRING;Print String on CRT
JP      LOOP

```

```

;----- Get WD2793 Status register value -----

```

```

GET_WD_STATUS:

```

```

LD      HL,GET_WD_SEC_MSG;WD2798 Status Register =
CALL    PMSG
CALL    BIOS_GET_WD_SECTOR      ;Return with Sector in [D]
JP      NZ,STATUS_ERR
LD      A,D
CALL    PACC

LD      HL,GET_WD_TRK_MSG;WD2798 Status Register =
CALL    PMSG
CALL    BIOS_GET_WD_TRACK;Return with Track in [D]
JP      NZ,STATUS_ERR
LD      A,D
CALL    PACC

LD      HL,GET_WD_STAT_MSG      ;WD2798 Status Register =
CALL    PMSG
CALL    BIOS_GET_WD_STATUS      ;Return with Status in [D]
JP      NZ,STATUS_ERR
LD      A,D
CALL    BITS
JP      LOOP

```

```

STATUS_ERR:

```

```

CALL    SHOW_ERRORS
JP      LOOP

```

```

;----- Set ZFDC Board so it displays commands recieved and ACK' sent
;         back in the TRACK & SECTOR Displays

```

```

DEBUG_MODE

```

```

LD      A,(DEBUG_FLAG)

```

```

OR      A,A
JR      Z,DEBUG_ON
XOR     A,A
LD      (DEBUG_FLAG),A          ;Set to Z to turn off
LD      HL,DEBUG_OFF_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    BIOS_DEBUG_OFF
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      LOOP

DEBUG_ON:
DEC     A
LD      (DEBUG_FLAG),A          ;Set to 0FFZ to turn on
LD      HL,DEBUG_ON_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    BIOS_DEBUG_ON
CALL    NZ,SHOW_ERRORS
JP      LOOP

;----- Set ZFDC Board so it displays TRACK & SECTOR Information.

DETAIL_SEC_DATA:
LD      A,(DISPLAY_FLAG)
OR      A,A
JR      Z,DISPLAY_OFF
XOR     A,A
LD      (DISPLAY_FLAG),A
LD      HL,DISPLAY_ON_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JP      LOOP

DISPLAY_OFF:
DEC     A
LD      (DISPLAY_FLAG),A
LD      HL,DISPLAY_OFF_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JP      LOOP

;Dump ZFDC Board memory variables to S-100 system of most RAM variables and flag values (starting at 8000H)

RAM_DUMP:                                ;CMD = 19H
LD      HL,RAM_DUMP_A_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    CRLF

LD      C,CMD_RAM_DUMP              ;Send RAM dump command to ZFDC board
CALL    S100OUT
CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK                ;Wait for a NO_ERRORS flag to come back
JP      NZ,LOOP

LD      HL,DRIVE_A_PORT_MSG         ;Do Drive A:
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GET_DRIVE_DUMP              ;Will return with ESC if we want to abort
CP      A,ESC
JP      Z,STOP_DRIVE_DUMP
LD      C,NO_ERRORS_FLAG ;Else sent a NO_ERRORS Flag

```

```

CALL    S100OUT
CALL    CRLF

LD      HL,DRIVE_B_PORT_MSG      ;Do Drive B:
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GET_DRIVE_DUMP
CP      A,ESC
JP      Z,STOP_DRIVE_DUMP
LD      C,NO_ERRORS_FLAG ;Else send a NO_ERRORS Flag
CALL    S100OUT
CALL    CRLF

LD      HL,DRIVE_C_PORT_MSG      ;Do Drive C:
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GET_DRIVE_DUMP
CP      A,ESC
LD      C,NO_ERRORS_FLAG ;Else send a NO_ERRORS Flag
CALL    S100OUT
JP      Z,STOP_DRIVE_DUMP
CALL    CRLF

LD      HL,DRIVE_D_PORT_MSG      ;Do Drive D:
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GET_DRIVE_DUMP
CP      A,ESC
JP      Z,STOP_DRIVE_DUMP
LD      C,NO_ERRORS_FLAG ;Else send a NO_ERRORS Flag
CALL    S100OUT
CALL    CRLF

LD      HL,Z80_SP_MSG            ;Next display the stack pointer
CALL    PMSG
CALL    S100IN
CALL    PACC

CALL    S100IN
CALL    PACC

LD      HL,CURRENT_DR_MSG;Next display @CURRENT_DRIVE_SELECT
CALL    PMSG
CALL    S100IN
CALL    PACC

CALL    WAIT_FOR_ACK            ;Ignore errors (if any)
CALL    CRLF
JP      LOOP

STOP_DRIVE_DUMP:
LD      C,CMD_ABORT            ;Send RAM dump command to ZFDC board
CALL    S100OUT
JP      LOOP

GET_DRIVE_DUMP:
LD      HL,HW_PORT_MSG
CALL    PMSG

```



```

CALL S100IN ;Note potential to lockup here (but unlightly)
LD (DR_STORE),A ;Store bits in for later below
CALL BITS ;Show port bit pattern

LD HL,NSCTRS_MSG ;Sectors/Track for disk
CALL PMSG
CALL S100IN
LD D,A ;<---- Store sector/track for later (0 if an unformatted disk)
DEC A ;Because table data is sec/track+1
CALL PACC

LD HL,NTRKS_MSG ;Tracks/Side
CALL PMSG
CALL S100IN
CALL PACC

LD HL,HEADR_MSG ;For Formatting
CALL PMSG
CALL S100IN
CALL PACC

LD HL,GAP1_MSG ; "
CALL PMSG
CALL S100IN
CALL PACC

LD HL,GAP2_MSG ; "
CALL PMSG
CALL S100IN
CALL PACC

LD HL,GAP3_MSG ; "
CALL PMSG
CALL S100IN
CALL PACC

LD HL,GAP4_MSG ; "
CALL PMSG
CALL S100IN
CALL PACC

LD HL,GAP4R_MSG ; "
CALL PMSG
CALL S100IN
CALL PACC

LD HL,SEC_SIZE_FLAG_MSG ;0=128 Byte sectors, 1 = 256, 2 = 512, 4=1024 Byte sectors
CALL PMSG
CALL S100IN
CALL PACC

LD HL,GAP_FILL_CHAR_MSG ;Byte used in disk formating
CALL PMSG
CALL S100IN
CALL PACC

```

```

LD     HL,DATA_FILL_CHAR_MSG      ;   "   "   "
CALL   PMSG
CALL   S100IN
CALL   PACC

LD     HL,SPECIAL_FLAG_MSG       ;Flag byte for cases where after formatting disk need to be initilized. Normally 0, CPM86_FLAG = 1
CALL   PMSG
CALL   S100IN
CALL   PACC

LD     HL,SKEW_MSG                ;High address of sector skew table
CALL   PMSG
CALL   S100IN
CALL   PACC

CALL   S100IN                    ;Low address
CALL   PACC

LD     HL,FORMAT_NUM_MSG;Each format will have a unique number in the table list below.
CALL   PMSG
CALL   S100IN
CALL   PACC

LD     HL,SYS_TRKS_MSG           ;How many tracks for system (usually 2 for 8-inch disks)
CALL   PMSG
CALL   S100IN
CALL   PACC

LD     HL,SEC_SIZE_BYTES_MSG     ;Two Bytes. (128,256,512 or 1024)
CALL   PMSG
CALL   S100IN                    ;High address
CALL   PACC

CALL   S100IN                    ;Low Address
CALL   PACC

LD     HL,TRACK_SIZE_MSG;Two Bytes. Track size (in bytes) of that disks format
CALL   PMSG
CALL   S100IN                    ;High address
CALL   PACC

CALL   S100IN                    ;Low Address
CALL   PACC

LD     HL,CPM_TRACK_MSG ;CPM requested Track for this disk
CALL   PMSG
CALL   S100IN
CALL   PACC

LD     HL,CPM_SECTOR_MSG;CPM requested Sector for this disk
CALL   PMSG
CALL   S100IN
LD     E,A                        ;store sector data for later (0 if not used by CPM)
CALL   PACC

LD     A,D                        ;Check if the drive has an assigned format table (Sec = 0)

```

```

OR      A,A                ;If zero then no format yet assigned
JR      NZ,SHOW_DRIVE_INFO
LD      HL,NO_SIDES_MSG
CALL    PMSG
LD      HL,NO_FORMAT_MSG ;No format for this disk so far
CALL    PMSG
JR      DONE_PORT

SHOW_DRIVE_INFO:
LD      A,(DR_STORE)      ;Get Drive paramaters from above
BIT     SIDE_BIT,A
JR      Z,BS_BIT          ;Z for Side B
LD      HL,AS_BIT_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JR      LOOK_AT_BITS
BS_BIT: LD      HL,BS_BIT_MSG
CALL    PMSG

LOOK_AT_BITS:
LD      A,(DR_STORE)      ;Get Drive paramaters from above
BIT     DENSITY_BIT,A    ;Now analyze the high nibble bits (SD or DD)
JR      Z,DD_BIT
LD      HL,SD_BIT_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JR      RAM_CHECK_SIZE
DD_BIT: LD      HL,DD_BIT_MSG
CALL    PMSG

RAM_CHECK_SIZE:
LD      A,(DR_STORE)      ;Get Drive paramaters from above
BIT     SIZE_BIT,A       ;5" or 8"
JR      Z,S5_BIT
LD      HL,S8_BIT_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JR      RAM_CHECK_SIDE
S5_BIT: LD      HL,S5_BIT_MSG
CALL    PMSG

RAM_CHECK_SIDE:
CALL    S100IN            ;Get SS/DS flag for this disk

BIT     SIDE_BIT,A        ;Is it SS or DS disk
JR      Z,CPM_SS          ;00000100 for Single sided disk
LD      HL,CPM_DS_MSG
CALL    PMSG
JR      DONE_PORT
CPM_SS: LD      HL,CPM_SS_MSG
CALL    PMSG

DONE_PORT:
LD      HL,NEXT_DISK_MSG
CALL    PMSG
CALL    GETCMD            ;Check if more info is required
RET

```

```

;-----
TBD:      NOP
          NOP          ;fall into NOT_DONE

NOT_DONE:
          LD          HL,NOT_DONE_MSG
          CALL        PMSG
          JP          LOOP

;-----SUPPORT ROUTINES -----

;Display the Sector ID read from disk to RAM location at (TRACK_ID_BUFFERR)

DISPLAY_TRACK_ID          ;Display the 6 Bytes on the CRT
          LD          HL,TRK_ID_MSG
          CALL        PMSG
          LD          B,6
          LD          HL,TRACK_ID_BUFFER
SHOW1:   LD          A,(HL)
          CALL        PACC
          INC         HL
          DJNZ        SHOW1
          RET

;Display the Sector read from disk to RAM location at (SECTOR_BUFFER)
DISPLAY_TRACK:
          PUSH        AF
          PUSH        BC
          PUSH        DE
          PUSH        HL
DISP:    CALL        CRLF
          LD          HL,SECTOR_BUFFER ;GET PARAMETERS IN [HL],[DE]
          LD          DE,SECTOR_BUFFER + MAX_TRACK_SIZE
          LD          A,L                ;ROUND OFF ADDRESSES TO XX00H
          AND         0F0H
          LD          L,A
          LD          A,E                ;FINAL ADDRESS LOWER HALF
          LD          A,16               ;Display line count
          LD          (LINE_COUNT),A
          AND         0F0H
          ADD         A,10H              ;FINISH TO END OF LINE
TSF172: CALL        LFAD                 ;CRLF, Print [HL] value
TSF175: LD          C,SPACE              ;One space across
          CALL        CO
          LD          A,(HL)
          CALL        PACC
          CALL        HILOX
          LD          A,L

```

