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;
; Test Program to interact with LAVA-10 VGA Board.. John Monahan
;=====
;
;      V0.1  4/27/2012      ;Initial Program
;      V1.3  5/5/2012      ;Modified labels, param. passing so it can be spliced easily into the 8086 Monitor

LavaStatus EQU 090H      ;Status Port
LavaData   EQU 091H      ;Data port

                                ;Equates for display on SD Systems Video Board (Used In CPM Debugging mode only)
SCROLL     EQU 01H      ;Set scroll direction UP.
LF         EQU 0AH
CR         EQU 0DH
BS         EQU 08H      ;Back space
BELL       EQU 07H
SPACE     EQU 20H
QUIT      EQU 11H      ;Turns off any screen enhancements (flashing, underline etc).
NO$ENHANCEMENT EQU 17H      ;Turns off whatever is on
FAST       EQU 10H      ;High speed scroll
TAB        EQU 09H      ;TAB ACROSS (8 SPACES FOR SD-BOARD)
ESC        EQU 1BH
DEL        EQU 7FH
CLEAR     EQU 1CH      ;SD Systems Video Board, Clear to EOL. (Use 80 spaces if EOL not available
                                ;on other video cards)

;Propeller Console IO S-100 board or SD SYSTEMS VIDIO BOARD FOR CONSOLE I/O(<---These must configured for your hardware)

KEYSTAT    EQU 0H
KEYIN      EQU 01H      ;Console input port. Normally the Propeller Driven S-100 Console-IO Board
KEYOUT     EQU 01H      ;Console output port. Normally the Propeller Driven S-100 Console-IO Board

;LAVA Commands:-
COPY$MEMORY EQU 010H
WRITE$MEMORY EQU 020H
READ$MEMORY EQU 030H
DRAW$TEXT EQU 040H
READ$CSR EQU 036H
WRITE$CSR EQU 022H

L_CRT_WIDTH EQU 800      ;Pixels across per line
L_CRT_HEIGHT EQU 600      ;Pixels (16 per line)
L_BELOW_SCREEN EQU 601      ;Area of LAVA screen RAM not visible (Use as a clear buffer area, EOL etc)
L_CHARS_PER_LINE EQU 99      ;99X8 = 792
L_SCREEN_LINES EQU 37      ;37X16 = 592
L_CHAR_WIDTH EQU 8      ;Character pixel width
L_CHAR_HEIGHT EQU 16      ;Character pixel height

L_WHITE_COLOR EQU 0FFFFH
L_BLACK_COLOR EQU 00000H
L_BLUE_COLOR EQU 00F0FH

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L_GREEN_COLOR EQU 008F0H

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;-----
CPU 8086          ;No 80286/386 opcodes
[BITS 16]

SECTION .text
org 0H            ;<-- This must be 0. All addresses relative to this location
                 ;For debugging/testing this test program will reside in RAM at E000:2000H

TIMES 2000H DB 0H ;At E000:2000H in RAM for testing/debugging (Monitor "Y" command will do
                 ;this if it is first loaded to 0:2000H with CPM80 SID.
                 ;Else goto 0:2000H with "G" 8086 Monitor command.
                 ;Change the org to whatever value you like

START:           ;Start of this test program
MOV AX,CS
MOV SS,AX
MOV AX,STACK
MOV SP,AX
MOV BX,SIGN$ON  ;print a welcome message
CALL PRINT_STRING
MOV AL,00000000B ;Set to WRITE mode, no strobes etc
OUT LavaStatus,AL ;Send to lava status port (91H)
CALL L_CLEAR_BUFFER ;Clear a buffer LAVA RAM area for Clear line etc
CALL L_CLEAR_SCREEN
CALL L_HOME ;Set cursor X,Y to 0,0
MOV BX,L_GREEN_COLOR
CALL L_SET_COLOR
CALL L_SHOW_CURSOR