```

AND      0FH
JR       NZ,TSF175
LD       C,TAB           ;INSERT A TAB BETWEEN DATA
CALL    CO
LD       B,4H           ;ALSO 4 SPACES
TTA11:  LD       C,SPACE
CALL    CO
DJNZ    TTA11
LD       B,16           ;NOW PRINT ASCII (16 CHARACTERS)
PUSH    DE              ;TEMPORLY SAVE [DE]
LD       DE,0010H
SBC     HL,DE
POP     DE
TT11:   LD       A,(HL)
AND     7FH
CP      ' '             ;FILTER OUT CONTROL CHARACTERS'
JR      NC,TT33
TT22:   LD       A,'.'
TT33:   CP      07CH
JR      NC,TT22
LD       C,A           ;SET UP TO SEND
CALL    CO
INC     HL
DJNZ    TT11           ;REPEAT FOR WHOLE LINE
LD       A,(LINE_COUNT)
DEC     A
LD      (LINE_COUNT),A ;Check if we have done a page of lines
JR      NZ,TSF172
LD      A,16
LD      (LINE_COUNT),A
CALL    CRLF
PUSH    HL
LD      HL,HIT_SP_MSG  ;"Hit ESC to Abort Msg"
CALL    PMSG
CALL    CI
CP      A,ESC
POP     HL
JR      Z,TRK_DONE
CALL    CRLF
JR      TSF172
;
TRK_DONE:
POP     HL              ;Abort display
POP     DE
POP     BC
POP     AF
RET

;Display the Sector read from disk to RAM location at (SECTOR_BUFFER)
DISPLAY_SECTOR:
PUSH    AF
PUSH    BC
PUSH    DE
PUSH    HL

PUSH    HL

```

```

CALL    SHOW_TSS_LOC          ;Track = xxH Sector = xxH, Side=A/B
POP     HL                    ;Move DMA address into HL

LD      A,(DISPLAY_FLAG) ;Is Detailed sector data display ON/OFF
OR      A,A
JP      NZ,SEC_DONE

PUSH    HL
LD      E,(IX+SEC_SIZE_BYTES) ;128,256,512 or 1024 byte sector size
LD      D,(IX+SEC_SIZE_BYTES+1)
ADD     HL,DE
EX      DE,HL                ;[DE] is now [HL]+ sector size
POP     HL
JR      SDISP1

SDISP:  CALL    CRLF
SDISP1: LD      A,L            ;ROUND OFF ADDRESSES TO XX00H
AND     0F0H
LD      L,A
LD      A,16                  ;Display line count
LD      (LINE_COUNT),A
LD      A,E                    ;FINAL ADDRESS LOWER HALF
AND     0F0H
ADD     A,10H                  ;FINISH TO END OF LINE
SF172:  CALL    LFAD           ;CRLF, Print [HL] value
SF175:  LD      C,SPACE        ;One space across
CALL    CO
LD      A,(HL)
CALL    PACC
CALL    HILOX                  ;If [HL]=[DE] we pop stack and return
LD      A,L
AND     0FH
JR      NZ,SF175
LD      C,TAB                  ;INSERT A TAB BETWEEN DATA
CALL    CO
LD      B,4H                    ;ALSO 4 SPACES
STA11:  LD      C,SPACE
CALL    CO
DJNZ   STA11
LD      B,16                    ;NOW PRINT ASCII (16 CHARACTERS)
PUSH    DE                      ;TEMPORLY SAVE [DE]
LD      DE,0010H
SBC     HL,DE
POP     DE
ST11:   LD      A,(HL)
AND     7FH
CP      ' '                      ;FILTER OUT CONTROL CHARACTERS'
JR      NC,ST33
ST22:   LD      A,'.'
ST33:   CP      07CH
JR      NC,ST22
LD      C,A                      ;SET UP TO SEND
CALL    CO
INC     HL
DJNZ   ST11                      ;REPEAT FOR WHOLE LINE
LD      A,(LINE_COUNT)

```

```

DEC     A
LD      (LINE_COUNT),A      ;Check if we have done a page of lines
JR      NZ,SF172
LD      A,16
LD      (LINE_COUNT),A
CALL    CRLF
LD      A,(HALT_CHECK_FLAG) ;Do we have a keyboard check for CRT display
OR      A,A
JR      Z,SF172
PUSH    HL
LD      HL,HIT_SP_MSG      ;"Hit ESC to Abort Msg"
CALL    PMSG
CALL    CI
CP      A,ESC
POP     HL
JR      Z,SEC_DONE
CALL    CRLF
JR      SF172
SEC_DONE:
POP     HL
POP     DE
POP     BC
POP     AF
RET

;
;PRINT [HL] AND A SPACE
LFAD:   CALL    CRLF
        PUSH    HL
        PUSH    BC
        CALL    LADR
        LD      C,SPACE
        CALL    CO
        POP     BC
        POP     HL
        RET

;PRINT [HL] ON CONSOL
LADR:   LD      A,H
        CALL    PACC
        LD      A,L
        CALL    PACC
        RET

;RANGE TEST ROUTINE CARRY SET = RANGE EXCEEDED (Used by Sector and Track display, only)
HILOX:  CALL    HILO
        RET     NC

;-----
LD      B,10
LD      C,BS                ;Cleanup bug where one extra data byte is printed!
SCLEAN: CALL    CO          ;Need it initially, to get ascii on last line printed!
        DJNZ   SCLEAN
        LD      B,10
        LD      C,' '      ;Then print 8 spaces

```

```

SCLEAN1:CALL    CO
            DJNZ  SCLEAN1
            LD    C,CR          ;and finel CR
            CALL  CO
;-----
            POP  HL              ;Balance up Stack
            POP  HL              ;All done
            POP  DE
            POP  BC
            POP  AF
            RET
HILO:      INC  HL              ;RANGE CHECK SET CARRY IF [DE]=[HL]
            LD  A,H
            OR  L
            SCF
            RET  Z
            LD  A,E
            SUB L
            LD  A,D
            SBC A,H
            RET

WAIT_FOR_ACK:
            PUSH BC
            PUSH DE
            LD  BC,0
            LD  E,STATUS_DELAY    ;Timeout, (about 2 seconds)
WAIT_1:    IN  A,(S100_STATUS_B);Send data to ZFDC output (arrive with character to be sent in C)
            BIT  DIRECTION_BIT,A    ;Is ZFDC in input mode
            JR  Z,WAIT_2            ;if low then ZFDC is still in input mode
            CALL S100STAT          ;Wait until ZFDC Board sends something
            JP  NZ,GET_HAND_SHAKE;Return Z flag set if OK, Status in [E]
WAIT_2:    DJNZ WAIT_1            ;Try for ~2 seconds
            DEC  B                  ;Reset B to 0FFH
            DEC  C
            JR  NZ,WAIT_1
            DEC  B                  ;Reset B to 0FFH
            DEC  C
            DEC  E
            JR  NZ,WAIT_1
            XOR  A
            DEC  A
            POP  DE                ;Balance up stack
            POP  BC
            RET                    ;Return NZ flag set if timeout AND 0FFH in [A]

GET_HAND_SHAKE:
            CALL S100IN          ;Get returned Error # (Note this releases the SEND_DATA routine on the ZFDC board)
            CP  A,NO_ERRORS_FLAG ;Was SEND_OK/NO_ERRORS_FLAG sent back from ZFDC Board
            POP  DE                ;Balance up stack
            POP  BC
            RET                    ;Return NZ if problem

```



```

WAIT_FOR_JOB_DONE:                ;This is a special wait (a long time) for things like disk formatting
    PUSH     BC                    ;the operator can abort the job being done by typing ESC key
    PUSH     DE
    LD       B,0
WAIT_3:  DJNZ     WAIT_3            ;Let hardware settle down from possible previous command
WAIT_4:  IN       A,(S100_STATUS_B);Send data to ZFDC output (arrive with character to be sent in C)
    BIT     DIRECTION_BIT,A        ;Is ZFDC in input mode
    JR     Z,WAIT_4                ;if low then ZFDC is in input mode
    CALL    S100STAT                ;Wait until ZFDC Board is ready
    JP     NZ,GET_HAND_SHAKE;NZ, something there!
    CALL    CONSTAT                 ;Is there an ESC at the consol
    JR     Z,WAIT_4
    CALL    CI
    CP     A,ESC
    JR     NZ,WAIT_4
    POP     DE                      ;Balance up stack
    POP     BC
    XOR     A,A
    DEC     A
    LD     A,ABORT_FLAG            ;Return OFEH, This error message flags operator terminated command
    RET                                ;Return NZ flag as well

```

;----- Generalized Error string display routine. The Error # is in [A] -----

```

SHOW_ERRORS:                      ;Display error information
    PUSH     AF                    ;Need to retain Z flag info
    CP     A,0FFH                  ;WAIT_FOR_ACK Timeout, (about 2 seconds) recieved
    JR     Z,TIMEOUT_ERR
    CP     A,CMD_RANGE_ERR
    JR     NC,RANGE_ERROR
    LD     HL,ERROR_TBL
    ADD     A,A                    ;X2
    ADD     A,L
    LD     L,A
    LD     A,(HL)
    INC     HL
    LD     H,(HL)
    LD     L,A                    ;[HL] Now contains pointer to error string
    CALL    PMSG                   ;Print Error message string
    CALL    CRLF
    POP     AF
    RET

```

```

TIMEOUT_ERR:
    LD     HL,TIMEOUT_ERROR_MSG
    CALL    PMSG
    POP     AF
    RET

```

```

RANGE_ERROR:                      ;If out of range Error message number
    PUSH     AF
    LD     HL,RANGE_ERROR_MSG
    CALL    PMSG
    POP     AF
    CALL    PACC
    LD     HL,H_MSG

```

```

CALL    PMSG
CALL    CRLF
POP     AF
RET

```

```

SHOW_DRIVE_NAME:
    PUSH    IX                ;Save original pointer
SHOW_DR1:LD    A,(IX+TITLE)
    OR     A,A                ;Repeat up to end of string
    JP     Z,SHOW_DR2
    LD     C,A
    CALL   CO
    INC    IX
    JP     SHOW_DR1
SHOW_DR2:
    POP     IX
    RET

```

```

; General routine to show the current location of the active disk head.
; Will display track, sector and side if two sided drive/disk
; Format is 'At TRACK xxH, SCETOR yyH, SIDE A/B.'
; Note: NO CR/LF at start of string
;

```

```

SHOW_TSS_LOC:
    PUSH    HL
    LD     HL,AT_TRK          ;Announce current track position
    CALL   PMSG
    LD     A,(@TRK)
    CALL   PACC
    LD     HL,AT_SEC          ;and Sector position
    CALL   PMSG
    LD     A,(@SEC)
    CALL   PACC
SHOW_SIDES:
    BIT    SIDE_BIT,(IX+HW_BYTE) ;Is it a 1 or 2 sided disk
    JR     Z,RW_SKIP_SIDES     ;If 0 is a ss disk so skip side display
    LD     A,(@SIDE)           ;Get hardware selection
    OR     A,A                 ;Port Hardware for side selection (0=A, 1=B)
    JR     NZ,RW_B_SIDE
    LD     HL,HEAD0_MSG        ;Announce side 0 (or A)
    CALL   PMSG
    POP    HL
    RET
RW_B_SIDE:
    LD     HL,HEAD1_MSG        ;Announce side 1 (or B)
    CALL   PMSG
    POP    HL
    RET
RW_SKIP_SIDES:
    LD     HL,H_MSG            ;If SS disk, no need for a HEAD# message
    CALL   PMSG
    POP    HL
    RET

```

```

;Main Routing to get a command character from Keyboard. Character returned in [A]

GETCMD: CALL    CI                ;GET A CHARACTER, convert to UC, ECHO it
        CALL    UCASE
        CP      A,ESC
        RET     Z                ;Don't echo an ESC
        PUSH   AF                ;Save it
        PUSH   BC
        LD     C,A
        CALL   CO                ;Echo it
        POP    BC
        POP    AF                ;Get it back. Return with Character in [A]
        RET