NEXT$CHAR:
CALL CI ;Get a character
MOV CL,AL
CMP CL,ESC
JZ ABORT ;Back to DOS if ESC

CMP CL,'@'
JNZ NOT_STR_TEST ;String Test
CALL STR_TEST
JMP NEXT$CHAR

NOT_STR_TEST: ;See menu at bottom of page for "commands"
CMP CL,'!'
JNZ NOT_L_CLEAR_EOL
CALL L_CLEAR_EOL ;Clear to End Of Line
JMP NEXT$CHAR

NOT_L_CLEAR_EOL:
CMP CL,BS ;Backspace requires special treatment
JNZ NOT_L_BACK_SPACE
CALL L_BACK_SPACE
JMP NEXT$CHAR

NOT_L_BACK_SPACE:

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    CMP    CL,DEL                ;Delete requires special treatment
    JNZ    NOT_L_DEL_SPACE
    CALL   L_DEL_SPACE
    JMP    NEXT$CHAR

NOT_L_DEL_SPACE:
    CMP    CL,CR                ;Delete requires special treatment
    JNZ    NOT_CR
    CALL   L_DO_CR
    JMP    NEXT$CHAR

NOT_CR:
    CMP    CL,LF
    JNZ    NOT_LF
    CALL   L_DO_LF
    JMP    NEXT$CHAR

NOT_LF:
    CMP    CL,'% '
    JNZ    NOT_L_CLEAR_CURRENT_LINE
    CALL   L_CLEAR_CURRENT_LINE    ;Clear current Line
    JMP    NEXT$CHAR

NOT_L_CLEAR_CURRENT_LINE:
    CMP    CL,'&'
    JNZ    NOT_L_CLEAR_SCREEN
    CALL   L_CLEAR_SCREEN          ;Clear screen. Cursor to 0,0
    JMP    NEXT$CHAR

NOT_L_CLEAR_SCREEN:
    CMP    CL,'('
    JNZ    NOT_SCROLL_UP
    CALL   L_SCROLL_UP_1          ;Scroll up screen 1 line
    JMP    NEXT$CHAR

NOT_SCROLL_UP:
    CMP    CL,'+'
    JNZ    NOT_L_HOME
    CALL   L_HOME                ;Cursor to 0,0
    JMP    NEXT$CHAR

NOT_L_HOME:
    MOV    AH,CL
    CALL   L_TTY_OUT              ;<<<< Send character in [AH] to LAVA board
    JMP    NEXT$CHAR

STR_TEST:
    MOV    BX,L_WHITE_COLOR
    CALL   L_SET_COLOR            ;May as well test this as well
    MOV    CX,2000                ;Test Rapid sending of characters
    MOV    AH,'1'                ;Start with 1,2,3...
TEST1: CALL   L_TTY_OUT
    LOOP  TEST1
    MOV    BX,L_GREEN_COLOR

```

```
CALL L_SET_COLOR
RET
```

```
ABORT: CALL CRLF
      JMP word 0F000H:0FFF0H ;Far Jump to CPU Reset
```

```
;----- BASIC CRT TERMINAL COMMANDS -----
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; Only AL register changed unless stated otherwise
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```
L_TTY_OUT: ;<< CORE FUNCTION >>Write 1 character (in [AH]) to current cursor X,Y position. Update cursor
```

```
CALL L_HIDE_CURSOR
```

```
MOV AL,DRAW$TEXT ;Send Draw Text Command
```

```
CALL L_PULSE$WR
```

```
MOV AL,1 ;Send 1 character only
```

```
CALL L_PULSE$WR
```

```
MOV AL,AH
```

```
CALL L_PULSE$WR ;Send Ascii
```

```
MOV AL,0
```

```
CALL L_PULSE$WR ;send Ascii X2 (So we have an even number of bytes sent)
```

```
CALL L_NEXT_POSITION ;Advance the cursor one position, next line if at EOL, Scroll up if at bottom of screen
```