;
UCASE:  CP      A,'a'            ;Convert LC to UC
        RET     C                ;must be >= lowercase a
        CP      A,'z'+1         ; else go back...
        RET     NC              ;must be <= lowercase z
        CP      A,'z'+1         ; else go back...
        SUB     A,'a'-'A'        ;subtract lowercase bias
        RET

; ASCII TO BINARY CONVERSION ROUTINE
ASBIN:  SUB     30H
        CP      0AH
        RET     M
        SUB     07H
        RET

; Return with 2 HEX digits in [A]. If abort, Carry flag set + ESC in [A]

GETHEX:
        PUSH   BC
        CALL   GETCMD           ;Get a character from keyboard & ECHO
        CP      A,ESC
        JR     Z,HEX_ABORT
        CP      '/'            ;check 0-9, A-F
        JR     C,HEX_ABORT
        CP      'F'+1
        JR     NC,HEX_ABORT
        CALL   ASBIN           ;Convert to binary
        SLA   A
        SLA   A
        SLA   A
        SLA   A                ;Shift to high nibble
        LD     B,A             ;Store it
        CALL   GETCMD           ;Get 2nd character from keyboard & ECHO
        CP      A,ESC
        JR     Z,HEX_ABORT
        CP      '/'            ;check 0-9, A-F
        JR     C,HEX_ABORT
        CP      'F'+1
        JR     NC,HEX_ABORT
        CALL   ASBIN           ;Convert to binary

```

```

    OR     A,B           ;add in the first digit
    OR     A,A           ;To return NC
    POP    BC
    RET

HEX_ABORT:
    SCF                     ;Set Carry flag
    LD     A,ESC
    POP    BC
    RET

;Print the accumulator value on CRT in HEX-ASCII. Return [A],[BC] unchanged

PACC:   PUSH    AF
        PUSH    BC
        PUSH    AF
        RRCA
        RRCA
        RRCA
        RRCA
        CALL    ZCONV
        POP     AF
        CALL    ZCONV
        POP     BC
        POP     AF
        RET

ZCONV:  AND     A,0FH       ;HEX to ASCII
        ADD     90H
        DAA
        ADC     40H
        DAA
        LD     C,A
        CALL    CO
        RET

;DISPLAY BIT PATTERN IN [A]
;
BITS:   PUSH    AF
        PUSH    BC
        PUSH    DE
        LD     E,A
        LD     B,8
BQ2:    SLA     E
        LD     A,18H
        ADC     A
        LD     C,A
        CALL    CO
        DJNZ   BQ2
        POP    DE

```

```

      POP      BC
      POP      AF
      RET

CRLF:  PUSH    AF                ;Send CR/LF to CRT Return [A] & [BC] Unchanged
      PUSH    BC
      LD      C,CR
      CALL    CO
      LD      C,LF
      CALL    CO
      POP     BC
      POP     AF
      RET

MSG:   PUSH    BC                ;Save [BC]
MSG2:  LD      A,(HL)            ;PRINT MESSAGE STRING in [HL] up to 0
      OR      A
      JP     Z,PMSG1
      LD      C,A
      CALL    CO
      INC     HL
      JP     PMSG2
PMSG1: POP     BC
      RET

; CHECK IF AN ABORT (ESC) CHARACTER IS PRESENT AT THE CONSOL
; HOLD EVERYTHING IF SPACEBAR IS PRESSED. Return NZ if ESC
;
CHECKABORT:                ;see if an abort is required
      CALL    CONSTAT
      RET     Z
CHECK1:  CALL    CI
      CP     A,ESC            ;ESC to abort
      JR     Z,CABORT
      CP     A,' '           ;If spacebar then freeze CRT display
      JR     Z,CHECK1
      XOR    A,A
      RET
CABORT:  XOR     A,A          ;Was ESC, so return with NZ flag
      DEC    A              ;return NZ, & 0FFH in A if ESC there
      RET

;

; Simple random number generator. Return number in [A]
RANDOM:  LD      A,R          ;Seed will be differentd each time
      LD      B,A
      ADD    A,A
      ADD    A,A
      ADD    A,B
      RR     A
      ADD    A,7
      RET

;Get a random Track & Sector number for current track/drive table put in @trk & @sec

```

```

RANDOM_TRK_SEC:
    CALL    RANDOM                ;Get next random number for Track AND Sector
    BIT    SIZE_BIT, (IX+HW_BYTE)
    JR     NZ, RANDOM1
    AND    1FH                    ;Tracks max for 5"
RANDOM1:AND    3FH                ;77 Tracks on an 8" drive
    LD     B, (IX+NTRKS)          ;Trim to size
    CP     A, B
    JR     NC, RANDOM_TRK_SEC
    LD     (@TRK), A              ;Store new track number

RAND_SEC:
    CALL    RANDOM
    AND    1FH                    ;Will never be more than this
    LD     B, (IX+NSCTRS)        ;Trim to size
    DEC    B                      ;Because it's sectors+1
    CP     A, B
    JR     NC, RAND_SEC
    PUSH   AF
    AND    A, 1H
    LD     (@SIDE), A            ;Close enough for a random side!
    POP    AF
    LD     (@SEC), A             ;Store new sector number
    OR     A, A
    RET    NZ
    LD     A, 1
    LD     (@SEC), A
    RET

;Get next Track & Sector number for current track/drive table put in @trk & @sec
NEXT_TRK_SEC:
    LD     A, (@SEC)
    INC    A
    LD     (@SEC), A
    LD     B, (IX+NSCTRS)        ;Trim to size
    CP     A, B                  ;Are we at the end
    RET    C
    LD     A, 1                  ;Remember no sector 0
    LD     (@SEC), A
    BIT    SIDE_BIT, (IX+HW_BYTE) ;Is is a double sided disk
    JR     Z, ONE_SIDE_ONLY
    LD     A, (@SIDE)
    OR     A, A                  ;If A side switch to B
    JR     NZ, BACK_TO_A
    LD     A, 1
    LD     (@SIDE), A           ;Set to side B
    RET

BACK_TO_A:
    XOR    A, A
    LD     (@SIDE), A

ONE_SIDE_ONLY:
    LD     A, (@TRK)
    INC    A
    LD     (@TRK), A
    CP     A, (IX+NTRKS)        ;Are we at the end

```

```

RET      C
XOR      A,A                      ;Reset to track 0
LD       (@TRK),A
RET

```

```
; Software time delay ~0.5 Sec @ 6MHZ
```

```

DELAY_1S:
PUSH     AF
PUSH     BC
LD       A,5H
LD       BC,0                    ;Delay
WAIT_D:  DJNZ  WAIT_D            ;Delay for ~0.5 seconds
DEC      B                      ;Reset B to 0FFH
DEC      C
JR       NZ,WAIT_D
DEC      A
JR       NZ,WAIT_D
POP      BC
POP      AF
RET

```

```

-----
SIGNON:  DB      CR,LF
         DB      'ZFDC Board Diagnostic & Format Program. '
         DB      '(V2.8 by John Monahan 04/30/2011)',CR,LF,0

MAIN_MENU:
DB      CR,LF,LF
DB      '00 FORMAT DISK   01 Set Drive Format  02 Select Drive   03 Set HOME',CR,LF
DB      '04 Set TRACK    05 Set SECTOR      06 Set SIDE       07 Step IN Test',CR,LF
DB      '08 Get TRK ID   09 Random TRK ID   0A Seek(NV)Test   0B Seek(V) to TRK',CR,LF
DB      '0C Random Seek(V) 0D READ a Sector  0E Step RD Sector 0F Random RD Sec ',CR,LF
DB      '10 WRITE a Sector 11 Step Sec R/W   12 Random Sec R/W 13 Write Boot Sec',CR,LF
DB      '14 Get Format No. 15 Read TRACK    16 Error To String 17 SEC display ON/OFF',CR,LF
DB      '18 PIO Test      19 To Monitor    1A Show Signon    1B Reset ZFDC Board',CR,LF
DB      '1C WD2793 Status 1D Data Dump    1E Debug ON/OFF   1F Multi-Sec RD',CR,LF
DB      '20 Multi-Sect WR  ESC To CPM (any time)',CR,LF
DB,LF,0

DISK_TBL_MSG:  DB      'Disk Format Table = ',0
DISK_TBL1_MSG: DB      'New Disk Format Table = ',0
CMD_ERROR_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Out of range command',CR,LF,0

MONITOR_MSG:  DB      CR,LF,'Sending MONITOR Command to ZFDC Board',CR,LF,0
SIGNON_MSG:   DB      CR,LF,'Sending SIGNON Command to FDC Board',CR,LF,0
RESET_MSG:    DB      CR,LF,'Sending RESET Command to FDC Board',CR,LF,0
TIMEOUT_MSG:  DB      CR,LF,BELL,'Timeout Error. ZFDC Board failed to send back an ACK handshake messege.',CR,LF,0
ERR_CODE_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Error Code = ',CR,LF,0
DRIVE_MSG:    DB      CR,LF,'Select ZFDC Drive # (0,1,2 or 3):- ',0
TABLE_MSG_8:  DB      CR,LF,LF
DB      '01 = 8" (Also 5" & 3.5") , SDSS, 26 X 128 Byte Sectors, (IBM 3740 Format).',CR,LF
DB      '02 = 8" (Also 5" & 3.5") , DDSS, 50 X 128 Byte Sectors, (SD_Systems Format).',CR,LF
DB      '03 = 8" (Also 5" & 3.5") , DDDS, 26 X 256 Byte Sectors, (IBM System 34 Format).',CR,LF
DB      '04 = 8" (Also 5" & 3.5") , DDDS, 15 X 512 Byte Sectors.',CR,LF

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DB      '05 = 8" (Also 5" & 3.5"), DDSS, 8 X 1024 Byte Sectors.',CR,LF
DB      '06 = 8" (Also 5" & 3.5"), DDDS, 8 X 1024 Byte Sectors.',CR,LF,LF
DB      '15 = 3.5" (Only), for MSDOS, 1.44M DDDS, 18 X 512 Byte Sec., 80 Tracks.',CR,LF
DB      '16 = 3.5" (Only), for CPM, 1.44M DDDS, 18 X 512 Byte Sec., 80 Tracks.',CR,LF
DB      '17 = 5" (Only), for MSDOS, 1.2M DDDS, 18 X 512 Byte Sec., 80 Tracks.',CR,LF
DB      '18 = 5" (Only), for CPM, 1.2M DDDS, 18 X 512 Byte Sec., 80 Tracks.',0

TABLE_MSG_5: DB      CR,LF,LF
DB      '07 = 5" SDSS, 17 X 128 Byte Sectors, (SD-Systems Format).',CR,LF
DB      '08 = 5" DDSS, 28 X 128 Byte Sectors, (SD-Systems Format).',CR,LF
DB      '09 = 5" DDDS, 8 X 512 Byte Sectors, (IBM PC CPM-86 format).',CR,LF
DB      '0A = 5" DDDS, 9 X 512 Byte Sectors, (DEC VT180 format).',CR,LF
DB      '0B = 5" DDDS, 16 X 256 Byte Sectors, (TOSHIBA T-100 format).',CR,LF
DB      '0C = 5" SDDS, 18 X 128 Byte Sectors, (CROMEMCO CDOS Format).',CR,LF
DB      '0D = 5" DDDS, 10 X 512 Byte Sectors, (CROMEMCO CDOS/CPM Format).',CR,LF
DB      '0E = 5" SDDS, 10 X 512 Byte Sectors, (EPSON QX-10 Format).',CR,LF
DB      '0F = 5" DDDS, 5 X 1024 Byte Sectors, (MORROW MD3 format).',CR,LF
DB      '10 = 5" DDDS, 8 X 512 Byte Sectors, (ZENITH Z-100 format).',CR,LF
DB      '11 = 5" DDDS, 10 X 512 Byte Sectors, (SUPERBRAIN QD format).',CR,LF
DB      '12 = 5" DDDS, 8 X 512 Byte Sectors, (IBMPC MSDOS 1.1 format).',CR,LF
DB      '13 = 5" DDDS, 9 X 512 Byte Sectors, (IBMPC MSDOS 2.x format).',CR,LF
DB      '14 = 5" DDSS, 10 X 512 Byte Sectors, (TRS-80 MOD-III format).',0