```
CALL L_SHOW_CURSOR ;Show new cursor position
```

```
PUSH DX
```

```
CALL L_GET_CURSOR
```

```
MOV AX,DX
```

```
CALL AX_HEXOUT
```

```
CALL SKIP_SPACE
```

```
POP DX
```

```
RET
```

```
L_HOME: ;Cursor to Top left of screen
```

```
PUSH BX
```

```
CALL L_HIDE_CURSOR
```

```
XOR BX,BX
```

```
CALL L_SET_X
```

```
CALL L_SET_Y
```

```
CALL L_SHOW_CURSOR
```

```
POP BX
```

```
RET
```

```
L_SET_CURSOR: ;AH = 02h VIDEO - SET CURSOR POSITION
              ;DH = row (00h is top), DL = column (00h is left)
```

```
PUSH BX
```

```
XOR BX,BX
```

```
MOV BL,DL
```

```
SHL BX,1 ;X2
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```
SHL BX,1 ;X4
```

```
SHL BX,1 ;X8 (8 Pixels/character)
```

```

CALL  L_SET_X
XOR   BX,BX
MOV   BL,DH
SHL   BX,1           ;X2
SHL   BX,1           ;X4
SHL   BX,1           ;X8
SHL   BX,1           ;X16   (16 Pixels/character)
CALL  L_SET_Y
POP   BX
RET

```

```

;AH = 03h   VIDEO - GET CURSOR POSITION AND SIZE
;DH = row (00h is top), DL = column (00h is left)
L_GET_CURSOR:
PUSH  BX
CALL  L_GET_X
SHR   BX,1           ;/2
SHR   BX,1           ;/4
SHR   BX,1           ;/8   (8 Pixels/character)
MOV   DL,BL
CALL  L_GET_Y
SHR   BX,1           ;/2
SHR   BX,1           ;/4
SHR   BX,1           ;/8
SHR   BX,1           ;/16  (16 Pixels/character)
MOV   DH,BL
POP   BX
RET

```

```

;Show cursor at current position
L_SHOW_CURSOR:
MOV   AL,DRAW$TEXT   ;Send Draw Text Command
CALL  L_PULSE$WR
MOV   AL,1           ;Send 1 character only
CALL  L_PULSE$WR
MOV   AL,'_'
CALL  L_PULSE$WR     ;Send Ascii
MOV   AL,0
CALL  L_PULSE$WR     ;Send Ascii X2 (So we have an even number of bytes sent)
RET

```

```

;Hide cursor at current position
L_HIDE_CURSOR:
PUSH  BX
CALL  L_GET_COLOR    ;Normally white on black
PUSH  BX             ;Save For below
MOV   BX,L_BLACK_COLOR
CALL  L_SET_COLOR
MOV   AL,DRAW$TEXT   ;Send Draw Text Command
CALL  L_PULSE$WR
MOV   AL,1           ;Send 1 character only
CALL  L_PULSE$WR

```

```

MOV     AL,'_'
CALL    L_PULSE$WR           ;Send Ascii
MOV     AL,0
CALL    L_PULSE$WR           ;Send Ascii X2 (So we have an even number of bytes sent)
POP     BX                   ;Get Back original color
CALL    L_SET_COLOR
POP     BX
RET

```

```

L_DO_CR:
PUSH    BX                   ;Move cursor to start of line
CALL    L_HIDE_CURSOR
XOR     BX,BX
CALL    L_SET_X
CALL    L_SHOW_CURSOR
POP     BX
RET

```

```

L_DO_LF:
PUSH    BX                   ;Move cursor down vertically one line
CALL    L_HIDE_CURSOR
CALL    L_GET_Y
CMP     BX,(L_SCREEN_LINES * L_CHAR_HEIGHT) - L_CHAR_HEIGHT
JL     L_DO_LF1
CALL    L_SCROLL_UP_1       ;Scroll up 1 line
JMP     L_DO_LF2