BAD_TABLE_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Enter Drive Format Table menu number (xxH):- ',0
DISK_TABLE_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Invalid Format Table Number!',CR,LF,0
DISK_TABLE_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Current Format Table Number = ',0
TRACK_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Enter Track Number (xxH):- ',0
SIDE_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Select A = Side A, B = Side B:- ',0
SEC_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Enter Sector Number (xxH):- ',0
HOME_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Set current selected drive head to track 0',CR,LF,0
STEP_IN_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Sending Head Step IN Command to current drive (Repetedly)',CR,LF,0
STEP_OUT_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Sending Head Step OUT Command to current drive',CR,LF,0
CMD_SEEK_NV_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Sending Seek Track Command (No Verify) to current drive (Repetedly)',CR,LF,0
CMD_SEEK_TRACK_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Sending Seek to current track (With Verify) on current drive.',CR,LF,0
TRACK_ID_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Sending Get Track ID Command to current drive (Repetedly)',0
R_TRACK_ID_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Sending RANDOM Get Track ID Command to current drive (Repetedly)',0
READ_SECTOR_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Read Sector Command. (Will read SEC Buffer from Current sector on ZFDC).',0
WRITE_SECTOR_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Write Sector Command. (Will write SEC Buffer to Current sector on ZFDC).',0

MULTI_RD_SECTOR_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Read Multi-Sector Command. (Will read multiple sectors from ZFDC).'
DB      CR,LF,'Sector data will be read to loaction 5000H in RAM upwards.',CR,LF,0
MULTI_WR_SECTOR_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Write Multi-sector Command. (Will write multiple sectors to ZFDC).'
DB      CR,LF,'Sector data will be written from loaction 5000H in RAM upwards.',CR,LF,0

NUM_OF_RD_SEC: DB      CR,LF,'Enter number of sectors to read. (Note: No check for TPA overflow is done):-',0
RD_SEC_SIZE_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Returned READ sector size = ',0
SEEK_TEST_MSG DB      CR,LF,'Continous Seek Test.',CR,LF,0
H_END_MSG DB      'H.',0
GET_WD_TRK_MSG DB      CR,LF,'WD2798 Track Register = ',0
GET_WD_SEC_MSG DB      CR,LF,'WD2798 Sector Register = ',0
GET_WD_STAT_MSG DB      CR,LF,'WD2798 Status Register = ',0

SEL_DRIVE_A_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Selecting ZFDC Drive 0',0
SEL_DRIVE_B_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Selecting ZFDC Drive 1',0
SEL_DRIVE_C_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Selecting ZFDC Drive 2',0
SEL_DRIVE_D_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Selecting ZFDC Drive 3',0

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INVALID_DRIVE_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Invalid Drive.',0
SEL_TABLE_MSG:    DB      CR,LF,'New Drive Table Number = ',0
                  DB      CR,LF,'The ZFDC Board is now selecting the new Disk Paramater Table.',CR,LF,0
GETTING_TABLE:    DB      CR,LF,'The ZFDC Board will return the current Disk Paramater Table number.',CR,LF,0
WILL_SET_TRK_MSG: DB      'H.',CR,LF
                  DB      'The ZFDC Board will update CP/M requested Track.',CR,LF,0
WILL_SET_SIDE_MSG: DB     'H.',CR,LF,
                  DB      'The ZFDC Board will update CP/M requested Side.',CR,LF,0
WILL_SET_SEC_MSG: DB      'H.',CR,LF,
                  DB      'The ZFDC Board will update CP/M requested Sector.',CR,LF,0

AT_TRK_MSG:      DB      CR,LF,'At Track:- ',0
AT_TRK:          DB      ' TRACK ',0
AT_SEC:          DB      'H, SECTOR ',0
HEAD0_MSG       DB      'H, SIDE A',0
HEAD1_MSG       DB      'H, SIDE B',0
H_MSG           DB      'H. ',0
ATHEAD0         DB      ' SIDE A ',0
ATHEAD1         DB      ' SIDE B ',0
RD_TEST_MSG     DB      CR,LF,'Continous Sector Read Test.',CR,LF,0
WR_TEST_MSG     DB      CR,LF,'Continous Sector Write Test.',CR,LF,0
PIO_MSG         DB      CR,LF,'PIO Loop test. Type any character -- should echo back.',CR,LF,0
ECHO_MSG DB     CR,LF,'Software Loop test. Type any character -- should echo back.',CR,LF,0
AT_TRK_0_MSG    DB      CR,LF,'Home to Track 0',CR,LF,0
STEP_TO_MSG     DB      CR,LF,'Will step IN one track to Track: ',0
ERROR1_BITS_MSG DB      'WD2793 Status = ',0
SEEK_TO_MSG     DB      CR,LF,'Will seek IN one track to Track: ',0
R_SEEK_TO_MSG   DB      CR,LF,'Will seek to Track: ',0
R_SECTOR_MSG    DB      'H. Sector: ',0
SHOW_SEC_MSG    DB      'Track ',0
SHOW_SEC_MSG1   DB      'H, Sector ',0
TRK_ID_MSG      DB      CR,LF,LF,'Track ID = ',0
RANGE_ERROR_MSG DB      CR,LF,'Out of range Error message number. Got: ',0
R_SEEK_TRACK_MSG DB     CR,LF,'Continous Random Track seek test. ',0
NOT_DONE_MSG    DB      CR,LF,'Code not written yet!',0
R_SEC_RD_MSG    DB      CR,LF,'Random Sector Read test. ',0
S_SEC_RD_MSG    DB      CR,LF,'Sequential Sector Read test. ',0
R_SEC_RDWR_MSG  DB      CR,LF,'Random Sector Read/Write test. ',0
S_SEC_RDWR_MSG  DB      CR,LF,'Sequential Sector Read/Write test. ',0
DEBUG_ON_MSG    DB      CR,LF,'ZFDC Board set to Debug mode. CMDs & ACKS in Track & Sector Displays. ',0
DEBUG_OFF_MSG   DB      CR,LF,'ZFDC Board set to normal display mode. ',0
MULTI_SEC_ROK   DB      CR,LF,LF,'Sectors read via the CMD_RD_MULTI_SECTOR command were read OK.',0
MULTI_SEC_WOK   DB      CR,LF,LF,'Sectors written via the CMD_WR_MULTI_SECTOR command were written OK.',0
SECTOR_DATA_RD  DB      CR,LF,'Data read from ',0
SECTOR_DATA_WR  DB      CR,LF,'Data written to ',0
WR_BOOT_MSG     DB      CR,LF,'Will write Boot Sector to current disk on Track 0 Sector 1. '
                  DB      CR,LF,'Please enter HEX location in RAM of Boot (xxxxH): ',0
DRIVE_SIZE_MSG  DB      CR,LF,'Drive Type: 8" = A, 5" (1.2M) = B, 5" (360K) = C, 3.5" = D:- ',0
INVALID_CMD_MSG:DB      CR,LF,'Invalid Command!',0
FORMATTING1_MSG: DB      CR,LF,LF,'Will Format the current disk (',0
FORMATTING2_MSG: DB      ':) to this format:-',0
SURE_MSG DB     CR,LF,'Are you sure? (Y/N) ',0
SEL_TBL_NUM_MSG:DB      CR,LF,'Select table number from the list above (xxH):- ',0
NEW_TABLE_F_MSG:DB      CR,LF,'Will now proceed to format disk.'
                  DB      CR,LF,'New Format will be: ',0
NEW_TABLE_MSG:  DB      CR,LF,'New Disk table will be:- ',0

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FORM_ABORT_MSG: DB      CR,LF,'Aborting disk formatting! ',0
SENT_FORMAT_MSG:DB     CR,LF,'Will now send Format Track Commands to ZFDC Board. ',0
MENU_CHOICE_MSG:DB     'Menu selection (xxH) = ',0
FORMAT_DONE_MSG:DB    CR,LF,'Disk format completed successfully.',0
RD_TRACK_MSG:   DB     CR,LF,'Please enter the TRACK number you wish to read (xxH): ',0
RD1_TRACK_MSG:  DB     CR,LF,'Track Read Correctly:- ',0
HIT_SP_MSG:    DB     CR,LF,'Hit Space Bar for more data. ESC to abort.',0
END_TRACK_MSG:  DB     CR,LF,'End of track data dump.',0
RW_MISMATCH_MSG:DB    CR,LF,'Sector data Read/Write mis-match found!',0
BAD_TABLE_STATUS:DB   CR,LF,'The ZFDC Board may have an incorrect Table Number.',0
INPUT_TRACK_MSG:DB    CR,LF,'Input Track number (xxH):-',0
INPUT_SECTOR_MSG:DB   CR,LF,'Input Sector number (xxH):-',0
INPUT_SIDE_MSG:DB    CR,LF,'Input Side (A,B):-',0
NO_SEC_0_MSG:   DB     CR,LF,'Sorry, sectors are numbered 1,2,3... ',0
INVALID_SIDE_MSG:DB   CR,LF,'Invalid side.',0
DISPLAY_ON_MSG:  DB     CR,LF,'Display of Sector Data ON.',0
DISPLAY_OFF_MSG:DB    CR,LF,'Display of Sector Data OFF.',0
FORM_TRK_MSG:   DB     CR,'Formatting (Side A) Track: ',0
FORM_TRK2_MSG:  DB     CR,'Formatting (Side A & B) Track: ',0
EOL_MSG:        DB     CR,' ',0
ABORT_FORM_MSG:  DB     CR,LF,'Disk/Track formatting aborted. Note, disk may be un-readable!',0

RAM_DUMP_A_MSG  DB     CR,LF,'Sending command to ZFDC board to obtain RAM data dump!',0
DRIVE_A_PORT_MSG DB   CR,LF,'DRIVE 0: RAM variables:-',CR,LF,0
DRIVE_B_PORT_MSG DB   CR,LF,'DRIVE 1: RAM variables:-',CR,LF,0
DRIVE_C_PORT_MSG DB   CR,LF,'DRIVE 2: RAM variables:-',CR,LF,0
DRIVE_D_PORT_MSG DB   CR,LF,'DRIVE 3: RAM variables:-',CR,LF,0

HW_PORT_MSG     DB     'Hardware Data Port = ',0
NSCTRS_MSG     DB     CR,LF,'Sectors/Track (+1) = ',0
NTRKS_MSG      DB     '   Tracks/Side = ',0
HEADR_MSG      DB     CR,LF,'Header = ',0
GAP1_MSG DB     '   GAP1 = ',0
GAP2_MSG DB     '   GAP2 = ',0
GAP3_MSG DB     '   GAP3 = ',0
GAP4_MSG DB     '   GAP4 = ',0
GAP4R_MSG      DB     '   GAP4R = ',0
SEC_SIZE_FLAG_MSG DB  CR,LF,'SEC SIZE FLAG = ',0
GAP_FILL_CHAR_MSG DB  '   GAP FILL CHAR = ',0
DATA_FILL_CHAR_MSG DB  '   DATA FILL CHAR = ',0
SPECIAL_FLAG_MSG DB  CR,LF,'SPECIAL FLAG = ',0
SKEW_MSG DB     '   SEC SKEW ADDRESS = ',0
FORMAT_NUM_MSG DB    '   FORMAT NUM = ',0
SYS_TRKS_MSG   DB     CR,LF,'SYSTEM TRKS = ',0
SEC_SIZE_BYTES_MSG DB  '   SEC SIZE BYTES = ',0
TRACK_SIZE_MSG DB    '   TRACK SIZE = ',0
CPM_TRACK_MSG: DB     CR,LF,'CPM/DOS Req Track = ',0
CPM_SECTOR_MSG: DB    '   CPM/DOS Req Sector = ',0
CPM_DS_MSG:    DB     '   Double Sided Disk',0
CPM_SS_MSG:    DB     '   Single Sided Disk',0
NO_SIDES_MSG:  DB     '   No Sides Assigned',0
NEXT_DISK_MSG: DB     CR,LF,LF,'Hit Spacebar for more data, ESC to abort ',0
Z80_SP_MSG:    DB     CR,LF,'Z80 Stack Pointer = ',0
NO_FORMAT_MSG: DB     CR,LF,'No Format has been assigned to this disk so far.',0
SD_BIT_MSG:    DB     CR,LF,'Single Density',0
DD_BIT_MSG:    DB     CR,LF,'Double Density',0

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S8_BIT_MSG:      DB      ' 8" Drive ',0
S5_BIT_MSG:      DB      ' 5" Drive ',0
AS_BIT_MSG:      DB      ' Side A. ',0
BS_BIT_MSG:      DB      ' Side B. ',0
CURRENT_DR_MSG:  DB      CR,LF,'CURRENT DRIVE SELECT = ',0
NO_INITILIZE_MSG:DB     CR,LF,BELL,'Could not Initilzie the ZFDC Board',CR,LF,0
START_TRACK_MSG: DB     CR,LF,'Format starting on Track (Usually 00H or 02H):',0
DISK_FORMAT_MSG: DB     CR,LF,LF,'Will Format disk as follows:-',CR,LF,0
CURRENT_TRACK_MSG:DB    CR,'Formatting track: ',0
FORMAT_FINISHED_MSG:DB  CR,LF,'Format of disk Complete.',CR,LF,0
FORMAT_ABORTED_MSG:DB  CR,LF,BELL,'Format of disk ABORTED!',CR,LF,0
GET_ERROR_NUMBER_MSG:DB CR,LF,'Enter Error Code Number (00H-3BH):',0
RETURN_NUMBER_MSG:DB   CR,LF,LF,'Error Message String Returned:-',CR,0
UNKNOWN_MOD_MSG: DB    CR,LF,BELL,'An unknown post format modification was requested!',CR,LF,0
MSDOS14_MOD_MSG: DB    CR,LF,'Disk has been initilized correctly for a (3.5", 1.44M IBM-PC) MSDOS disk.',CR,LF,0
MSDOS12_MOD_MSG: DB    CR,LF,'Disk has been initilized correctly for a (5", 1.2M IBM-PC) MSDOS disk.',CR,LF,0
MSDOS360_MOD_MSG:DB    CR,LF,'Disk has been initilized correctly for a (5", 360K IBM-PC) MSDOS disk.',CR,LF,0
MSDOS360B_MOD_MSGDB   CR,LF,'Disk has been initilized correctly for a (5", 360K IBM-PC) MSDOS (V1.1) disk.',CR,LF,

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;      NOTE TABLE MUST BE WITHIN 0-FFH BOUNDRY
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```

ERROR_TBL      EQU      ($ & 0FF00H) + 100H
ORG            ERROR_TBL

DW            PT_NES_FLAG          ;00H,   No Errors flag for previous cmd, sent back to S-100 BIOS
DW            PT_BUSY_ERR         ;01H,   WD2793 Timeout Error Before CMD was started
DW            PT_HUNG_ERR         ;02H,   General WD2793 Timeout Error After CMD was sent
DW            PT_TABLE_ERR        ;03H,   Disk parameter table error
DW            PT_DRIVE_ERR        ;04H,   Drive not 0-3
DW            PT_TRACK_RANGE_ERR   ;05H,   Drive track not valid for this disk
DW            PT_SECTOR_RANGE_ERR  ;06H,   Drive sector not valid for this disk
DW            PT_SIDE_ERR         ;07H,   No B side on this disk
DW            PT_SIDE_ERR1        ;08H,   Invalid Side Paramater
DW            PT_SECTOR_SIZE_ERR   ;09H,   Size of sector > 1024 Bytes

DW            PT_RESTORE_HUNG      ;0AH,   WD2793 Timeout Error after RESTORE Command
DW            PT_RESTORE_ERR       ;0BH,   Restore to track 0 Error

DW            PT_STEPIN_HUNG       ;0CH,   WD2793 Timeout Error after STEP-IN Command
DW            PT_STEPIN_ERR        ;0DH,   Head Step In Error, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR
DW            PT_STEPOUT_HUNG      ;0EH,   WD2793 Timeout Error after STEP-OUT Command
DW            PT_STEPOUT_ERR       ;0FH,   Head Step Out Error, NOT READY ERROR

DW            PT_SEEK_NV_HUNG      ;10H,   WD2793 Timeout Error after SEEK-NV Command
DW            PT_SEEK_NV_ERR1      ;11H,   Seek with No Verify Error, NOT READY ERROR
DW            PT_SEEK_NV_ERR2     ;12H,   Seek with No Verify with SEEK error bit set

DW            PT_SEEK_TRK_HUNG     ;13H,   WD2793 Timeout Error after SEEK with Verify Command
DW            PT_SEEK_TRK_ERR1     ;14H,   Seek to track in [B'] with Verify error, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR bit set
DW            PT_SEEK_TRK_ERR2    ;15H,   Seek to track in [B'] with Verify error with SEEK ERROR bit set
DW            PT_SEEK_REST_HUNG    ;16H,   WD2793 Timeout Error after RESTORE within SEEK with Verify Command
DW            PT_SEEK_REST_ERR     ;17H,   Restore to track 0, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR within SEEK with Verify Command

DW            PT_ID_ERR_HUNG       ;18H,   WD2793 Timeout Error after READ TRACK ID Command
DW            PT_ID_ERR1          ;19H,   Track ID Error, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR

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DW	PT_ID_ERR2	;1AH,	Track ID Error, RNF ERROR
DW	PT_ID_ERR3	;1BH,	Track ID Error, LOST DATA ERROR
DW	PT_ID_ERR4	;1CH,	Track ID Error, CRC ERROR
DW	PT_RS_HUNG	;1DH,	WD2793 Timeout Error after Read Sector Command was sent
DW	PT_RS_ERR1	;1EH,	Sector read error, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR
DW	PT_RS_ERR2	;1FH,	Sector read error, RNF ERROR
DW	PT_RS_ERR3	;20H,	Sector read error, LOST DATA ERROR
DW	PT_RS_ERR4	;21H,	Sector read error, CRC ERROR
DW	PT_RS_SK_TRK_HUNG ;22H,	WD2793	Timeout Error after SEEK within READ SECTOR Command
DW	PT_RS_RES_HUNG	;23H,	WD2793 Timeout Error after RESTORE command within READ SECTOR Command
DW	PT_RS_RES_ERR	;24H,	Restore to track 0, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR within READ SECTOR Command
DW	PT_RS_SKTRK_ERR1 ;25H,	Seek to track error,	DRIVE NOT READY ERROR bit set within READ SECTOR Command
DW	PT_RS_SKTRK_ERR2 ;26H,	Seek to track error with SEEK ERROR bit set within READ SECTOR Command	
DW	PT_WS_HUNG	;27H,	WD2793 Timeout Error after Read Sector Command was sent
DW	PT_WS_ERR1	;28H,	Sector write error, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR
DW	PT_WS_ERR2	;29H,	Sector write error, RNF ERROR
DW	PT_WS_ERR3	;2AH,	Sector write error, LOST DATA ERROR
DW	PT_WS_ERR4	;2BH,	Sector write error, CRC ERROR
DW	PT_WS_SK_TRK_HUNG ;2CH,	WD2793	Timeout Error after SEEK within WRITE SECTOR Command
DW	PT_WS_RES_HUNG	;2DH,	WD2793 Timeout Error after RESTORE command within WRITE SECTOR Command
DW	PT_WS_RES_ERR	;2EH,	Restore to track 0, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR within WRITE SECTOR Command
DW	PT_WS_SKTRK_ERR1 ;2FH,	Seek to track error,	DRIVE NOT READY ERROR bit set within WRITE SECTOR Command
DW	PT_WS_SKTRK_ERR2 ;30H,	Seek to track error with SEEK ERROR bit set within WRITE SECTOR Command	
DW	PT_DISK_WP_ERR	;31H,	Sector write error, Disk is write protected
DW	PT_CONFIRM_FORMAT ;32H,	Confirm disk format cmd request	
DW	PT_FORMAT_HUNG	;33H,	WD2793 Timeout Error after Track Format Command was sent
DW	PT_FORMAT1_ERR	;34H,	Disk format request error
DW	PT_FORMAT2_ERR	;35H,	Track format error (Side A)
DW	PT_FORMAT3_ERR	;36H,	Track format error (Side B)
DW	PT_FORMAT4_ERR	;37H,	Restore error after formatting disk
DW	PT_RT_ERR_HUNG	;38H,	Disk Read Track hung error
DW	PT_RT_ERR	;39H	Disk Read track error
DW	PT_DRIVE_INACTIVE	;3AH	Drive is inactive
DW	PT_DRIVE_DOOR	;3BH	Drive door open
DW	PT_ABORT_FLAG	;3CH	Special error flag to signify the user aborted a command
DW	PT_CMD_RANGE_ERR ;3DH,	CMD out or range	
PT_NES_FLAG	DB	CR,LF,	'Error = 00H',CR,LF,'No Errors flag sent back to S-100 BIOS.',0
PT_BUSY_ERR	DB	CR,LF,BELL,	'Error = 01H',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error.',0
PT_HUNG_ERR	DB	CR,LF,BELL,	'Error = 02H',CR,LF,'General WD2793 Timeout Error.',0
PT_TABLE_ERR	DB	CR,LF,BELL,	'CMD=04H, Error = 03H',CR,LF,'Disk parameter table error.',0
PT_DRIVE_ERR	DB	CR,LF,BELL,	'CMD=05H, Error = 04H',CR,LF,'Drive not 0-3.',0
PT_TRACK_RANGE_ERR	DB	CR,LF,BELL,	'CMD=07H, Error = 05H',CR,LF,'Drive track not valid for this disk.',0
PT_SECTOR_RANGE_ERR	DB	CR,LF,BELL,	'CMD=06H, Error = 06H',CR,LF,'Drive sector not valid for this disk.',0
PT_SIDE_ERR	DB	CR,LF,BELL,	'CMD=08H, Error = 07H',CR,LF,'No B side on this disk.',0
PT_SIDE_ERR1	DB	CR,LF,BELL,	'CMD=08H, Error = 08H',CR,LF,'Invalid Side Parameter.',0
PT_SECTOR_SIZE_ERR	DB	CR,LF,BELL,	'CMD=09H, Error = 09H',CR,LF,'Size of sector > 1024 Bytes.',0
PT_RESTORE_HUNG	DB	CR,LF,BELL,	'CMD=0AH, Error = 0AH',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error after RESTORE Command.',0