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L_DO_LF1:
ADD     BX,L_CHAR_HEIGHT
CALL    L_SET_Y

```

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L_DO_LF2:
CALL    L_SHOW_CURSOR
POP     BX
RET

```

```

L_GET_COLOR:
MOV     AL,READ$CSR           ;READ Register command, Get Text Color. Data in BX
CALL    L_PULSE$WR           ;Send
MOV     AL,0
CALL    L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,0
CALL    L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,0H                ;Point to CSR_COLOR
CALL    L_PULSE$WR
CALL    L_PULSE$2RD          ;<<< Read 2 byte into [BX]
RET

```

```

L_SET_COLOR:
MOV     AL,WRITE$CSR         ;WRITE Register command, Set Text Color. Data in BX
CALL    L_PULSE$WR           ;Send

```

```

MOV     AL,0
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,0
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,0H           ;Point to CSR_COLOR
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,BH
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,BL
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
RET

```

```

L_NEXT_POSITION:           ;Advance LAVA cursor to next position (Cursor is not displayed here)

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```

PUSH   BX
CALL   L_GET_X             ;Get X position in BX
CMP    BX,(L_CHARS_PER_LINE * L_CHAR_WIDTH) - L_CHAR_WIDTH
JL     L_SAME_LINE        ;On Same line just update
CALL   L_DO_LF
CALL   L_HIDE_CURSOR
XOR    BX,BX              ;X=0 always to start of next line
CALL   L_SET_X
POP    BX
RET

```

```

L_SAME_LINE:              ;This is the normal situation

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ADD    BX,8
CALL   L_SET_X
POP    BX
RET

```

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L_CLEAR_CURRENT_LINE:    ;Clear a whole line at current cursor Y position (Any X position on that line)

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```

PUSH   BX
PUSH   CX                 ;No need to hide cursor
PUSH   SI
CALL   L_GET_X
PUSH   BX                 ;Store it for when we return below

CALL   L_GET_Y
MOV    SI,BX
CALL   L_CLEAR_LINE

POP    BX                 ;Get Back original Cursor position
CALL   L_SET_X
POP    SI
POP    CX
POP    BX
RET

```

```

L_CLEAR_SCREEN:         ;Clear the whole screen. Cursor to 0,0

```

```

PUSH   BX
PUSH   CX
PUSH   SI

```

```

MOV     SI,0
MOV     CX,L_SCREEN_LINES+1 ;Count of total lines on screen
CLEAR1: PUSH    CX
        PUSH   SI
        CALL  L_CLEAR_LINE
        POP   SI
        POP   CX
        ADD   SI,L_CHAR_HEIGHT
        LOOP  CLEAR1
        XOR   BX,BX           ;Set cursor position 0,0
        CALL  L_SET_X
        CALL  L_SET_Y
        POP   SI
        POP   CX
        POP   BX
        RET

L_CLEAR_LINE:           ;Clear line at [SI]. Note BX & DX changed
        MOV   CX,0         ;Count for lines below

L_CLEAR_LINE1:
        MOV   BX,L_BELOW_SCREEN ;SOURCE: Below bottom of screen (will display as background, see L_CLEAR_BUFFER)
        ADD   BX,CX
        MOV   DX,0         ;X position is 0
        CALL  L_MAKE_24_ADDRESS ;Generate LAVA 24 bit address DX+BX -> DX+BH

        MOV   AL,COPY$MEMORY ;Sent COPY MEMORY command
        CALL  L_PULSE$WR
        MOV   AL,BH
        CALL  L_PULSE$WR     ;Source Address 23:16
        MOV   AL,DH
        CALL  L_PULSE$WR     ;Source Address 15:8
        MOV   AL,DL
        CALL  L_PULSE$WR     ;Source Address 7:0

        MOV   AL,03H
        CALL  L_PULSE$WR     ;Next two size bytes
        MOV   AL,0FFH
        CALL  L_PULSE$WR