PT_RESTORE_ERR	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0AH, Error = 0BH',CR,LF,'Restore to track 0 Error.',0
PT_STEPIN_HUNG	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0BH, Error = 0CH',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error after STEP-IN Command.',0
PT_STEPIN_ERR	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0BH Error = 0DH',CR,LF,'Head Step-In Error, DRIVE NOT READY. ',0
PT_STEPOUT_HUNG	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0CH, Error = 0EH',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error after STEP-OUT Command.',0
PT_STEPOUT_ERR	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0CH, Error = 0FH',CR,LF,'Head Step Out Error, NOT READY ERROR.',0
PT_SEEK_NV_HUNG	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0DH, Error = 10H',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error after SEEK-NV Command.',0
PT_SEEK_NV_ERR1	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0DH, Error = 11H',CR,LF,'Seek (with No Verify) Error, '
	DB	'DRIVE NOT READY ERROR.',0
PT_SEEK_NV_ERR2	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0DH, Error = 12H',CR,LF,'Seek (with No Verify), SEEK error bit set.',0
PT_SEEK_TRK_HUNG	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0EH, Error = 13H',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error after SEEK '
	DB	'with Verify Command.',0
PT_SEEK_TRK_ERR1	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0EH, Error = 14H',CR,LF,'Seek to track (with Verify) error, '
	DB	'NOT READY bit set.',0
PT_SEEK_TRK_ERR2	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0EH, Error = 15H',CR,LF,'Seek to track (with Verify) error '
	DB	'with SEEK ERROR bit set.',0
PT_SEEK_REST_HUNG	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0EH, Error = 16H',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error after RESTORE'
	DB	'within a SEEK (With Verify) Command.',0
PT_SEEK_REST_ERR	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0EH, Error = 17H',CR,LF,'Restore to track 0, DRIVE NOT '
	DB	'READY ERROR within a SEEK (With Verify) Command.',0
PT_ID_ERR_HUNG	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0FH, Error = 18H',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error after '
	DB	'READ TRACK ID Command.',0
PT_ID_ERR1	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0FH, Error = 19H',CR,LF,'Track ID Error, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR.',0
PT_ID_ERR2	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0FH, Error = 1AH',CR,LF,'Track ID Error, RNF ERROR.',0
PT_ID_ERR3	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0FH, Error = 1BH',CR,LF,'Track ID Error, LOST DATA ERROR.',0
PT_ID_ERR4	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=0FH, Error = 1CH',CR,LF,'Track ID Error, CRC ERROR.',0
PT_RS_HUNG	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=10H, Error = 1DH',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error after '
	DB	'READ SECTOR Command.',0
PT_RS_ERR1	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=10H, Error = 1EH',CR,LF,'READ SECTOR error, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR.',0
PT_RS_ERR2	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=10H, Error = 1FH',CR,LF,'READ SECTOR error, RNF ERROR.',0
PT_RS_ERR3	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=10H, Error = 20H',CR,LF,'READ SECTOR error, LOST DATA ERROR.',0
PT_RS_ERR4	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=10H, Error = 21H',CR,LF,'READ SECTOR error, CRC ERROR.',0
PT_RS_SK_TRK_HUNG	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=10H, Error = 22H',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error after SEEK ',0
	DB	'within a READ SECTOR Command.',0
PT_RS_RES_HUNG	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=10H, Error = 23H',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error after a RESTORE command '
	DB	'within a READ SECTOR Command.',0
PT_RS_RES_ERR	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=10H, Error = 24H',CR,LF,'Restore to Track 0, DRIVE NOT '
	DB	'READY ERROR within a READ SECTOR Command.',0
PT_RS_SKTRK_ERR1	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=10H, Error = 25H',CR,LF,'Seek to Track error, DRIVE NOT '
	DB	'READY ERROR bit set within a READ SECTOR Command.',0
PT_RS_SKTRK_ERR2	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=10H, Error = 26H',CR,LF,'Seek to Track error with SEEK ERROR '
	DB	'bit set within a READ SECTOR Command.',0
PT_WS_HUNG	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=11H, Error = 27H',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error '
	DB	'after WRITE SECTOR Command.',0
PT_WS_ERR1	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=11H, Error = 28H',CR,LF,'WRITE SECTOR error, DRIVE NOT READY ERROR.',0
PT_WS_ERR2	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=11H, Error = 29H',CR,LF,'WRITE SECTOR error, RNF ERROR.',0
PT_WS_ERR3	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=11H, Error = 2AH',CR,LF,'WRITE SECTOR error, LOST DATA ERROR.',0
PT_WS_ERR4	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=11H, Error = 2BH',CR,LF,'WRITE SECTOR error, CRC ERROR.',0
PT_WS_SK_TRK_HUNG	DB	CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=11H, Error = 2CH',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error after SEEK '
	DB	'within WRITE SECTOR Command.',0

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PT_WS_RES_HUNG      DB      CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=11H, Error = 2DH',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error after '
DB                  DB      'RESTOR command within a WRITE SECTOR Command.',0
PT_WS_RES_ERR       DB      CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=11H, Error = 2EH',CR,LF,'Restore to track 0, DRIVE NOT '
DB                  DB      'READY ERROR within a WRITE SECTOR Command.',0
PT_WS_SKTRK_ERR1 DB  CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=11H, Error = 2FH',CR,LF,'Seek to track error, DRIVE NOT '
DB                  DB      'READY ERROR bit set within a WRITE SECTOR Command.',0
PT_WS_SKTRK_ERR2 DB  CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=11H, Error = 30H',CR,LF,'Seek to track error with SEEK ERROR '
DB                  DB      'bit set within a WRITE SECTOR Command.',0
PT_DISK_WP_ERR      DB      CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=11H, Error = 31H',CR,LF,'WRITE SECTOR error, '
DB                  DB      'Disk is write protected.',0

PT_CONFIRM_FORMATDB CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=16H, Error = 32H',CR,LF,'Confirm disk format command request.',0
PT_FORMAT_HUNG      DB      CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=16H, Error = 33H',CR,LF,'WD2793 Timeout Error after Track '
DB                  DB      'Format Command.',0
PT_FORMAT1_ERR      DB      CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=16H, Error = 34H',CR,LF,'Disk format request error.',0
PT_FORMAT2_ERR      DB      CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=16H, Error = 35H',CR,LF,'Track format error (Side A).',0
PT_FORMAT3_ERR      DB      CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=16H, Error = 36H',CR,LF,'Track format error (Side B).',0
PT_FORMAT4_ERR      DB      CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=16H, Error = 37H',CR,LF,'Restore error after formatting disk.',0

PT_RT_ERR_HUNG      DB      CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=15H, Error = 39H,',CR,LF,'Disk Read Track error,DRIVE NOT READY.',0
PT_RT_ERR           DB      CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=15H',CR,LF,'Error = 39H,',CR,LF,'Disk Read Track (unknown) error.',0

PT_DRIVE_INACTIVE   DB      CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=3AH',CR,LF,'No detected disk in drive',0
PT_DRIVE_DOOR       DB      CR,LF,BELL, 'CMD=3BH',CR,LF,'Drive door open?',0

PT_ABORT_FLAG       DB      CR,LF,BELL, 'User aborted current command.',0
PT_CMD_RANGE_ERR DB  CR,LF,BELL, 'Error = 39H, CMD out or range.',0

TIMEOUT_ERROR_MSG:  DB      CR,LF,BELL, 'Timeout Error.',CR,LF
DB                  DB      '(ZFDC Board did not reply back in time to previous command).',0

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; LOOKUP TABLES OF DISK PARAMETER LISTS & POINTERS
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```

DPL_POINTERS:      EQU      $
DW      UNFORMATTED
DW      STDSIBM
DW      STDDDT
DW      DDT256
DW      DDT512
DW      DDT1K
DW      DDT1K2
DW      MINSDT
DW      MINDDT
DW      MINCPM
DW      DEC
DW      TOSHIBA
DW      CDOS
DW      CDOSDD
DW      EPSON
DW      MORROW
DW      ZENITH
DW      SUPER
DW      MSDOS
DW      MSDOS2
DW      TRS80

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DW      IBM144      ;IBM-PC 1.44M 3.5" disk for MSDOS Formatting (Fill character 0's)
DW      CPM144      ;IBM-PC 1.44M 3.5" disk for CPM Formatting (Fill character E5's)
DW      IBM120      ;IBM-PC 1.2M 5" disk for MSDOS Formatting (Fill character 0's)
DW      CPM120      ;IBM-PC 1.2M 5" disk for CPM Formatting (Fill character E5's)

DPL_POINTERS_END EQU      $

DPL_COUNT      EQU      (DPL_POINTERS_END - DPL_POINTERS)/2

;-----
;Note in V2.8 and later, support has been added support for IBM 1.2M/5" and 1.44M/3.5" disk formats.
;As far as the WD2793;is concerned these behave as 8" disks. It's just the disk capacity is larger.
;(Only the old 360K type SD & DD, 300RPM, 5" disks need a clock speed adjustment).
;So whenever I refer to 8" disks, I am also including these 1.2M and 1.4M disks.
;
;      LOOKUP TABLES OF DISK PARAMETERS

;      8" SINGLE DENSITY DRIVE VARIABLES (UNFORMATTED Disk)
UNFORMATTED:
DB      00011000B      ;Disk HW_BYTE (SDSS)
DB      1              ;SECTORS PER TRACK (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3)
DB      0              ;TRACKS PER SIDE
DB      0              ;HEADER GAP (SD-Systems has 100-27, IBM is 40!)
DB      0              ;GAP 1 (0's)
DB      0              ;GAP 2 (FF's)
DB      0              ;GAP 3 (FF's)
DB      0              ;GAP 4 (FF's)
DB      0              ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      0              ;128 Bytes/sec
DB      OFFH          ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H          ;Data area fill character
DB      0H            ;No special post format
DW      SKEW_UF        ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      00H          ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      0              ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW      128           ;128 Bytes/sec
DW      0H            ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      'Unformatted Disk',0

SKEW_UF:
DB      0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H
DB      0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H,0H

;      8" SINGLE DENSITY DRIVE VARIABLES (IBM 3740 Format)
STD8IBM:DB      00011000B      ;Disk HW_BYTE (SDSS)
DB      26+1           ;SECTORS PER TRACK (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3)
DB      77            ;TRACKS PER SIDE
DB      40            ;HEADER GAP (SD-Systems has 100-27, IBM is 40!)
DB      6             ;GAP 1 (0's)
DB      11            ;GAP 2 (FF's)
DB      27            ;GAP 3 (FF's)
DB      247           ;GAP 4 (FF's)
DB      1             ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      0             ;128 Bytes/sec
DB      OFFH          ;GAP Format fill character

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DB      0E5H          ;Data area fill character
DB      0H            ;No special post format
DW      SKEW_IBM ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      01H          ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2            ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW      128          ;128 Bytes/sec
DW      13F0H        ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      '8" SDSS, 26 X 128 Byte Sectors (IBM 3740 Format)',0
SKEW_IBM:
DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH
DB      10H,11H,12H,13H,14H,15H,16H,17H,18H,19H,1AH

;      8" DOUBLE DENSITY (128 BYTE SECTORS) SD Systems Format
STDDDT: DB      00001000B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDSS)
DB      50+1          ;SECTORS PER TRACK (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB      77            ;TRACKS PER SIDE
DB      80            ;HEADER GAP (SD-Systems has 100-16, IBM is 80!)
DB      8             ;GAP 1 (4E's)
DB      22            ;GAP 2 (4E's)
DB      16            ;GAP 3 (4E's)
DB      190 ;(was 199) ;GAP 4 (4E's) (X3 = 597)
DB      3             ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      0             ;128 Bytes/sec
DB      4EH          ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H          ;Data area fill character
DB      0H            ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_SDT ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      02H          ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2            ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW      128          ;128 Bytes/sec
DW      2740H        ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      '8" DDSS, 50 X 128 Byte Sectors (SD_Systems Format)',0
SKEW_SDT:
DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH
db      10H,11H,12H,13H,14H,15H,16H,17H,18H,19H,1AH,1BH,1CH,1DH,1EH,1FH
db      20H,21H,22H,23H,24H,25H,26H,27H,28H,29H,2AH,2BH,2CH,2DH,2EH,2FH
db      30H,31H,32H

;
;      8" DOUBLE DENSITY (256 BYTE SECTORS) (IBM System 34 Format)
DDT256: DB      00001100B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
DB      26+1          ;NBR SECTORS PER TRACK (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB      77            ;NBR TRACKS PER SIDE
DB      80            ;HEADER GAP (SD-Systems has 100-54, IBM is 80!)
DB      12            ;GAP 1 (00's)
DB      22            ;GAP 2 (4E's)
DB      54            ;GAP 3 (4E's)
DB      199          ;GAP 4 (4E's) (X3 = 597)
DB      3             ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      1             ;256 Bytes/sec
DB      4EH          ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H          ;Data area fill character
DB      0H            ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_256 ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      03H          ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy

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DB      2                ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW      256              ;256 Bytes/sec
DW      2780H           ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      '8" DDSS, 26 X 256 Byte Sectors (IBM System 34 Format)',0
SKEW_256:
DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH
db      10H,11H,12H,13H,14H,15H,16H,17H,18H,19H,1AH

;
;      8" DOUBLE DENSITY (512 BYTE SECTORS)
DDT512: DB      00001100B      ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
DB      15+1                ;NBR SECTORS PER TRACK (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB      77                  ;NBR TRACKS PER SIDE
DB      80                  ;HEADER GAP (SD-Systems has 100-54, IBM is 80!)
DB      12                  ;GAP 1
DB      22                  ;GAP 2
DB      84                  ;GAP 3
DB      200                 ;GAP 4 (4E's) (X3 = 597)
DB      2                   ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      2                   ;512 Bytes/sec
DB      4EH                 ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H                ;Data area fill character
DB      0H                  ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_512 ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      04H                 ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2                   ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW      512                 ;512 Bytes/sec
DW      2780H               ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      '8" DDSS, 15 X 512 Byte Sectors.',0
SKEW_512:
DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH

;
;      8" DOUBLE DENSITY (1024 BYTE SECTORS - Single Sided)
DDT1K:  DB      00001000B      ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDSS) ;
DB      8+1                ;NBR SECTORS PER TRACK (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB      77                  ;NBR TRACKS PER SIDE
DB      80                  ;INDEX HEADER GAP
DB      12                  ;NBR GAP 1
DB      22                  ;NBR GAP 2
DB      54                  ;NBR GAP 3
DB      190 ;(was 199)      ;GAP 4
DB      3                   ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      3                   ;1024 Bytes/sec
DB      4EH                 ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H                ;Data area fill character
DB      0H                  ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_1K             ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      05H                 ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      1                   ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW      1024                ;1024 Bytes/sec
DW      2700H               ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      '8" DDSS, 8 X 1024 Byte Sectors.',0
SKEW_1K:
DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H

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;
; 8" DOUBLE DENSITY (1024 BYTE SECTORS - Double Sided)
DDT1K2: DB 00001100B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS) ;
DB 8+1 ;NBR SECTORS PER TRACK (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB 77 ;NBR TRACKS PER SIDE
DB 80 ;INDEX HEADER GAP
DB 12 ;NBR GAP 1
DB 22 ;NBR GAP 2
DB 54 ;NBR GAP 3
DB 190 ;(was 199) ;GAP 4
DB 3 ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB 3 ;1024 Bytes/sec
DB 4EH ;GAP Format fill character
DB 0E5H ;Data area fill character
DB 0H ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW SKEW_1KDS ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB 06H ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB 1 ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW 1024 ;1024 Bytes/sec
DW 2700H ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB '8" DDDS, 8 X 1024 Byte Sectors.',0
SKEW_1KDS:
DB 1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H

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;
;-----5" DRIVES -----
;
; 5", 128 byte, SD SD-Systems Format
MINSDT: DB 00010000B ;Disk HW_BYTE (SDSS)
DB 18+1 ;sectors per track (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB 35 ;tracks per side
DB 20 ;index header gap
DB 6 ;GAP 1
DB 11 ;GAP 2
DB 8 ;GAP 3
DB 221 ;GAP 4 (FF's)
DB 1 ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB 0 ;128 Bytes/sec
DB 0FFH ;GAP Format fill character
DB 0E5H ;Data area fill character
DB 0H ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW SKEW_MINS D ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB 07H ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB 2 ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW 128 ;128 Bytes/sec
DW 0BFFH ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track (more than enough!)
DB '5" SDSS, 18 X 128 Byte Sectors, (SD-Systems Format).',0
SKEW_MINS D:
DB 1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH,10H,11H,12H

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;
; 5", 128 byte, DD SD-Systems Format
MINDDT: DB 00000000B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDSS)
DB 28+1 ;sectors per track (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB 35 ;tracks per side
DB 100-16 ;index header gap

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DB      8          ;GAP 1
DB     22          ;GAP 2
DB     16          ;GAP 3
DB    247          ;GAP 4
DB      1          ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      0          ;128 Bytes/sec
DB     4EH         ;GAP Format fill character
DB    0E5H         ;Data area fill character
DB      0H         ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW    SKEW_MINDD   ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB     08H         ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2          ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW    128          ;128 Bytes/sec
DW   17FFH        ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track (more than enough!)
DB    '5" DDSS, 28 X 128 Byte Sectors, (SD-Systems Format).',0
SKEW_MINDD:
DB     1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH
db     10H,11H,12H,13H,14H,15H,16H,17H,18H,19H,1AH,1BH,1CH

;
; 5", 512 byte, DDDS, 8 sector IBM PC CPM-86 format
MINCPM: DB     00000100B      ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
DB      8+1          ;sectors per track (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB      40          ;tracks per side
DB      80          ;index header gap
DB      12          ;GAP 1
DB      22          ;GAP 2
DB      80          ;GAP 3
DB     207          ;GAP 4 (4E's) (1038)
DB      5          ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      2          ;512 Bytes/sec
DB     04EH         ;GAP Format fill character
DB     0E5H         ;Data area fill character (for CPM86)
DB     CPM86_FLAG   ;Special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW    SKEW_CPM86   ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB     09H         ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2          ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW    512          ;512 Bytes/sec
DW   17FFH        ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track (more than enough!)
DB    '5" DDDS, 8 X 512 Byte Sectors (IBM PC CPM-86 format).',0
SKEW_CPM86:
DB     1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H

;
;
; 5", 512 byte, DDDS, 9 sector DEC VT180 format
DEC:    DB     00000100B      ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
DB      9+1          ;sectors per track (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB      40          ;tracks per side
DB      80          ;index header gap
DB      12          ;GAP 1
DB      22          ;GAP 2
DB      26          ;GAP 3
DB     218          ;GAP 4 (4E's) (872)
DB      4          ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      2          ;512 Bytes/sec
DB     04EH         ;GAP Format fill character

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DB      0E5H          ;Data area fill character (for CPM)
DB      0             ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_DEC ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      0AH          ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2             ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW      512          ;512 Bytes/sec
DW      17FFH        ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track (more than enough!)
DB      '5" DDDS, 9 X 512 Byte Sectors. (DEC VT180 format).',0
SKEW_DEC:
DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H
;
;
; 5", 256 byte, DDDS, 16 sector TOSHIBA T-100 format
TOSHIBA:DB 00000100B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
DB      16+1         ;sectors per track (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB      35           ;tracks per side
DB      80           ;index header gap
DB      12           ;GAP 1
DB      22           ;GAP 2
DB      50           ;GAP 3
DB      183          ;GAP 4 (4E's) (366)
DB      2            ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      1            ;256 Bytes/sec
DB      04EH        ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H        ;Data area fill character (for CPM)
DB      0            ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_TOSH   ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      0BH         ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2            ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW      256         ;512 Bytes/sec
DW      17FFH        ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track (more than enough!)
DB      '5" DDDS, 16 X 256 Byte Sectors. (TOSHIBA T-100 format).',0
SKEW_TOSH:
DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH,10H
;
;
; 5", 128 byte, CROMEMCO CDOS (SINGLE density) Format
CDOS:  DB 00010100B ;Disk HW_BYTE (SDDS)
DB      18+1         ;sectors per track (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB      40           ;tracks per side
DB      20-8         ;index header gap
DB      6            ;GAP 1
DB      11           ;GAP 2
DB      8            ;GAP 3
DB      185          ;GAP 4 (FF's)
DB      1            ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      0            ;128 Bytes/sec
DB      0FFH        ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H        ;Data area fill character
DB      0H          ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_CDOS   ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      0CH         ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2            ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW      128         ;128 Bytes/sec
DW      0BFFH       ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track (more than enough!)
DB      '5" SDDS, 18 X 128 Byte Sectors, (CROMEMCO CDOS Format).',0

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SKEW_CDOS:
    DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH,10H,11H,12H
;
; 5", 512 byte, CROMEMCO CDOS w/INTL TERM. CP/M Format
CDOSDD: DB      00000100B      ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
    DB      10+1      ;sectors per track (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
    DB      40      ;tracks per side
    DB      80      ;index header gap
    DB      12      ;GAP 1
    DB      22      ;GAP 2
    DB      30      ;GAP 3
    DB      214     ;GAP 4 (FF's)
    DB      1      ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
    DB      2      ;512 Bytes/sec
    DB      0FFH     ;GAP Format fill character
    DB      0E5H     ;Data area fill character
    DB      0H      ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
    DW      SKEW_CDOS2 ;Location of this disks sector skew table
    DB      0DH     ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
    DB      2      ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
    DW      512     ;512 Bytes/sec
    DW      17FFH   ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track (more than enough!)
    DB      '5" DDOS, 10 X 512 Byte Sectors, (CROMEMCO CDOS/CPM Format).',0
SKEW_CDOS2:
    DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH

; 5", 512 byte, EPSON QX-10 Format
EPSON:  DB      00010100B     ;Disk HW_BYTE (SDDS)
    DB      10+1     ;sectors per track (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
    DB      40      ;tracks per side
    DB      80      ;index header gap
    DB      12      ;GAP 1
    DB      22      ;GAP 2
    DB      30      ;GAP 3
    DB      214     ;GAP 4 (FF's)
    DB      1      ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
    DB      2      ;512 Bytes/sec
    DB      0FFH     ;GAP Format fill character
    DB      0E5H     ;Data area fill character
    DB      0H      ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
    DW      SKEW_EPSON ;Location of this disks sector skew table
    DB      0EH     ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
    DB      2      ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
    DW      512     ;512 Bytes/sec
    DW      0CFFH   ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track (more than enough!)
    DB      '5" SDDS, 10 X 512 Byte Sectors. (EPSON QX-10 Format).',0
SKEW_EPSON:
    DB      1H,3H,5H,7H,9H,2H,4H,6H,8H,0AH      ;<-- note skew table
;
;
; 5", 1K byte, DDOS, 5 sector MORROW MD3 format
MORROW: DB      00000100B     ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
    DB      5+1      ;sectors per track (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
    DB      40      ;tracks per side
    DB      80      ;index header gap
    DB      12      ;GAP 1

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DB      22          ;GAP 2
DB      50          ;GAP 3
DB      192         ;GAP 4 (4E's) (574)
DB      3           ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      3           ;1024 Bytes/sec
DB      04EH        ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H        ;Data area fill character (for CPM)
DB      0           ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_MORROW ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      0FH         ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2           ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW      1024        ;1024 Bytes/sec
DW      17FFH       ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track (more than enough!)
DB      '5" DDDS, 5 X 1024 Byte Sectors. (MORROW MD3 format).',0
SKEW_MORROW:
DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H
;
;
; 5", 512 byte, DDDS, 5 sector ZENITH Z-100 format
ZENITH: DB 00000100B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
DB      8+1         ;sectors per track (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB      40          ;tracks per side
DB      80          ;index header gap
DB      12          ;GAP 1
DB      22          ;GAP 2
DB      26          ;GAP 3
DB      242         ;GAP 4 (4E's) (1454)
DB      6           ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      2           ;512 Bytes/sec
DB      04EH        ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H        ;Data area fill character (for CPM)
DB      0           ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_ZENITH ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      10H         ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2           ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW      512         ;512 Bytes/sec
DW      17FFH       ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track (more than enough!)
DB      '5" DDDS, 8 X 512 Byte Sectors. (ZENITH Z-100 format).',0
SKEW_ZENITH:
DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H
;
;
; 5", 512 byte, DDDS, 10 sector SUPERBRAIN QD format
SUPER:  DB 00000100B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
DB      10+1        ;sectors per track (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB      35          ;tracks per side
DB      80          ;index header gap
DB      12          ;GAP 1
DB      22          ;GAP 2
DB      16          ;GAP 3
DB      177         ;GAP 4 (4E's) (354)
DB      2           ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      2           ;512 Bytes/sec
DB      04EH        ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H        ;Data area fill character (for CPM)
DB      0           ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req