        MOV   AX,0
        CALL  L_PULSE$WR     ;Filler byte

        MOV   BX,SI         ;DESTINATION: Get Y position
        ADD   BX,CX
        MOV   DX,0         ;X position is 0
        CALL  L_MAKE_24_ADDRESS ;Generate LAVA 24 bit address DX+BX -> DX+BH
        MOV   AL,BH
        CALL  L_PULSE$WR     ;Send Address 23:16
        MOV   AL,DH
        CALL  L_PULSE$WR     ;Send Address 15:8
        MOV   AL,DL
        CALL  L_PULSE$WR     ;Send Address 7:0
        INC   CX

```



```

CMP     CX,L_CHAR_HEIGHT
JNZ     L_CLEAR_LINE1
RET

```

```

L_CLEAR_EOL:                                ;Clear to EOL (Any X position to end of that line)
PUSH    BX
PUSH    CX
PUSH    DX
PUSH    SI
PUSH    DI
CALL    L_HIDE_CURSOR
CALL    L_GET_X                               ;GET X POSITION OF CURSOR IN BX (Number of character positions)
PUSH    BX                                   ;Save Cursor for when done

MOV     SI,BX                               ;>>> X Position in SI <<<
MOV     DX,L_CRT_WIDTH
SUB     DX,BX                               ;>>> Length in DX <<<< of line in delete area left to EOL

CALL    L_GET_Y                               ;GET Y POSITION OF CURSOR IN BX (Number of character positions)
MOV     DI,BX                               ;>>> Y Position in DI <<<

MOV     CX,0                                ;Count for lines for below
EOL_LINE1:                                ;Will move a clear memory block into the area
PUSH    DX                                   ;Save data
MOV     BX,L_BELOW_SCREEN                   ;SOURCE: Below bottom of screen (will display as background, see L_CLEAR_BUFFER)
ADD     BX,CX
MOV     DX,SI
CALL    L_MAKE_24_ADDRESS                   ;Generate LAVA 24 bit address DX+BX -> DX+BH

MOV     AL,COPY$MEMORY                      ;Sent COPY MEMORY command
CALL    L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,BH
CALL    L_PULSE$WR                          ;Source Address 23:16
MOV     AL,DH
CALL    L_PULSE$WR                          ;Source Address 15:8
MOV     AL,DL
CALL    L_PULSE$WR                          ;Source Address 7:0

POP     DX                                   ;Get back saved length
MOV     AL,DH
CALL    L_PULSE$WR                          ;Next two size bytes
MOV     AL,DL
CALL    L_PULSE$WR
PUSH    DX                                   ;Save length again

MOV     AX,0
CALL    L_PULSE$WR                          ;Filler byte

MOV     BX,DI                               ;DESTINATION: Get Y position
ADD     BX,CX
MOV     DX,SI                               ;X position is 0
CALL    L_MAKE_24_ADDRESS                   ;Generate LAVA 24 bit address DX+BX -> DX+BH
MOV     AL,BH

```

```

CALL  L_PULSE$WR      ;Send Address 23:16
MOV   AL,DH
CALL  L_PULSE$WR      ;Send Address 15:8
MOV   AL,DL
CALL  L_PULSE$WR      ;Send Address 7:0

POP   DX              ;balance up stack
INC   CX
CMP   CX,L_CHAR_HEIGHT
JNZ   EOL_LINE1

POP   BX              ;Get Back original Cursor position
CALL  L_SET_X
CALL  L_SHOW_CURSOR
POP   DI
POP   SI
POP   DX
POP   CX
POP   BX
RET

L_SCROLL_UP:         ;IBM BIOS, Scroll up screen a number of lines
PUSH  AX              ;[AL] has number of lines to scroll up
CALL  L_SCROLL_UP_1   ;Scroll up one line
POP   AX
DEC   AL
JNZ   L_SCROLL_UP
RET

L_SCROLL_UP_1:       ;Move the whole screen up one line (quickly)
PUSH  BX
PUSH  CX
PUSH  SI
PUSH  DI
CALL  L_GET_Y
PUSH  BX              ;Store it for when we return below
CALL  L_HIDE_CURSOR

MOV   CX,(L_CHAR_HEIGHT * L_SCREEN_LINES) - L_CHAR_HEIGHT ;(Count for screen scan lines below)
MOV   SI,L_CHAR_HEIGHT ;Source, one line down
MOV   DI,0            ;Destination, top of screen

UP1:  MOV   BX,SI      ;SOURCE
MOV   DX,0           ;X position is 0
CALL  L_MAKE_24_ADDRESS ;Generate LAVA 24 bit address DX+BX -> DX+BH

MOV   AL,COPY$MEMORY ;Sent COPY MEMORY command
CALL  L_PULSE$WR
MOV   AL,BH
CALL  L_PULSE$WR      ;Source Address 23:16
MOV   AL,DH
CALL  L_PULSE$WR      ;Source Address 15:8
MOV   AL,DL

```

```

CALL  L_PULSE$WR          ;Source Address 7:0

MOV   AL,03H
CALL  L_PULSE$WR          ;Next two size bytes
MOV   AL,0FFH
CALL  L_PULSE$WR

MOV   AX,0
CALL  L_PULSE$WR          ;Filler byte

MOV   BX,DI                ;DESTINATION
MOV   DX,0                 ;X position is 0
CALL  L_MAKE_24_ADDRESS    ;Generate LAVA 24 bit address DX+BX -> DX+BH
MOV   AL,BH
CALL  L_PULSE$WR          ;Send Address 23:16
MOV   AL,DH
CALL  L_PULSE$WR          ;Send Address 15:8
MOV   AL,DL
CALL  L_PULSE$WR          ;Send Address 7:0

INC   SI                   ;Next scan line
INC   DI
LOOP  UP1

MOV   SI,(L_CHAR_HEIGHT * L_SCREEN_LINES)
CALL  L_CLEAR_CURRENT_LINE

POP   BX                   ;Get Back original Y Cursor position
CALL  L_SHOW_CURSOR
POP   DI
POP   SI
POP   CX
POP   BX
RET

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L_DEL_SPACE:                ;DEL requires special treatment because LAVA does not
    PUSH  BX                ;Overwrite characters. ie a space will not delete a character if overwritten
    PUSH  CX
    PUSH  DX
    CALL  L_HIDE_CURSOR
    CALL  L_GET_X
    JMP   L_PUT_SPACE

L_BACK_SPACE:                ;Back space requires special treatment because LAVA does not
    PUSH  BX                ;Overwrite characters. ie a space will not delete a character if overwritten
    PUSH  CX
    PUSH  DX
    CALL  L_HIDE_CURSOR
    CALL  L_GET_X
    CMP   BX,8
    JL   L_PUT_SPACE
    SUB   BX,8
    CALL  L_SET_X            ;Back space one character

```


RET

```
L_GET_Y:
MOV     AL,READ$CSR           ;READ Register command for Y Position into BX
CALL   L_PULSE$WR           ;Send
MOV     AL,0
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,0
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,0
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,02H               ;Point to CSR_FONT_Y
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
CALL   L_PULSE$2RD          ;<<< Read 2 byte into [BX]
RET
```

```
L_SET_X:
MOV     AL,WRITE$CSR         ;WRITE Register command, X Position, data in BX
CALL   L_PULSE$WR           ;Send
MOV     AL,0
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,0
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,01H               ;Point to CSR_FONT_X
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,BH
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,BL
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
RET
```

```
L_SET_Y:
MOV     AL,WRITE$CSR         ;WRITE Register command, Y Position, data in BX
CALL   L_PULSE$WR           ;Send
MOV     AL,0
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,0
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,02H               ;Point to CSR_FONT_Y
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,BH
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
MOV     AL,BL
CALL   L_PULSE$WR
RET
```