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        DW      SKEW_SUPER      ;Location of this disks sector skew table
        DB      11H              ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
        DB      2                ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
        DW      512              ;512 Bytes/sec
        DW      17FFH           ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track (more than enough!)
        DB      '5" DDDS, 10 X 512 Byte Sectors, (SUPERBRAIN QD format).',0
SKEW_SUPER:
        DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH
;
;
; 5", IBM PC, MSDOS 1.1, 512 byte, DDDS, 8 sector format
MSDOS:  DB      00000100B      ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
        DB      8+1           ;sectors per track (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
        DB      40            ;tracks per side
        DB      80            ;index header gap
        DB      12            ;GAP 1
        DB      22            ;GAP 2
        DB      80            ;GAP 3
        DB      193           ;GAP 4 (4E's)
        DB      2             ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
        DB      2             ;512 Bytes/sec
        DB      04EH          ;GAP Format fill character
        DB      00H           ;<--- Data area fill character
        DB      04H           ;<--- Special formatting modifications of disk req (+++ NOT DONE YET)
        DW      SKEW_DOS1     ;Location of this disks sector skew table
        DB      12H           ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
        DB      2             ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
        DW      512           ;512 Bytes/sec
        DW      17FFH        ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track (more than enough!)
        DB      '5" DDDS, 8 X 512 Byte Sectors, (IBMPC MSDOS 1.1 format).',0
SKEW_DOS1:
        DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H
;
;
; 5", IBM PC, MSDOS 2.x, 512 byte, DDDS, 9 sector format
MSDOS2: DB      00000100B      ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
        DB      9+1           ;sectors per track (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
        DB      40            ;tracks per side
        DB      80            ;index header gap
        DB      12            ;GAP 1
        DB      22            ;GAP 2
        DB      80            ;GAP 3
        DB      193           ;GAP 4 (4E's)
        DB      2             ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
        DB      2             ;512 Bytes/sec
        DB      04EH          ;GAP Format fill character
        DB      00H           ;<---- Data area fill character
        DB      03H           ;<--- Special formatting modifications of disk req
        DW      SKEW_DOS2     ;Location of this disks sector skew table
        DB      13H           ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
        DB      2             ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
        DW      512           ;512 Bytes/sec
        DW      17FFH        ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track (more than enough!)
        DB      '5" DDDS, 9 X 512 Byte Sectors, (IBMPC MSDOS 2.x format).',0
SKEW_DOS2:
        DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H

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;
;
; 5", TRS-80 MOD-III, 512 byte, DDDS, 10 sector format
TRS80: DB 00000000B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDSS)
DB 10+1 ;sectors per track (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB 40 ;tracks per side
DB 80 ;index header gap
DB 12 ;GAP 1
DB 22 ;GAP 2
DB 26 ;GAP 3
DB 137 ;GAP 4 (4E's)
DB 2 ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB 2 ;512 Bytes/sec
DB 04EH ;GAP Format fill character
DB 0E5H ;Data area fill character
DB 0H ;Special formatting modifications of disk req (+++ NOT DONE YET)
DW SKEW_TRS ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB 14H ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB 2 ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW 512 ;512 Bytes/sec
DW 17FFH ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track (more than enough!)
DB '5", DDDS, 10 X 512 Byte Sectors, (TRS-80 MOD-III format).',0

SKEW_TRS:
DB 1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH

;----- SPECIAL CASES FOR 3.5" DISKS and 1.2M 5" DISKS -----
; 3.5" DOUBLE DENSITY (1.4M IBM-PC Format, this is my best guess so far)

IBM144: DB 00001100B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
DB 18+1 ;NBR SECTORS PER TRACK (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB 80 ;NBR TRACKS PER SIDE
DB 80 ;HEADER GAP (SD-Systems has 100-54, IBM is 80!)
DB 12 ;GAP 1
DB 22 ;GAP 2
DB 84 ;GAP 3
DB 200 ;GAP 4 (4E's) (X3 = 597)
DB 1 ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB 2 ;512 Bytes/sec
DB 4EH ;GAP Format fill character
DB 00H ;<--- Data area fill character
DB 01H ;<---Note special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW SKEW_144 ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB 15H ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB 2 ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW 512 ;512 Bytes/sec
DW 2E90H ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB '1.4M (For MSDOS) DDDS, 18 X 512 Byte Sectors, 80 Tracks.',0

SKEW_144:
DB 1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH
DB 10H,11H,12H

CPM144: DB 00001100B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
DB 18+1 ;NBR SECTORS PER TRACK (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB 80 ;NBR TRACKS PER SIDE

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DB      80          ;HEADER GAP (SD-Systems has 100-54, IBM is 80!)
DB      12          ;GAP 1
DB      22          ;GAP 2
DB      84          ;GAP 3
DB      200         ;GAP 4 (4E's) (X3 = 597)
DB      1           ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      2           ;512 Bytes/sec
DB      4EH        ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H       ;<--- Data area fill character
DB      0H         ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_CPM144 ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      16H        ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2           ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW      512        ;512 Bytes/sec
DW      2E90H     ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      '1.4M (For CPM) DDDS, 18 X 512 Byte Sectors, 80 Tracks.',0
SKEW_CPM144:
DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH
DB      10H,11H,12H

;      5" HIGH DENSITY (1.2M IBM-PC Format, this is my best guess so far)
IBM120: DB      00001100B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
DB      15+1       ;NBR SECTORS PER TRACK (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB      80         ;NBR TRACKS PER SIDE
DB      80         ;HEADER GAP (SD-Systems has 100-54, IBM is 80!)
DB      12         ;GAP 1
DB      22         ;GAP 2
DB      84         ;GAP 3
DB      200        ;GAP 4 (4E's) (X3 = 597)
DB      1          ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      2          ;512 Bytes/sec
DB      4EH        ;GAP Format fill character
DB      00H        ;<---Data area fill character
DB      02H        ;<--- Special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_120 ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      17H        ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2           ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW      512        ;512 Bytes/sec
DW      2780H     ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      '1.2M (For MSDOS) DDDS, 5", 18 X 512 Byte Sectors, 80 Tracks.',0
SKEW_120:
DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH

;      5" HIGH DENSITY (1.2M IBM-PC Format, this is my best guess so far)
CPM120: DB      00001100B ;Disk HW_BYTE (DDDS)
DB      15+1       ;NBR SECTORS PER TRACK (+1, because sectors are numbered 1,2,3 (not 0,1,2,3))
DB      80         ;NBR TRACKS PER SIDE
DB      80         ;HEADER GAP (SD-Systems has 100-54, IBM is 80!)
DB      12         ;GAP 1
DB      22         ;GAP 2
DB      84         ;GAP 3
DB      200        ;GAP 4 (4E's) (X3 = 597)
DB      1          ;GAPR (Flag for multiple repeats of GAP4)
DB      2          ;512 Bytes/sec

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DB      4EH          ;GAP Format fill character
DB      0E5H        ;<---Data area fill character
DB      0H          ;No special post formatting modifications of disk req
DW      SKEW_CPM120 ;Location of this disks sector skew table
DB      18H        ;Each format will have a unique number. For disk to disk copy
DB      2           ;Tracks set aside for operating system (eg CPM 2)
DW      512        ;512 Bytes/sec
DW      2780H      ;Size in bytes of 1 formatted track
DB      '1.2M (For CPM) DDDS, 5", 18 X 512 Byte Sectors, 80 Tracks.',0
SKEW_CPM120:
DB      1H,2H,3H,4H,5H,6H,7H,8H,9H,0AH,0BH,0CH,0DH,0EH,0FH

```

```

;-----
MSDOS_14BOOT_DATA DB 0EBH,3CH,90H ;Unused. Cold boot jump code.
DB 'MSDOS5.0' ;OEM name & version
DW 0200H ;bytes/sector
DB 01H ;Sectors/cluster
DW 0001H ;Reserved Sectors (for Dir, FAT etc)
DB 02H ;Number of FAT copies
DW 00E0H ;Max number of root directory entries
DW 0B040H ;Total number of sectors in logical image
DB 0F0H ;Media descriptor byte
DW 0009H ;Number of sectors in FAT
DW 0012H ;Number of sectors pet track
DW 0002H ;Number of heads
DW 0000H ;Number of hidden sectors

MSDOS_12BOOT_DATA DB 0EBH,3CH,90H ;Unused. Cold boot jump code.
DB 'MSDOS5.0' ;OEM name & version
DW 0200H ;bytes/sector
DB 01H ;Sectors/cluster
DW 0001H ;Reserved Sectors (for Dir, FAT etc)
DB 02H ;Number of FAT copies
DW 00E0H ;Max number of root directory entries
DW 0960H ;Total number of sectors in logical image
DB 0F9H ;Media descriptor byte
DW 0007H ;Number of sectors in FAT
DW 000FH ;Number of sectors pet track
DW 0002H ;Number of heads
DW 0000H ;Number of hidden sectors

MSDOS_360BOOT_DATA DB 0EBH,3CH,90H ;Unused. Cold boot jump code.
DB 'MSDOS5.0' ;OEM name & version
DW 0200H ;bytes/sector
DB 02H ;Sectors/cluster
DW 0001H ;Reserved Sectors (for Dir, FAT etc)
DB 02H ;Number of FAT copies
DW 0070H ;Max number of root directory entries
DW 02D0H ;Total number of sectors in logical image
DB 0FDH ;Media descriptor byte
DW 0002H ;Number of sectors in FAT
DW 0009H ;Number of sectors pet track
DW 0002H ;Number of heads
DW 0000H ;Number of hidden sectors

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MSDOS_360BBOOT_DATA  DB    0EBH,3CH,90H    ;Unused. Cold boot jump code. (Note I have not tested with DOS V1.1)
                      DB    'MSDOS5.0'    ;OEM name & version
                      DW    0200H        ;bytes/sector
                      DB    02H          ;Sectors/cluster
                      DW    0001H        ;Reserved Sectors (for Dir, FAT etc)
                      DB    02H          ;Number of FAT copies
                      DW    0070H        ;Max number of root directory entries
                      DW    02D0H        ;Total number of sectors in logical image
                      DB    0FFH         ;<--Media descriptor byte
                      DW    0002H        ;Number of sectors in FAT
                      DW    0008H        ;<-- Number of sectors per track
                      DW    0002H        ;Number of heads
                      DW    0000H        ;Number of hidden sectors

```

```

; THE FOLLOWING RAM LOCATIONS ARE REQ

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TRACK_ID_BUFFER: DS    6H    ;Buffer to store track ID
TABLE_NUMBER_OLD: DB    0H    ;Store of old Disk Parameter Table
ASCII_FLAG:       DB    0H    ;Flag for HEX or character display in sector dump
TABLE_NUMBER_NEW: DB    0H    ;Store of current Disk Parameter Table
LINE_COUNT       DB    12    ;For Track data dump
HALT_CHECK_FLAG  DB    0H    ;Flag to check if a keyboard halt display is required
DISPLAY_FLAG     DB    0H    ;if Z show sector data. If 0FFH turn off display
DEBUG_FLAG       DB    0H    ;to toggle ZFDC board debug mode
OLD_DRIVE        DB    0H    ;Store for old drive number in case an abort
CURRENT_FORMAT_TRACK DB  0H    ;Store for current track being formatted
DR_STORE        DB    0H    ;Store used in RAM data dump routine

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```

SP_SAVE:         DW    SP_SAVE
                 DS    100H

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STACK:          EQU $

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S_BUFF          EQU ($ & 0F000H) + 1000H ;The buffer will work out to be at ~5000H
                                                         ;Put SECTOR_BUFFER on an 1K boundry for easy data display

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```

                 ORG    S_BUFF
SECTOR_BUFFER:  DS    2100H ;Buffer to store sector data
SECTOR_BUFFER2: DS    2100H ;Buffer to store second sector data
;END

```

```

;END

```