```
L_CLEAR_BUFFER:
;Clear an area of the LAVA screen RAM for use with Clear Line, EOL etc.
;We will us this for fast LAVA block moves etc.
MOV     BX,L_BELOW_SCREEN    ;Y position of RAM below bottom of visible screen
CLEARB2:MOV DX,0             ;X position is 0
CLEARB1:PUSH BX
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PUSH  DX
CALL  L_MAKE_24_ADDRESS      ;Generate LAVA 24 bit address DX+BX -> DX+BH
MOV   AL,WRITE$MEMORY       ;Sent COPY MEMORY command
CALL  L_PULSE$WR
MOV   AL,BH                  ;Address 23:16
CALL  L_PULSE$WR
MOV   AL,DH                  ;Address 15:8
CALL  L_PULSE$WR
MOV   AL,DL                  ;Address 7:0
CALL  L_PULSE$WR
MOV   AL,L_BLACK_COLOR      ;BLACK (0FH = Blue for testing)
CALL  L_PULSE$WR
MOV   AL,L_BLACK_COLOR      ;BLACK
CALL  L_PULSE$WR
POP   DX
POP   BX
INC   DX                      ;Are we at end of line
CMP   DX,L_CRT_WIDTH+10
JLE   CLEARB1
INC   BX                      ;Go to next scan line
CMP   BX,L_BELOW_SCREEN+L_CHAR_HEIGHT ;16 scan lines total
JLE   CLEARB2
RET

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;----- LAVA CORE WRITE ROUTINE -----

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                                ;Note only [AL] altered
L_PULSE$WR:                      ;>>>> WRITE ONE BYTE OF DATA TO LAVA CHIP, Data in [AL] <<<<<
    OUT  LavaData,AL              ;Send [AL] to Lava data port (91H)
    MOV  AL,00000001B            ;Output enable U10 to LAVA data bus, and set LAVA to WRITE mode
    OUT  LavaStatus,AL           ;Send to lava status port (90H)
    MOV  AL,10000001B            ;Then pulse status port strobe bit LOW (Bit 7 high, pulsed strobe low)
    OUT  LavaStatus,AL           ;Send to lava status port (90H)
L_WR$NOT$RDY:
    IN   AL,LavaStatus           ;Wait until LAVA "Done" signal clears U12A. Then we are done
    AND  AL,80H                  ;This will set strobe bit back HIGH. Note still in WRITE LAVA mode
    JZ   L_WR$NOT$RDY
    RET

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;----- LAVA CORE READ ROUTINE -----

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                                ;Note only [AL] & [BX] altered
L_PULSE$2RD:                      ;>>>> READ TWO BYTES OF DATA FROM LAVA CHIP, Data in [BX] <<<<<
    MOV  AL,00001000B            ;Set to LAVA READ MODE, Disable U10 to LAVA data bus
    OUT  LavaStatus,AL           ;Send to lava status port (91H)
    MOV  AL,10001000B            ;Then pulse strobe bit LOW
    OUT  LavaStatus,AL           ;Send to lava status port (91H)
L_RD$NOT$RDY:
    IN   AL,LavaStatus           ;Wait until JAVA "Done" signal clears U12A. Then we are done
    AND  AL,80H                  ;This will set strobe bit back HIGH. Note still in READ LAVA mode
    JZ   L_RD$NOT$RDY

    IN   AL,LavaData             ;Data [15:8] from port (90H)

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MOV     BH,AL                ;Save in BH

MOV     AL,10001000B        ;Pulse strobe bit LOW
OUT     LavaStatus,AL      ;Send to lava status port (91H)
L_RD$NOT$RDY1:
IN      AL,LavaStatus      ;Wait until JAVA "Done" signal clears U12A. Then we are done
AND     AL,80H              ;This will set strobe bit back HIGH. Note still in READ LAVA mode
JZ      L_RD$NOT$RDY1

IN      AL,LavaData        ;Now Second Byte
MOV     BL,AL              ;Data [7:0] from port (90H)
RET                                           ;Return with data in [BX]

```

;----- THIS PROGRAM SUPPORT ROUTINES -----

```

CO:
IN      AL,KEYSTAT          ;Character in CL
AND     AL,4H              ;PROPELLER CONSOLE (or SD SYSTEMS) VIDIO BOARD PORT
JZ      CO
MOV     AL,CL
OUT     KEYOUT,AL
MOV     AL,CL              ;MAKE SURE TO RETURN WITH [AL] CONTAINING CHAR
RET

```

```

CI:
CALL    CSTS                ;Return with character in AL
JZ      CI                  ;Wait until something is there
IN      AL,KEYIN
AND     AL,7FH
RET

CSTS:  IN      AL,KEYSTAT
TEST    AL,02H
JZ      NONE
XOR     AL,AL
DEC     AL
RET     ;RETURN WITH 0FFH IN [A] IF SOMETHING

NONE:  XOR     AL,AL
RET

```

```

CRLF:  PUSH    AX                ;Send CR/LF to console. No registers changed
        PUSH    BX
        PUSH    CX
        PUSH    DX
        MOV     CL,CR
        CALL    CO
        MOV     CL,LF
        CALL    CO
        POP     DX
        POP     CX
        POP     BX

```

```

    POP    AX
    RET

SKIP_SPACE:
    PUSH   AX           ;Send CR/LF to console. No registers changed
    PUSH   BX
    PUSH   CX
    PUSH   DX
    MOV    CL, ' '
    CALL   CO
    POP    DX
    POP    CX
    POP    BX
    POP    AX
    RET

PRINT_STRING:
    push   cx           ;Use CS over-ride so it will splice into 8086 BIOS easily
print1:   mov     al,[CS:bx]       ;Note this routine does NOT assume DS = CS here.
    inc    bx           ;By using the CS over-ride we will always have
    cmp    al,'$'       ;a valid pointer to messages at the end of this monitor
    jz     print2
    cmp    AL,0         ;Also terminate with 0's
    JZ     print2
    mov    cl,al
    call   CO
    jmp    print1
print2:   pop     cx
    ret

AX_HEXOUT:
    PUSH   AX
    PUSH   BX
    PUSH   CX
    PUSH   AX
    MOV    AL,AH
    CALL   AL_HEXOUT
    POP    AX
    CALL   AL_HEXOUT
    POP    CX
    POP    BX
    POP    AX
    RET

;     AL_HEXOUT           ;output the 2 hex digits in [AL]
AL_HEXOUT:
    push   cx           ;No registers altered (except AL)
    push   ax
    mov    cl,4         ;first isolate low nibble
    shr    al,cl
    call   hexdigout
    pop    ax
    call   hexdigout   ;get upper nibble
    pop    cx

```



```

ret

hexdigout:
and  al,0fh          ;convert nibble to ascii
add  al,90h
daa
adc  al,40h
daa
mov  cl,al
call CO
ret

SIGN$ON:  DB  CR,LF,'LAVA-10 8086 Test Program Menu 4/28/2012. John Monahan. (V1.25) '
DB  CR,LF,'Type characters from keyboard. Type "@" for string test.'
DB  CR,LF,'Type ! To Clear EOL.           @ For String test.'
DB  CR,LF,'Type % To Clear Line.         & To Clear Screen'
DB  CR,LF,'Type ( To scroll screen up.    + To L_HOME cursor'
DB  CR,LF,'BS, DEL, CR, LF (^J) all work key and DEL work'
DB  CR,LF,'ESC to abort.'
DB  CR,LF,LF,'$'

TestString  DB  ' >>> This is a test for rapidly sending characters 1234567890. <<<< $'

TIMES 100H  DB  0H      ;Space for stack
STACK DW 0

```